**ADDITIONAL ITEMS AND LUXURY GOODS¹**

**A) Items**

1. “Graphite designed or specified for use in Electrical Discharge Machining (EDM) machines”

2. “Para-aramid fiber (Kevlar and other Kevlar-like), filament and tape”

3. Perfluorinated Lubricants  
   They can be used for lubricating vacuum pump and compressor bearings. They have a low vapor pressure, are resistant to uranium hexafluoride (UF6), the gaseous uranium compound used in the gas centrifuge process, and are used for pumping fluorine.

4. UF6 Corrosion Resistant Bellow-sealed Valves  
   They can be used in uranium enrichment facilities (such as gas centrifuge and gaseous diffusion plants), in facilities that produce uranium hexafluoride (UF6), the gaseous uranium compound used in the gas centrifuge process, in fuel fabrication facilities and in facilities handling tritium.

5. Special corrosion resistant steels - limited to steels resistant to Inhibited Red Fuming Nitric Acid (IRFNA) or nitric acid, such as nitrogen stabilized duplex stainless steel (N-DSS).

6. Ultra high-temperature ceramic composite materials in solid form (i.e. blocks, cylinders, tubes or ingots) in any of the following form factors:  
   a. Cylinders having a diameter of 120 mm or greater and a length of 50 mm or greater;  
   b. Tubes having an inner diameter of 65 mm or greater and a wall thickness of 25 mm or greater and a length of 50 mm or greater; or  
   c. Blocks having a size of 120 mm x 120 mm x 50 mm or greater.

7. Pyrotechnically Actuated Valves.


9. Sodium Perchlorate.

10. Vacuum pumps with a manufacturer’s specified maximum flow-rate greater than 1 m³/h (under standard temperature and pressure conditions), casings (pump bodies), preformed casing-liners, impellers, rotors, and jet pump nozzles designed for such pumps, in which all surfaces that come into direct contact with the chemicals being processed are made from controlled materials.²

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¹ Committee decision of 16 July 2009 (S/2009/364) and resolutions 2094 (2013), 2270 (2016) and 2321 (2016).

² “Controlled materials” are as defined by S/2006/853 (see “Pumps”, pages 7 to 8) and include: “(a) nickel or alloys with more than 40% nickel by weight; (b) alloys with more than 25% nickel and 20% chromium by weight; (c) fluoropolymers; (d) glass or glass-lined (including vitrified or enamelled coating); (e) graphite; (f) tantalum or tantalum alloys; (g) titanium or titanium alloys; (h) zirconium or zirconium alloys;(i) ceramics; or (j) ferrosilicon.”
B) Luxury Goods

1. Jewelry:
   a) jewelry with pearls
   b) gems
   c) precious and semi-precious stones (including diamonds, sapphires, rubies, and emeralds)
   d) jewelry of precious metal or of metal clad with precious metal

2. Transportation items, as follows:
   a) Yachts
   b) Luxury automobiles (and motor vehicles): automobiles and other motor vehicles to transport people (other than public transport), including station wagons
   c) Racing cars

C) Luxury Goods

   (a) Luxury watches: wrist, pocket, and other with a case of precious metal or of metal clad with precious metal
   (b) Transportation items, as follows:
       (1) aquatic recreational vehicles (such as personal watercraft)
       (2) snowmobiles (valued greater than $2,000)
   (c) Items of lead crystal
   (d) Recreational sports equipment

D) Luxury Goods

   (1) Rugs and tapestries (valued greater than $500)
   (2) Tableware of porcelain or bone china (valued greater than $100)

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3 Pursuant to paragraph 23 of resolution 2094 (2013), the term "luxury goods" in paragraph 8(a)(iii) of resolution 1718 (2006) includes, but is not limited to, the items listed above.
4 Pursuant to paragraph 39 of resolution 2270 (2016), the term "luxury goods" in paragraph 8(a)(iii) of resolution 1718 (2006) includes, but is not limited to, the items listed above.
5 Pursuant to paragraph 5 of resolution 2321 (2016), the term "luxury goods" in paragraph 8(a)(iii) of resolution 1718 (2006) includes, but is not limited to, the items listed above.