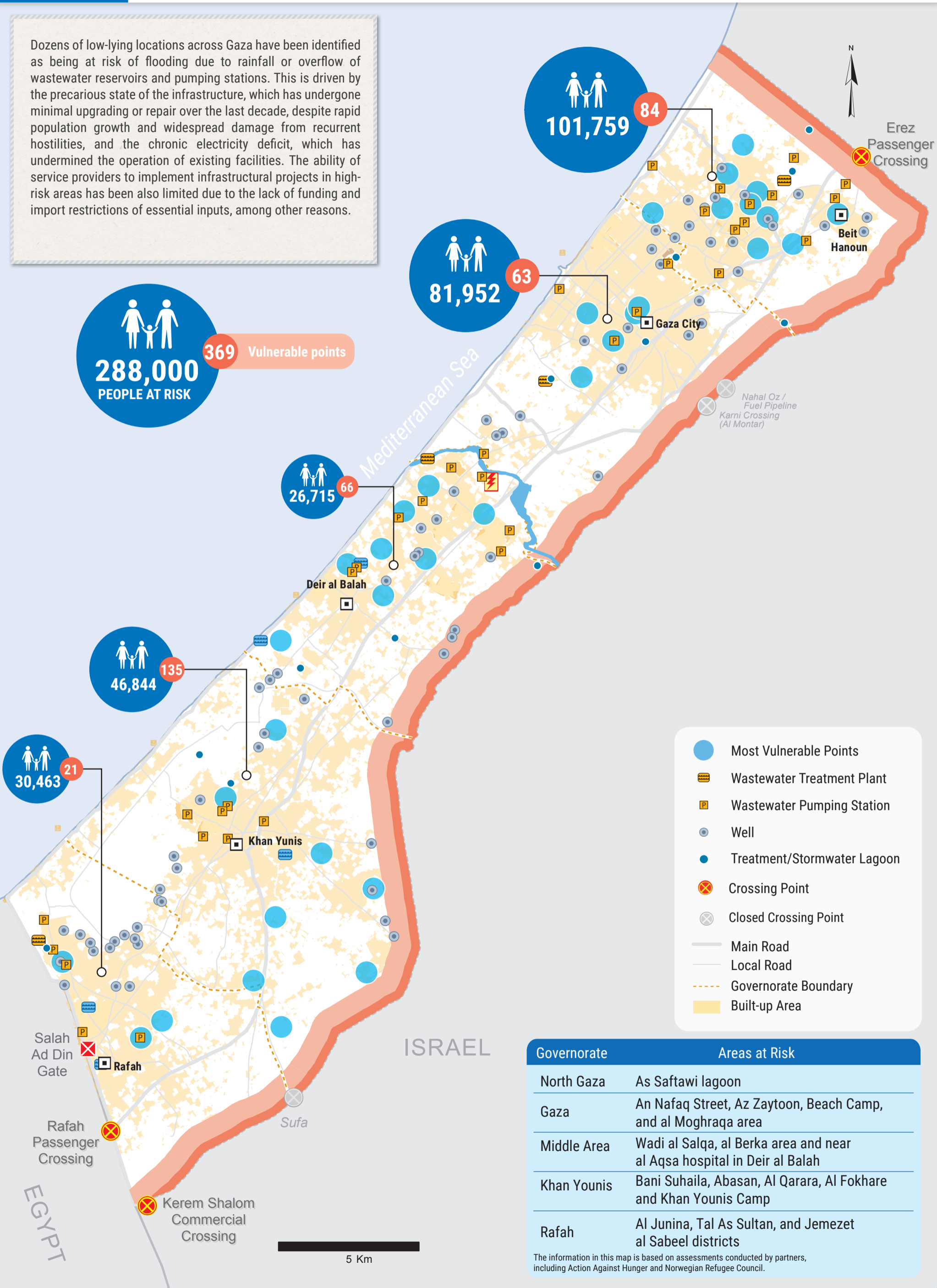


Dozens of low-lying locations across Gaza have been identified as being at risk of flooding due to rainfall or overflow of wastewater reservoirs and pumping stations. This is driven by the precarious state of the infrastructure, which has undergone minimal upgrading or repair over the last decade, despite rapid population growth and widespread damage from recurrent hostilities, and the chronic electricity deficit, which has undermined the operation of existing facilities. The ability of service providers to implement infrastructural projects in high-risk areas has been also limited due to the lack of funding and import restrictions of essential inputs, among other reasons.

288,000
PEOPLE AT RISK

369 Vulnerable points



30,463 21

46,844 135

26,715 66

81,952 63

101,759 84

- Most Vulnerable Points
- Wastewater Treatment Plant
- Wastewater Pumping Station
- Well
- Treatment/Stormwater Lagoon
- ⊗ Crossing Point
- ⊗ Closed Crossing Point
- Main Road
- Local Road
- - - Governorate Boundary
- Built-up Area

Governorate	Areas at Risk
North Gaza	As Saftawi lagoon
Gaza	An Nafaq Street, Az Zaytoon, Beach Camp, and al Moghraqa area
Middle Area	Wadi al Salqa, al Berka area and near al Aqsa hospital in Deir al Balah
Khan Yunis	Bani Suhaila, Abasan, Al Qarara, Al Fokhare and Khan Yunis Camp
Rafah	Al Junina, Tal As Sultan, and Jemezet al Sabeel districts

The information in this map is based on assessments conducted by partners, including Action Against Hunger and Norwegian Refugee Council.