



Our Common Agenda  
Policy Brief 5

**A Global Digital  
Compact —  
an Open, Free  
and Secure  
Digital Future  
for All**

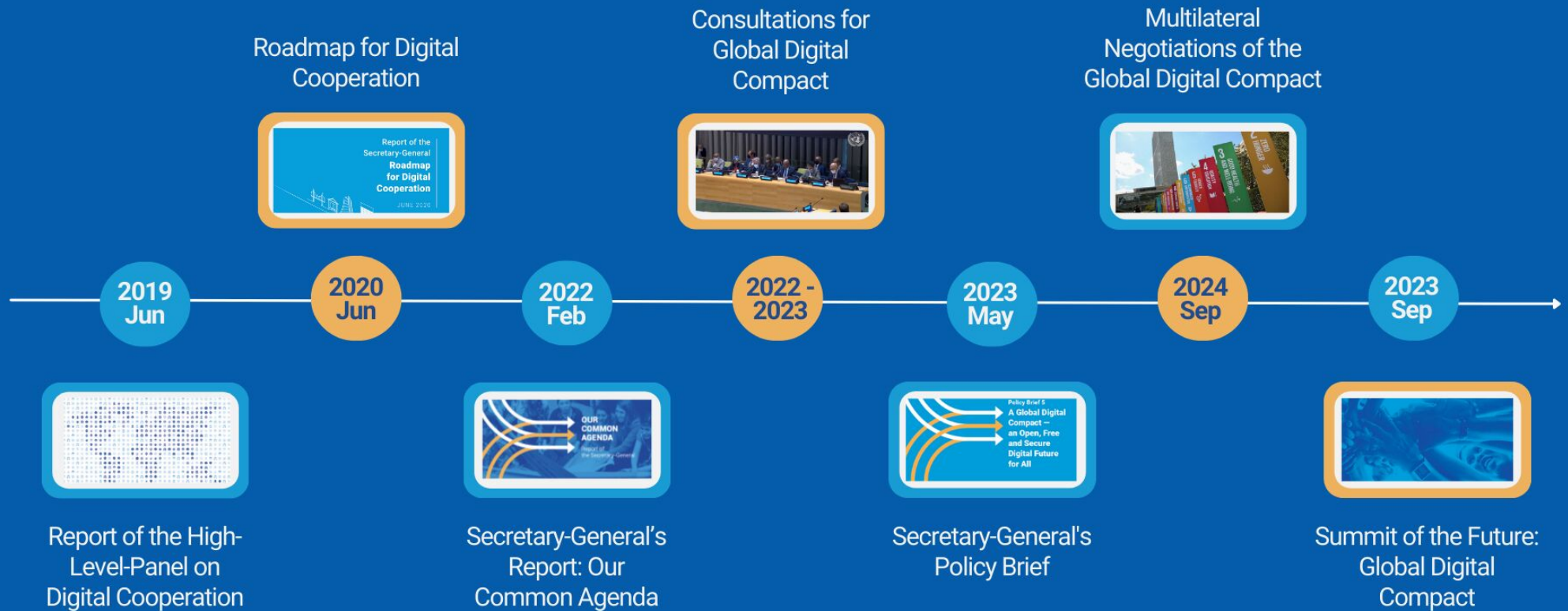
MAY 2023



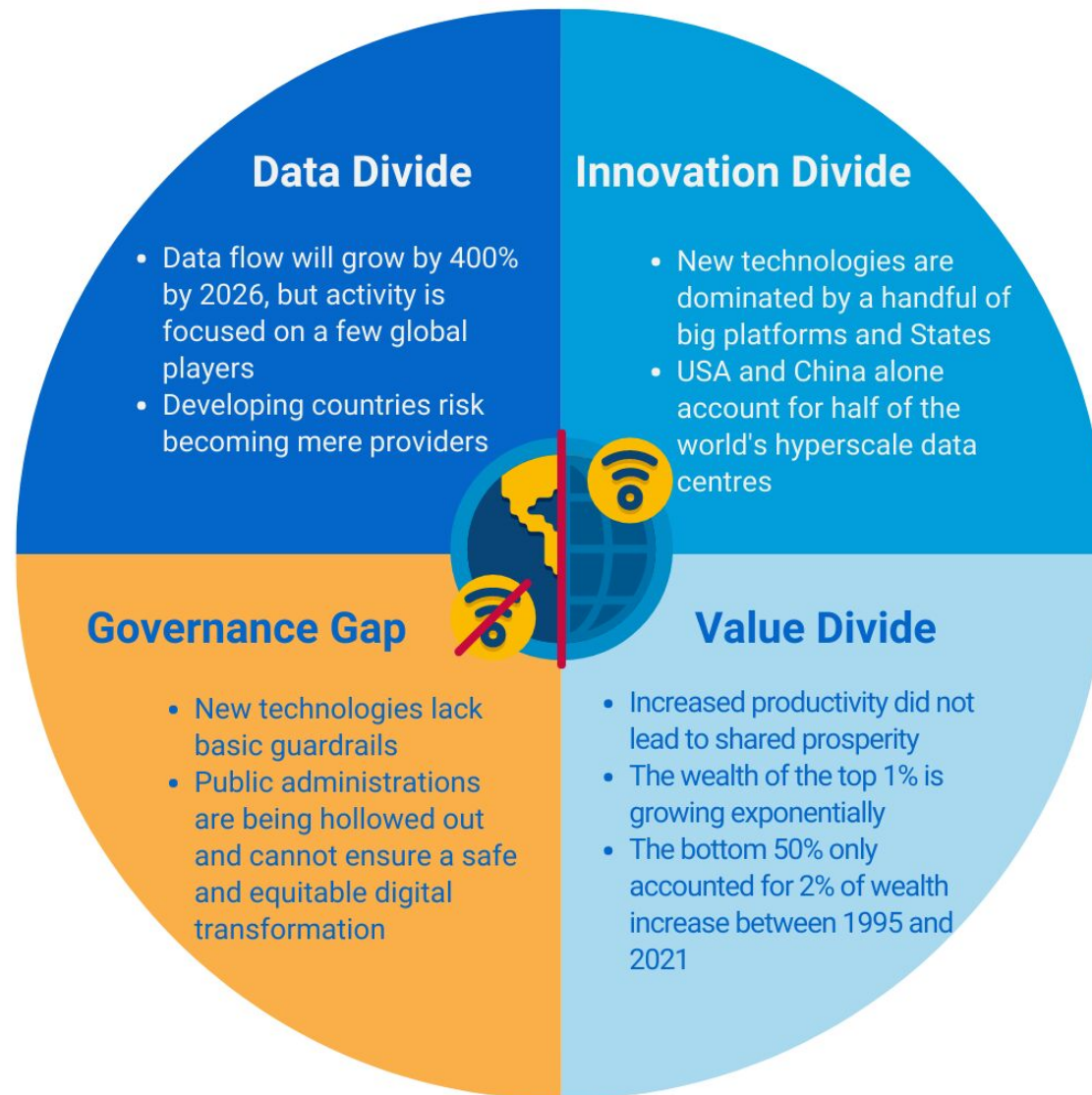
# GLOBAL DIGITAL COMPACT POLICY BRIEF

Released 25 May 2023

# Stronger Global Digital Cooperation in 7 Steps



## The Digital World



is one of Divides



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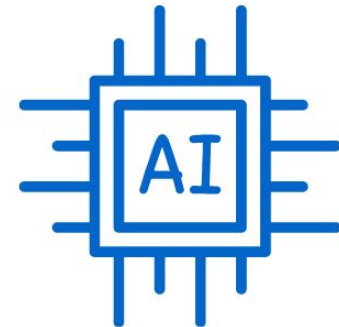
## A Global Digital Compact: Reaping Benefits and Mitigating Risks



- Close the digital divide and connect the remaining 2.7 billion unconnected people
- Strengthen the demand for digitalization through digital public goods and infrastructure
- Nurture innovation for development to unlock the potential of digital technologies
- Harness data at scale to inform policy, programmes and development outcomes



- Develop principles and Standards for Data Protection and Privacy
- Design Standards for Digital Infrastructure
- Sharpen accountability for harmful and malicious acts online
- Protect the Global Nature of the Internet



- Move beyond self-regulation towards multi-level governance frameworks
- Introduce effective and harmonized cross-border principles
- Convene stakeholders to align AI technology
- Incentivize digital investment toward solving global challenges



# The UN Secretary-General's Objectives and Actions

## Upholding Human Rights

Make sure that human rights are the foundation for an open, safe and secure digital future.

