

Unlocking finance and partnerships for climate and SDG action – how can it be done?

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2023 UN Global Sustainable Development Report

Halfway to 2030, we are far off track on the SDGs

SNAPSHOT OF TRENDS IN SELECT TARGETS

GOAL	TARGET	DISTANCE FROM TARGET (2022)					DIRECTION OF SDG PROGRESS (2022)*	CHANGE IN TREND OF SDG PROGRESS BETWEEN 2020 AND 2022*
		1	2	3	4	5		
1	1.1.1 Eradicate extreme poverty	1	2	3	4	5	Limited or no progress	Backward
	1.3.1 Implement social protection systems	1	2	3	4	5	Fair progress but acceleration needed	N/A
2	2.1.2 Achieve food security	1	2	3	4	5	Deterioration	None
	2.2.1 End malnutrition (stunting)	1	2	3	4	5	Fair progress but acceleration needed	None
3	3.1.2 Increase skilled birth attendance	1	2	3	4	5	Fair progress but acceleration needed	Backward
	3.2.1 End preventable deaths under 5	1	2	3	4	5	Fair progress but acceleration needed	Backward
	3.3.3 End malaria epidemic	1	2	3	4	5	Deterioration	Backward
	3.8.1 Increase vaccine coverage	1	2	3	4	5	Deterioration	Backward
4	4.1.2 Ensure primary education completion	1	2	3	4	5	Fair progress but acceleration needed	None
5	5.3.1 Eliminate child marriage	1	2	3	4	5	Fair progress but acceleration needed	None
	5.5.1 Ensure primary education completion	1	2	3	4	5	Fair progress but acceleration needed	None
6	6.1.1 Universal safe drinking water	1	2	3	4	5	Limited or no progress	None
	6.2.1 Universal safe sanitation and hygiene	1	2	3	4	5	Fair progress but acceleration needed	None
7	7.1.1 Universal access to electricity	1	2	3	4	5	Substantial progress/on track	Forward
	7.3.1 Improve energy efficiency	1	2	3	4	5	Fair progress but acceleration needed	None
8	8.1.1 Sustainable economic growth	1	2	3	4	5	Fair progress but acceleration needed	None
	8.5.2 Achieve full employment	1	2	3	4	5	Deterioration	Backward
9	9.2.1 Sustainable and inclusive industrialization	1	2	3	4	5	Fair progress but acceleration needed	Forward
	9.5.1 Increase research and development spending	1	2	3	4	5	Limited or no progress	None
	9.0.1 Increase access to mobile networks	1	2	3	4	5	Substantial progress/on track	Forward
10	10.4.2 Reduce inequality within countries	1	2	3	4	5	Fair progress but acceleration needed	N/A
11	11.1.1 Ensure safe and affordable housing	1	2	3	4	5	Deterioration	N/A
12	12.2.2 Reduce domestic material consumption	1	2	3	4	5	Limited or no progress	N/A
	12.C.1 Remove fossil fuel subsidies	1	2	3	4	5	Limited or no progress	None
13	13.2.2 Reduce global GHG emissions	1	2	3	4	5	Deterioration	None
14	14.4.1 Ensure sustainable fishing	1	2	3	4	5	Deterioration	N/A
	14.5.1 Conserve marine key biodiversity areas	1	2	3	4	5	Limited or no progress	N/A
15	15.1.2 Conserve terrestrial ecosystems	1	2	3	4	5	Limited or no progress	None
	15.4.1 Conserve mountain ecosystems	1	2	3	4	5	Limited or no progress	N/A
	15.5.1 Prevent extinction of species	1	2	3	4	5	Deterioration	None
16	16.1.1 Reduce homicide rates	1	2	3	4	5	Limited or no progress	None
	16.3.2 Reduce unsentenced detainees	1	2	3	4	5	Limited or no progress	None
	16.A.1 Increase national human rights institutions	1	2	3	4	5	Fair progress but acceleration needed	None
17	17.2.1 Implement all development assistance commitments	1	2	3	4	5	Fair progress but acceleration needed	Forward
	17.8.1 Increase internet use	1	2	3	4	5	Substantial progress/on track	None
	17.18.1 Enhance statistical capacity	1	2	3	4	5	Limited or no progress	None

