TENTATIVE FORECAST OF THE PROGRAMME OF WORK OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL FOR THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY 2019

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This tentative forecast of the programme of work of the Security Council has been prepared by the Secretariat for the President of the Council. The forecast covers in particular those matters that may be taken up during the month pursuant to earlier decisions of the Council. The fact that a matter is or is not included in the forecast carries no implication that it will or will not be taken up during the month: the actual programme of work will be determined by developments and the views of members of the Council.
AFRICA

Burundi: SG reports on the situation in Burundi
S/PRST/2017/13 of 2 August 2017
Antepenultimate para: The Security Council recalls its request [in para. 19 of resolution 2303 (2016) of 29 July 2016] to the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council on the situation in Burundi every three months, to be reviewed after one year, including on any public incidents of incitements to hatred and violence, and changes to the situation on the ground, and further requests the Secretary-General to provide written reports immediately to the Security Council, as necessary, on grave security incidents, violations of international humanitarian law and violations or abuses of human rights, as applicable, of which the United Nations in Burundi has knowledge, whoever perpetrates them.

The Secretary-General is expected to report in February 2019.

CAR: SG reports on the situation in CAR and MINUSCA
Resolution 2448 (2018) of 13 December 2018
Para. 71: Requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council regularly informed of the situation in the CAR and the implementation of the mandate of MINUSCA, to report to the Council, on 15 February 2019, and then every four months from that date, and to include in his reports to the Council updates on and recommendations related to the dynamic implementation of MINUSCA’s mandated tasks, including by providing appropriate financial information, information on the security situation, the priority political elements as defined above on political progress, progress on mechanisms and capacity to advance governance and fiscal management, relevant information on the progress, promotion and protection of human rights and international humanitarian law, a review of the troop and police levels, force and police generation and deployment of all MINUSCA’s constituent elements, information on the progress in the implementation of the measures taken to improve MINUSCA’s performance, including measures to ensure force effectiveness as outlined in paragraphs 42 and 44 to 51;

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued on 15 February 2019.

CAR: France to report to SC on implementation of mandate to support MINUSCA
Resolution 2448 (2018) of 13 December 2018
Para. 69: Authorises French armed forces, within the provisions of their existing bilateral agreement with the CAR and the limits of their capacities and areas of deployment, at the request of the Secretary-General, to use all the means to provide operational support to elements of MINUSCA when under serious threat, from the date of adoption of this resolution, and requests France to ensure reporting to the Council on the implementation of this mandate and to coordinate its reporting with that of the Secretary-General referred to in paragraph 71 of this resolution;
Guinea-Bissau: UNIOGBIS mandate
Resolution 2404 (2018) of 28 February 2018
Para. 1: Decides to extend the mandate of UNIOGBIS for a period of 12 months beginning on 1 March 2018 until 28 February 2019;

The mandate will expire on 28 February 2019.

Guinea-Bissau: SG regular reports on the implementation of resolution 2404 (2018)
Resolution 2404 (2018) of 28 February 2018
Para. 28: Requests the Secretary-General to provide an oral update within 3 months on the political and security situation in Guinea Bissau and its preparation for elections, and submit to the Security Council regular reports every six months on the implementation of this resolution, and within 9 months submit the Secretary-General’s assessment of the Mission including options for a possible reconfiguration of the United Nations presence in the country and reprioritization of tasks, and to submit a report within six months, with a briefing to the Committee established pursuant to its resolution 2048 (2012), on the progress made with regards to the stabilization of the country and restoration of constitutional order and recommendations on the continuation of the sanctions regime in the post-election environment, in line with paragraph 12 of resolution 2048 (2012);

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in February 2019.

Mali: Sanctions: Panel of experts midterm and final reports
Resolution 2432 (2018) of 30 August 2018
Para. 4: Requests the Panel of experts to provide to the Council, after discussion with the Committee, a midterm report no later than 28 February 2019, a final report no later than 15 August 2019, and periodic updates in between, as appropriate;

The PoE midterm report is expected to be presented no later than 28 February 2019.

Somalia: Sanctions: SG to keep SC informed of developments towards the normalisation of relations between Eritrea and Djibouti and report to the Council
Resolution 2444 (2018) of 14 November 2018
Para. 57: Requests the Secretary General to keep the Security Council informed of developments towards the normalisation of relations between Eritrea and Djibouti and to report to the Security Council no later than 15 February 2019 and every six months thereafter, and expresses its intention to keep this request under review in light of developments;

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued no later than 15 February 2019.

