Before Covid-19

Ocean acidification continues to threaten marine environments and ecosystem services.

A 100–150% rise in ocean acidity is projected by 2100, affecting half of all marine life.

Global marine key biodiversity areas covered by protected areas increased:

- 2000: 30.5%
- 2015: 44.8%
- 2019: 46.0%

Covid-19 Implications

The drastic reduction in human activity brought about by Covid-19 may be a chance for oceans to recuperate.

Sustainable fisheries contribute to GDP:

- Small island developing states in Oceania: 1.55%
- Least developed countries: 1.11%

97 countries signed the Agreement on Port State Measures, the first binding international agreement on illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing.