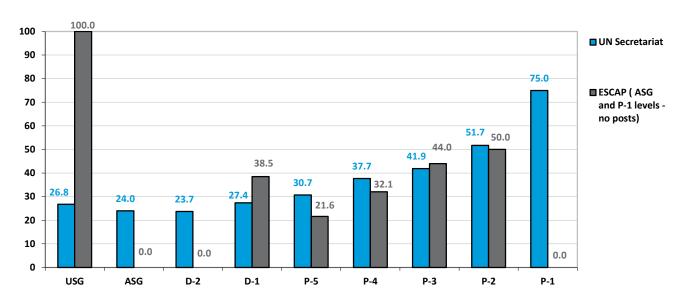


The Status of Women in the United Nations Secretariat Departments

Percentage of women in the professional and higher categories with appointments of one year or more in the United Nations Secretariat (June 2012) and ESCAP (June 2012)



Trends in the Representation of Women in the Professional and Higher Categories – 2002 to 2012

THE UNITED NATIONS SECRETARIAT						ESCAP				
During the period 2002-2012 in the UN Secretariat , the proportion of women increased by 4.0 percentage points, from 35.0% (2,005 out of 5,733) in 2002 to 39.0% (4,297 out of 11,025) in 2012.					During the period 2002-2012 in ESCAP , the proportion of women increased by 5.5 percentage points, from 31.4 % (50 out of 159) in 2002 to 36.9 % (69 out of 187) in 2012.					
Level	% of women as of 30 June 2002	% of women as of 30 June 2012	Total change 2002-2012 (percentage points)	Avg. annual change 2002-2012 (percentage points)	Level	% of women as of 30 June 2002	% of women as of 30 June 2012	Total change 2002-2012 (percentage points)	Avg. annual change 2002-2012 (percentage points)	
USG	10.5	26.8	16.3	1.6	USG	0.0	100.0	100.0	10.0	
ASG	12.5	24.0	11.5	1.2	ASG	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
D-2	22.3	23.7	1.3	0.1	D-2	100.0	0.0	-100.0	-10.0	
D-1	29.0	27.4	-1.6	-0.2	D-1	10.0	38.5	28.5	2.8	
P-5	29.5	30.7	1.2	0.1	P-5	33.3	21.6	-11.7	-1.2	
P-4	31.4	37.7	6.3	0.6	P-4	22.0	32.1	10.1	1.0	
P-3	38.1	41.9	3.8	0.4	P-3	25.0	44.0	19.0	1.9	
P-2	48.8	51.7	2.8	0.3	P-2	65.4	50.0	-15.4	-1.5	
P-1	63.2	75.0	11.8	1.2	P-1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

Source: OHRM. Prepared by the Focal Point for Women, Coordination Division, UN Women, December 2012. Website: http://www.unwomen.org/en/how-we-work/un-system-coordination/women-in-the-united-nations/

As of 30 June 2012, women in the UN Secretariat constituted:

- **39.0%** (4,297 out of 11,025) of all staff in the professional and higher categories with appointments of one year or more
- 26.2% (205 out of 781) of all staff D-1 to USG
- 39.9% (4,092 out of 10,244) of all staff P-1 to P-5
- Gender parity achieved: P-1: 75.0% (9 out of 12); P-2: 51.7% (666 out of 1,289)
- Largest increase: **USG**: 16.3% (from 10.5% in June 2002 to 26.8% in June 2012)
- Largest decrease: **P-1**: -1.6% (from 29.0% in June 2002 to 27.4% in June 2012)

As of 30 June 2012, women in ESCAP constituted:

36.9% (69 out of 187) of all staff in the professional and higher categories with appointments of one year or more

At the **P-2** level 66.7% (2 out of 3) of women separated because of appointment expirations;

At P-3, 83.3% (5 out of 6) because of appointment expirations; At P-4, 66.7% (2 out of 3)

- 40.0% (6 out of 15) of all staff D-1 to USG
- **36.6%** (63 out of 109) of all staff P-1 to P-5
- Gender parity achieved: **P-2**: 50.0% (16 out of 32); **USG**: 100.0% (1 out of 1)
- Largest increase: **USG**: 100.0% (from 0.0% in June 2002 to 100.0% in June 2012)
- Largest decrease: **P-2**: -15.4% (from 65.4% in June 2002 to 50.0% in June 2012)

Representation of Women in Appointments, Promotions and Separations (P-1 to USG): 1 January 2010 to 31 December 2011

THE UNITED NATIONS SECRETARIAT	ESCAP						
APPOINTMENTS							
 All Appointments (P-1 to USG): 41.7% (1,114 out of 2,674) D-1 to USG Appointments: 25.3% (48 out of 190) P-1 to P-5 Appointments: 42.9% (1,066 out of 2,484) Gender parity in Appointments achieved: P-1: 70.0% (14 out of 20); P-2: 50.9% (288 out of 566) Highest proportion of female Appointments: P-1: 70.0% (14 out of 20) Lowest proportion of female Appointments: ASG: 24.2% (8 out of 33) 	 All Appointments (P-1 to USG): 39.6% (21 out of 53) D-1 to USG Appointments: NONE P-1 to P-5 Appointments: 42.0% (21 out of 50) Gender parity in Appointments achieved: P-3: 75.0% (6 out of 8) Highest proportion of female Appointments: P-3: 75.0% (6 out of 8) Lowest proportion of female Appointments: D-1: 0.0% (0 out of 2); D-2: 0.0% (0 out of 1) 						
PROMOTIONS							
 All Promotions (P-2 to D-2): 41.0% (644 out of 1,572) D-1 and D-2 Promotions: 32.4% (55 out of 170) P-2 to P-5 Promotions: 42.0% (589 out of 1,402) Gender parity in Promotions achieved: P-2: 53.1% (26 out of 49) Highest proportion of female Promotions: P-2: 53.1% (26 out of 49) Lowest proportion of female Promotions: D-2: 24.1% (7 out of 29) 	 All Promotions (P-2 to D-2): 34.5% (10 out of 29) D-1 and D-2 Promotions: 0.0% (0 out of 2) P-2 to P-5 Promotions: 37.0% (10 out of 27) Gender parity in Promotions achieved: P-2: 100.0% (2 out of 2) Highest proportion of female Promotions: P-2: 100.0% (2 out of 2) Lowest proportion of female Promotions: D-1: 0.0% (0 out of 2) 						
SEPARATIONS							
 Women constituted 39.8% (1,079 out of 2,713) of Separations (P-1 to USG), which is higher than their representation in the Secretariat (38.7%) The proportion of female separations was higher than the proportion of women at these levels: P-2: 58.6% separations vs. 51.6% representation; P-3: 47.5% vs. 41.5% Major causes of separations at these levels: 	 Women constitued 31.8% (14 out of 44) of Separations (P-1 to USG), which is lower than their representation in ESCAP (37.7%) The proportion of female separations was higher than the proportion of women at these levels: P-2: 50.0% separations vs. 47.6% representation; P-3: 50.0% vs. 44.0%; P-4: 37.5% vs. 31.7% 						
At the P-2 level 61.2% (131 out of 214) of women separated because of appointment	Major causes of separations at these levels:						

because of appointment expirations.

Source: OHRM. Prepared by the Focal Point for Women, Coordination Division, UN Women, December 2012. Website: http://www.unwomen.org/en/how-we-work/un-system-coordination/women-in-the-united-nations/

expirations and 30.8% (66 out of 214) because of resignation; At P-3, 62.0% (258 out

of 416) because of appointment expirations, and 25.7% (107 out of 416) because of

resignation.