



General Assembly Security Council

Distr.: General
15 January 2018

Original: English

**General Assembly
Tenth emergency special session**

Agenda item 5

**Illegal Israeli actions in Occupied East Jerusalem and the
rest of the Occupied Palestinian Territory**

**Security Council
Seventy-third year**

Identical letters dated 9 January 2018 from the Permanent Observer of the State of Palestine to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General, the President of the General Assembly and the President of the Security Council

I write to draw your attention to the ongoing critical situation in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and, more specifically, to the grave reality faced by Palestinian children as a direct result of the Israeli military occupation.

Over the past half century of occupation, Palestinian children have continued to bear the brunt of Israel's increasingly oppressive, violent and illegal policies and practices. With each passing day, their vulnerability continues to deepen as generation after generation knows only life under occupation and that of an occupying Power that continues to commit human rights violations and brutal crimes against them, their families and their land with complete and utter impunity.

One detrimental aspect of the practices and policies of the occupying Power that has left thousands of children traumatically scarred is Israel's mass arrest campaigns throughout the Occupied State of Palestine. Palestinians, as an occupied people, are protected persons under article 4 of the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War (Fourth Geneva Convention). However, Israeli occupying forces continue to systematically suppress and arbitrarily detain Palestinians by the thousands. It should also be noted that these mass arrest campaigns are part and parcel of Israel's collective punishment measures that are in direct violation of the Fourth Geneva Convention, namely, article 33, and article 50 of the Regulations respecting the Laws and Customs of War on Land (Hague Regulations), which specifically prohibits collective punishment.

Since 1967, nearly 800,000 Palestinians, including children, some as young as 12, have been kidnapped and imprisoned by the occupying Power in its near-daily military raids into towns, villages and cities. Today, there are more than 6,500 Palestinian detainees and prisoners in Israeli jails. This number includes 588 women, 450 administrative detainees, 22 journalists and 10 elected Palestinian officials. This staggering number also includes 350 children. Even more shocking is that, since 2000, more than 12,000 Palestinian children have been detained by the occupying Power. Moreover, of those Palestinian children arrested or detained, approximately 700 under the age of 18 are brought to trial every year through Israeli military courts. The most



common charge imposed against Palestinian children is throwing stones at armed Israeli occupying forces and armoured army vehicles, a crime that, under the occupying Power's military law, is punishable by up to 20 years in prison.

Moreover, data compiled by Defence for Children International Palestine since January 2015 show that 86 per cent of Palestinian children experienced some form of physical violence during their arrest or interrogation. Defence for Children International Palestine has also reported that, unlike their Israeli counterparts, Palestinian children have no right to be accompanied by a parent and, in the majority of cases, no access to legal counsel during interrogation. Moreover, ill-treatment, including reports of torture, of Palestinian children remains widespread and systematic in the Israeli military detention system. It is further reported that children arrested by Israeli forces arrive at Israeli interrogation centres blindfolded, bound and sleep deprived, according to documentation of Defence for Children International Palestine.

Children also continued to report that they were subjected to coercive and violent interrogation techniques intended to extract confessions, including confessions drafted in Hebrew, a language that most Palestinian children do not understand. Despite the recommendations made by the Committee against Torture in May 2009 that Israeli interrogations of Palestinian children should be video recorded, no provisions to that effect have yet been enacted.

It is important to recall that in the Convention on the Rights of the Child a "child" is defined as "every human being below the age of eighteen years". This internationally agreed norm is respected by Israel with regard to Israeli children who commit offences. However, Palestinian children who have allegedly committed offences against the occupation are tried as adults at the age of 16. One 16-year-old who knows all too well the illegal practices and policies of the occupying Power is Ahdar Tamimi. She is one of the 490 Palestinians, including 148 children and 11 women, who have been arrested or detained by the occupying Power since 6 December 2017.

On 19 December 2017, Israeli occupying forces violently entered and raided the home of the Al-Tamimi family in the West Bank village of Nabi Saleh. They did so in the middle of the night while the family was asleep and arrested Ahdar. The reason for her arrest was a video that had gone viral on social media of her encounter, on 15 December 2017, with a member of an armed Israeli occupying force who was positioned on her family's land. When Ahdar's mother, Nariman, attempted to ask the Israeli occupying forces about the whereabouts of her child, she too was detained. A so-called Israeli military court indicted Ahdar on five counts of assault for "attacking" two occupying forces. A final hearing has been scheduled for Ahdar on 15 January 2018.

