**POLICY DIALOGUE**

- **45 UN Briefings to the AU Peace and Security Council.**
- **1 UN-AU Annual Conference between the Secretary-General and the Chairperson.**
- **First UN-AU High-Level Dialogue on Human Rights led by AU Commission Chairperson and UN High Commissioner for Human Rights.**
- **2 meetings of the UN-AU Joint Task Force on Peace and Security.**
- **1 UN-AU Consultative Meeting on prevention and management of conflict (desk-to-desk).**
- **1 joint high-level field visit to Sudan and Central African Republic.**
- **New policies on Conduct and Discipline and on Prevention and Response to Sexual Exploitation and Abuse.**

**COMMITMENTS**

In addition to the framework signed in 2017 on peace and security, the AU-UN “Framework for the Implementation of Agenda 2063 and the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development” was signed in January 2018.

A Memorandum of Understanding on peace-building was signed in September 2017.

AU secured the highest level of contributions to the AU Peace Fund since its creation in 1993.

AU Peace and Security Council, with UN support, declared September of each year until 2020 “Africa Amnesty Month for the Surrender of Illegally Owned Weapons and Arms” in line with Silencing the Guns by 2020 Initiative.

**Lake Chad Basin**

UN continued to provide technical advice, through AU, for the operationalization of the Headquarters of the Multinational Joint Task Force against Boko Haram. The Lake Chad Basin Commission and AU continued to develop a regional stabilization strategy for the Lake Chad Basin, with the support of the UN system.

**Sahel**

UN and AU, co-chairs of the technical secretariat of the Ministerial Coordination Platform for the Sahel, continued efforts to address the crisis in the Sahel. The UN Mission in Mali started support to the GS Sahel Joint Force.

**Guinea-Bissau**

Mediation efforts spearheaded by ECOWAS with AU and UN support led to the appointment of a new Prime Minister to break a three-year political impasse and prepare for elections.

**Sierra-Leone**

Joint engagement by UN, AU and ECOWAS contributed to the successful resolution of the post-electoral dispute in spring 2018.

**CAR**

UN supported the AU African Initiative for Peace and Reconciliation through logistics and mediation expertise, which facilitated dialogue at national level and supported the Government at local level.

**CAR/DRC**

UN, through UNOCA, and AU continued to cooperate in the implementation of the UN regional strategy to address the threat and impact of the Lord’s Resistance Army.

**Libya**

The Libya Quartet (UN, AU, LAS and EU) worked together in support of an inclusive political process to end the transition period.

**Sudan**

UN and AU undertook a high-level joint visit to Karthoum and Darfur on the reconfiguration and drawdown of UN-AU Hybrid Operation in Darfur.

**South Sudan**

UN and AU continued to support IGAD’s High-Level Revitalization Forum. Corrective measures are being taken against violators of the Cessation of Hostilities Agreement.

**Somalia**

The Federal Government of Somalia developed, with support from the UN and international partners, the Transition Plan for a gradual transfer of security responsibilities from the AU Mission in Somalia to the Somali security forces. AMISOM reduced its military personnel by 1,000 in December 2017. A UN-AU review of AMISOM was carried out in May.

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**Comoros**

UN and AU called for an inclusive political dialogue during the national dialogue process in February, and for an inclusive and transparent constitutional referendum scheduled for 30 July.

**Madagascar**

UN undertook preventive diplomacy missions alongside those undertaken by the AU and SADC. UN appointed a Special Adviser to engage with government, opposition and civic leaders. A new Prime Minister was sworn in on 5 July and formed a new government.

**Burundi**

Joint efforts by AU and UN to support EAC-led dialogue.

**DRC**

UN and AU continued engagement with national authorities towards implementation of confidence-building measures with a view to creating an environment more conducive for the holding of credible elections on 23 December 2018. UN, AU, ICGLR and SADC continued to work together under the Peace, Security and Cooperation Framework for DRC and the region. AU and UN launched a follow-up mechanism for the repatriation of disarmed former FDLR and M23 combatants in April 2018.

*Remarks to the Security Council on enhancing African capacities in the areas of peace and security (19/07/2018)*


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