Policy and progress tracking tools

NDC-SDG Connections Tool

First NDC submissions



Updated NDC submissions



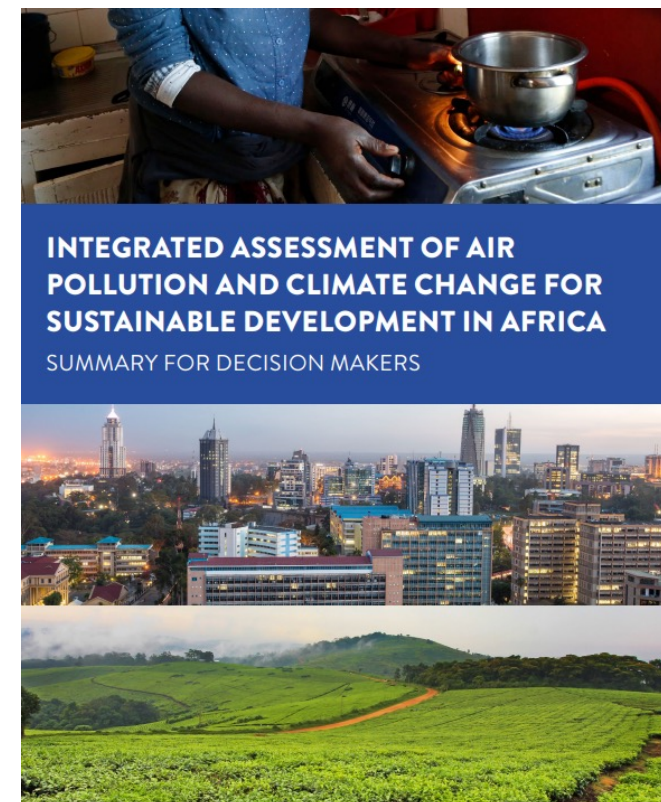
SDG impact assessment tools

Table 1 – Overview of tools assessing SDG-NDC interlinkages.

	Perspective	Methodology	Exploratory power	Accessibility	Policy coverage
<u>NDC Explorer^a</u>	Retrospective	Qualitative	Static	Open access	SDGs & NDCs
<u>NDC-SDG Connections^b</u>	Retrospective	Qualitative	Static	Open access	SDGs & NDCs
<u>NDC-SDG Linkages^c</u>	Retrospective	Qualitative	Static	Open access	SDGs & NDCs
<u>SDG Interlinkages Analysis & Visualisation Tool^d</u>	Retrospective	Quantitative	Static	Open access	SDGs
<u>SDG Synergies^e</u>	Prospective	Qualitative	Comparative	Proprietary	SDGs
<u>iSDG^f</u>	Prospective	Quantitative	Comparative	Proprietary	SDGs
<u>SCAN-tool^g</u>	Prospective	Qualitative	Comparative	Open access	SDGs & NDCs
<u>LEAP^h</u>	Prospective	Quantitative	Comparative	Open access	SDGs & NDCs

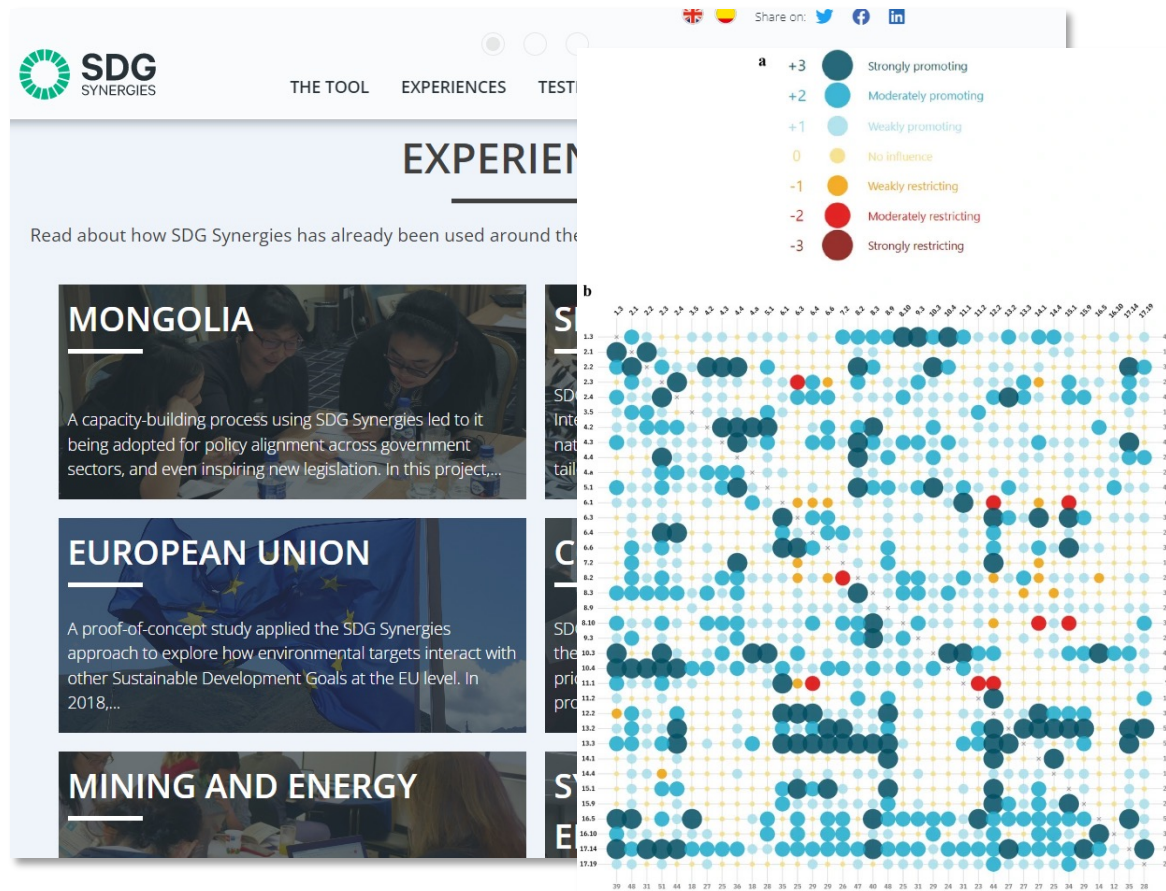
^a(German Development Institute, 2022); ^b(German Development Institute, 2017); ^c(World Resources Institute, 2016); ^d(Institute for Global Environmental Strategies, 2021); ^e(Stockholm Environment Institute, 2020); ^f(Millennium Institute, 2021); ^g(NDC Partnership, 2018); ^h(Stockholm Environment Institute, 2022)

Wagner, C.C., Veysey, J., Nolan, S.T. and Malley, C. (2022). *Overcoming barriers to integrated planning – tools and training for countries to combine climate and development aims*. SEI discussion brief. <http://doi.org/10.51414/sei2022.023>



Process and participatory tools

SDG Synergies



Industry Transition Roadmaps (LeadIT)