Context is important here. The Al-Tamimi family is well known in the international arena for its peaceful activism against the Israeli occupation and its crimes against the village of Nabi Saleh. In 2009, the Al-Tamimi family and the villagers of Nabi Saleh began a weekly peaceful protest against Israel's illegal wall and confiscation of land for the purposes of building illegal settlements. Ahdar, who at that time was only 8 years old, participated with her family and community in these peaceful protests. Ahdar's father, Bassem, was born in 1967, the first year of Israel's occupation of the Occupied State of Palestine, including East Jerusalem. Like all Palestinians living under occupation, Bassem's entire life has been marked by daily violence, humiliation and oppression.

Ahdar's latest encounter with Israeli occupying forces is not her first. When she was only 10 years old, Israeli occupying forces arrested Ahdar's mother, while photographers captured her crying and running frantically after the armoured military vehicle that her mother was in. On 31 August 2015, another video went viral, as Ahdar

and her mother were photographed trying to free her 11-year-old brother from a member of an Israeli occupying force who was choking him.

In addition to the mental and emotional trauma that she and her family have endured, Ahed has also suffered physical harm at the hands of the Israeli occupying forces. On separate occasions, she was shot at with rubber bullets and sustained injuries to her foot, neck and hand during anti-occupation marches in her village. Her father has also been detained and arrested nine times. On one occasion, during an interrogation, he was beaten so badly that he suffered a concussion that left him in a coma for 10 days. In 2011, Ahed lost a cousin who had been shot in the face with a tear gas canister fired from the back of an Israeli army jeep. A year later, Ahed's uncle died after being shot by Israeli occupying forces. In addition, her mother was arrested five times and shot in the thigh in November 2014. Even Ahed's home, a place where she should feel safe and secure, has been constantly threatened by demolition orders by the occupying Power under the bogus pretext of being "built without a permit". Lastly, a week before the latest encounter with Israeli occupying forces, Ahed's cousin, Mohammed Al-Tamimi, aged 15, was shot in the face by a rubber-coated bullet. After being placed in a medically induced coma, Mohammed is now stable but has been left with a swollen, fragmented and scarred face.

Clearly, there is nothing normal about Ahed's life. The same goes for nearly all Palestinian children who witness and endure the same type of tragedies and brutality by a ruthless occupier. Ahed, like all other Palestinian children, yearns to live a life free from occupation and violence, a life in which all children should be able to grow up in an environment enveloped in peace and security and with human dignity.

We demand that Israel, the occupying Power, immediately end all its violations and abuses against Palestinian children and comply with its obligations under international law, including, inter alia, the Convention on the Rights of the Child and its Optional Protocol on the involvement of children in armed conflict. All Palestinian prisoners and detainees, especially children such as Ahed, must immediately be released from Israeli detention and prison facilities. There are international standards for the treatment of children, and Palestinian children are no exception. The occupying Power must not be appeased as it persists with its flagrant violations and crimes against the Palestinian people. Rather, Israel must be made to understand that one day it will be held accountable for all of its human rights violations against the Palestinian people and for its unlawful occupation and colonization of their land. It is high time to end the culture of impunity that has allowed Israel to commit such grave crimes against a defenceless, occupied people for far too long without consequence.

The present letter is in follow-up to our previous 622 letters regarding the ongoing crisis in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, which constitutes the territory of the State of Palestine. Those letters, dated from 29 September 2000 (A/55/432-S/2000/921) to 5 January 2018 (A/ES-10/765-S/2018/18), constitute a basic record of the crimes being committed by Israel, the occupying Power, against the Palestinian people since September 2000. For all of these war crimes, acts of State terrorism and systematic human rights violations being committed against the Palestinian people, Israel, the occupying Power, must be held accountable and the perpetrators brought to justice.

I should be grateful if you would have the present letter distributed as a document of the tenth emergency special session of the General Assembly, under agenda item 5, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) **Riyad Mansour**
Ambassador, Permanent Observer
of the State of Palestine to the United Nations