Somalia: Sanctions: 751 Committee (Somalia) briefings to SC
Para. 11: Decides further to expand the mandate of the Committee as set out in resolution 751(1992) to include the following tasks:
(g) to report at least every 120 days to the Security Council on its work and on the implementation of this resolution, with its observations and recommendations, in particular on ways to strengthen the effectiveness of the measures imposed by paragraphs 1, 3 and 7 above.
Resolution 2444 (2018) of 14 November 2018
Para. 55: Requests the Committee, in accordance with its mandate and in consultation with the Panel of Experts and other relevant United Nations entities, to consider the recommendations contained in the reports of the Panel of Experts and recommend to the Security Council ways to improve the implementation of and compliance with the Somalia arms embargo, the measures regarding the import and export of charcoal from Somalia, as well as implementation of the measures imposed by paragraphs 1, 3 and 7 of resolutions 1844 (2008) in response to continuing violations;

The Committee Chair is expected to brief the Council in February 2019.

South Sudan: SG report on implementation of the UNMISS mandate and obstructions
Resolution 2406 (2018) of 15 March 2018
Para. 33: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council on implementation of the UNMISS mandate and the obstructions UNMISS encounters in doing so in a same comprehensive written report to be submitted within 90 days of the date of adoption of this resolution, every 90 days thereafter, and underscores that such reporting should include: (…)

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in February 2019.

Sudan: SG reports on UNAMID
Resolution 2429 (2018) of 13 July 2018
Para.56: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council every 90 days following adoption of this resolution on UNAMID (…)

The report of the Secretary-General dated 14 January 2019 (S/2019/44) is before the Security Council.

Sudan: Sanctions: SC review of Panel of Experts mandate
Resolution 2400 (2018) of 8 February 2018
Para. 2: Decides to extend until 12 March 2019 the mandate of the Panel of Experts originally appointed pursuant to resolution 1591 (2005) and previously extended by resolutions 1779 (2007), 1841 (2008), 1945 (2010), 2035 (2012), 2138 (2014), 2200 (2015), 2265 (2016) and 2340 (2017), reaffirms the mandate of the Panel of Experts’ as established in resolutions 1591 (2005), 1779 (2007), 1841 (2008), 1945 (2010), 2035 (2012), 2138 (2014), 2200 (2015), 2265 (2016) and 2340 (2017), and requests the Panel of Experts to provide to the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1591 (2005) concerning the Sudan (hereafter “the Committee”) with an interim report on its activities no later than 12 August 2018, and provide to the Council, after discussion with the Committee, a final report by 12 January 2019 with its findings and recommendations, and further requests the Panel of Experts to provide updates every three months to the Committee regarding its activities, including Panel travel, and the implementation and effectiveness of paragraph 10 of resolution 1945 (2010), and expresses its intention to review the mandate and take appropriate action regarding the further extension of the mandate no later than 12 February 2019;

The Security Council is expected to take action no later than 12 February 2019.
Sudan: Sanctions: Panel of Experts final report
Resolution 2400 (2018) of 8 February 2018, para.2
Decides to extend until 12 March 2019 the mandate of the Panel of Experts originally appointed pursuant to resolution 1591 (2005) and previously extended by resolutions 1779 (2007), 1841 (2008), 1945 (2010), 2035 (2012), 2138 (2014), 2200 (2015), 2265 (2016) and 2340 (2017), reaffirms the mandate of the Panel of Experts’ as established in resolutions 1591 (2005), 1779 (2007), 1841 (2008), 1945 (2010), 2035 (2012), 2138 (2014), 2200 (2015), 2265 (2016) and 2340 (2017), and requests the Panel of Experts to provide to the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1591 (2005) concerning the Sudan (hereafter “the Committee”) with an interim report on its activities no later than 12 August 2018, and provide to the Council, after discussion with the Committee, a final report by 12 January 2019 with its findings and recommendations, and further requests the Panel of Experts to provide updates every three months to the Committee regarding its activities, including Panel travel, and the implementation and effectiveness of paragraph 10 of resolution 1945 (2010), and expresses its intention to review the mandate and take appropriate action regarding the further extension of the mandate no later than 12 February 2019;

The PoE final report dated 10 January 2019 (S/2019/34) is before the Security Council.

Sudan/South Sudan: SG to inform SC of progress in implementing UNISFA’s mandate
Resolution 2445 (2018) of 15 November 2018
Para.33: Requests the Secretary-General to continue to inform it of progress in implementing UNISFA’s mandate, in one written report, no later than 15 April 2019 and include reporting on: (…)
Para.34: Requests the Secretary-General to inform it of progress in implementing UNISFA’s mandate, in a note, no later than 31 January 2019 and report on the progress in reduction of troops and increase in police per paragraphs 3 and 4;

The note requested in para. 34 is expected to be presented in February 2019.

AMERICAS

Haiti: MINUJUSTH: SG report on implementation of resolution 2410 (2018)
Resolution 2410 (2018) of 10 April 2018
Para. 4: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council on the implementation of this resolution, including any instances of mandate implementation failures and measures taken to address these, in reports every 90 days starting from 1 June 2018;

Haiti: MINUJUSTH: SG to conduct Strategic Assessment Mission and present recommendations to SC
Resolution 2410 (2018) of 10 April 2018
Para. 9: Requests the Secretary-General to conduct a Strategic Assessment Mission to Haiti by 1 February 2019 and, on this basis, to present to the Council recommendations on the future United Nations role in Haiti, including any recommendations for drawdown and exit, in the fourth 90-day report no later than 1 March 2019;

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in February 2019.
ASIA/MIDDLE EAST

Afghanistan: SG reports on UNAMA
Resolution 2405 (2018) of 8 March 2018
Para. 44: Requests that the Secretary-General reports to the Council every three months on developments in Afghanistan, and to include in his reports an evaluation of progress made against the benchmarks for measuring and tracking progress in the implementation of UNAMA's mandate, including at the subnational level, and priorities as set out in this resolution;

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in February 2019.