## Digital Cooperation for the SDGs

Make targeted investments in digital public infrastructure and ensuring that digital tools are a force multiplier on the Goals.

## Global Digital Commons

Ensure digital cooperation is inclusive and enables all relevant stakeholders to contribute meaningfully according to their respective mandates.

## Agile Governance of AI and other Emerging Technologies

Ensure the design and use of AI and other emerging technologies is transparent, reliable, safe and under accountable human control.

## Inclusive, Open, Secure and Shared Internet

Safeguard the free and shared nature of the Internet, and reinforce accountable multistakeholder governance.

## Digital Trust and Security

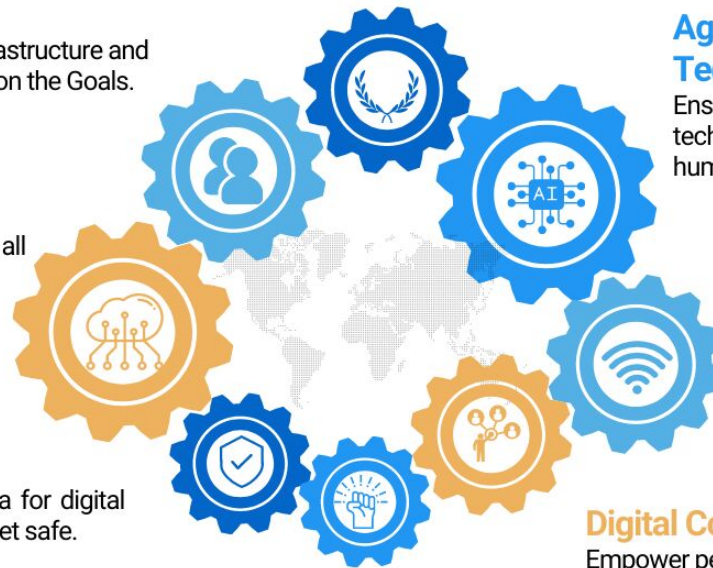
Strengthen cooperation, develop robust criteria for digital platforms and build capacity to make the internet safe.

## Digital Connectivity and Capacity Building

Empower people, through digital skills and capabilities, to participate fully in the digital economy

## Data Protection and Empowerment

Ensure data is governed for the benefit of all, by making sure people have capacity and tools to meaningfully participate online.



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## A New Paradigm: Governance Connectivity

A global approach is the only way that governance of digital technologies can help **close existing gaps** and prevent new ones from emerging.

Only by incrementally **aligning national, regional, and industry tech governance approaches** around common principles and goals we can deliver on the promise of an inclusive digital future for all.



ANNUAL  
MULTISTAKEHOLDER  
DIGITAL  
COOPERATION  
FORUM



HIGH-LEVEL  
ADVISORY BODY  
FOR AI



DIGITAL HUMAN  
RIGHTS ADVISORY  
MECHANISM

## Digital Cooperation Forum

Emerging from the GDC and convened by  
the UN Secretary-General



### Facilitate

transparent dialogue between digital multi-stakeholder frameworks and reduce duplication.



### Review

the implementation of the agreed Global Digital Compact's principles and commitments.



### Promote

cross-border learning on digital governance and highlight policy priorities for decision-making.



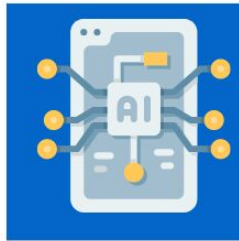
# Building a Common Framework for Artificial Intelligence

<b>Design and Use of AI</b>	Transparent, reliable, safe and under human control
<b>Core of AI Governance</b>	Transparency, fairness and accountability
<b>Combining</b>	International guidance and norms, national regulatory frameworks, technical standards, human values, and societal goals



## Establish a High-level Advisory Body for AI

- Consider emerging regional, national and industry AI governance arrangements.
- Align regulatory standards with universal human rights and rule of law frameworks.



## Develop Sector-based Guidelines

- Agree with industry associations for on guidance for the design, implementation, and audit of AI-derived tools.
- Support from relevant UN entities such as UNESCO (Recommendations on the Ethics of AI) and WHO (Ethics and Governance of AI for Health).



## Build Regulatory Capacity in the Public Sector

- Build judicial capacity.
- Ensure AI regulations and public procurements advance inclusion, safety, security and address arising risks.



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