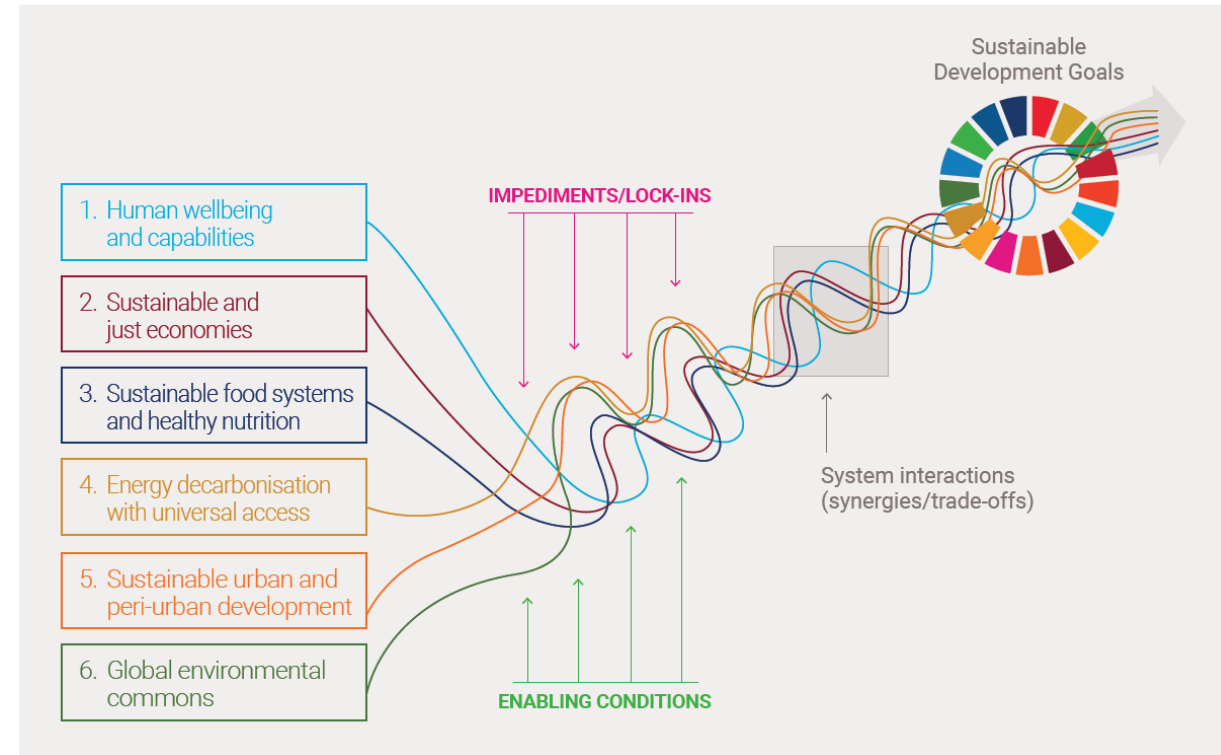
Critical questions for using tools wisely

- Purpose: synergies, or increased focus on trade-offs and goal conflicts?
- Distributional impacts?
- Time perspective?
- Ad hoc or institutionalized use of tools?

Calls to Action

- **Establish an SDG Transformation framework**
 - National plans, leveraging local government, business and civil society plans
 - Commit domestic, ODA and private finance and integrate SDGs in budgeting
 - Use science-based tools to harness synergies, invest in data and policy learning
- **Build capacities for transformation:** training, foresight, public engagement, negotiation skills
- **Drive transformation through its phases and manage interlinkages:** key solutions for six entry points, sequence interventions, assess interlinkages and spill-overs
- **Improve critical, underlying conditions for SDG implementation:** prevent conflict, ensure fiscal space, focus on marginalized groups
- **Work with science:** invest in evaluation research, global South R&D, knowledge sharing

TRANSFORMATIONS ARE INTERLINKED ACROSS SYSTEMS – COHERENT ACTIONS CAN GENERATE SYNERGIES/MANAGE TRADE-OFFS



Financing climate and development projects – bottlenecks and conditions

Public climate finance: Include SDG benefits as core criteria for funding proposals and simplify proposal process

Private project finance: build pipeline of viable projects, with adequate risk-adjusted returns and risk mitigation

Figure 2: The Salima Project