Iraq: SG reports on UNAMI
Resolution 2421 (2018) of 14 June 2018
Para. 6: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council every three months on the progress made towards the fulfilment of all UNAMI’s responsibilities, including actions taken in response to the independent external assessment;

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in February 2019.

Iraq/Kuwait: missing persons and return of property
Resolution 2107 (2013) of 27 June 2013
Para. 4: requests that the Special Representative of the Secretary-General and Head of the United Nations Assistance Mission to Iraq (UNAMI) promote, support and facilitate efforts regarding the repatriation or return of all Kuwaiti and third country nationals or their remains, and the return of Kuwaiti property, including the national archives, seized by Iraq, further requests the Secretary-General to report separately to the Security Council on these matters in his reports on the progress made towards the fulfilment of all UNAMI’s responsibilities…;

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in February 2019.

Middle East: The situation in the Middle East, including the Palestinian question
Resolution 1322 (2000) of 7 October 2000
Para. 7: Invites the Secretary-General to continue to follow the situation and to keep the Security Council informed.

Middle East (Lebanon/UNIFIL): SG to provide recommendations regarding the management of UNIFIL civilian resources
Resolution 2433 (2018) of 30 August 2018
Para. 12: Stresses the need to improve the management of UNIFIL civilian resources, including through fostering enhanced cooperation with the Office of the United Nations Special Coordinator for Lebanon (UNSCOL), with the goal of improving the effectiveness and efficiency of the missions, and requests that the Secretary-General provide recommendations on the matter by 31 December 2018;

The recommendations of the Secretary-General dated 31 December 2018 (S/2018/1182) are before the Security Council.
Middle East (Syria): OPCW DG to report to SC (through SG) on impl. of resolution 2118 (2013)
Resolution 2118 (2013) of 27 September 2013
Para.12: Decides to review on a regular basis the implementation in the Syrian Arab Republic of the decision of the OPCW Executive Council of 27 September 2013 and this resolution, and requests the Director-General of the OPCW to report to the Security Council, through the Secretary-General, who shall include relevant information on United Nations activities related to the implementation of this resolution, within 30 days and every month thereafter, and requests further the Director-General of the OPCW and the Secretary-General to report in a coordinated manner, as needed, to the Security Council, non-compliance with this resolution or the OPCW Executive Council decision of 27 September 2013.

The report is expected to be presented in February 2019.

Resolution 2139 (2014) of 22 February 2014
Para.17: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council on the implementation of this resolution by all parties in Syria, in particular paragraphs 2 through 12, in 30 days of its adoption and every 30 days thereafter, and upon receipt of the Secretary-General's report, expresses its intent to take further steps in the case of non-compliance with this resolution;

Resolution 2449 (2018) of 13 December 2018
Para.6: Requests the Secretary-General to brief the Council monthly and to provide a report on a regular basis, at least every 60 days, on the implementation of resolutions 2139 (2014), 2165 (2014), 2191 (2014), 2258 (2015), 2332 (2016), 2393 (2017), 2401 (2018) and this resolution and on compliance by all relevant parties in Syria and further requests the Secretary-General to continue to include in his reports overall trends in UN cross-line and cross-border humanitarian access and detailed information on the humanitarian assistance delivered through UN humanitarian cross-border operations as authorised by resolution 2165 (2014), including on the number of beneficiaries, locations of aid deliveries at district-level and the volume and nature of items delivered;

The Secretary-General is expected to report in February 2019.

Middle East (Syria): SG report on the implementation of resolution 2268 (2016)
Resolution 2268 (2016) of 26 February 2016
Para.10: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council on the implementation of this resolution, including by drawing on information provided by the ISSG ceasefire taskforce, and on resolution 2254 (2015), within 15 days of the adoption of this resolution and every 30 days thereafter;

The Secretary-General is expected to report in February 2019.
Middle East (Yemen): Report on progress in implementation of resolutions 2451 (2019) and 2452 (2019)
Resolution 2452 (2019) of 16 January 2019
Para. 7: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council on a monthly basis on progress regarding the implementation of this resolution, including on any obstructions to the effective operation of UNMHA caused by any party; and on resolution 2451 (2018), including on any non-compliance by any party;

The Secretary-General is expected to report in February 2019.

Middle East (Yemen): Sanctions: Assets freeze and travel ban
Resolution 2402 (2018) of 26 February 2018
Para. 2: Decides to renew until 26 February 2019 the measures imposed by paragraphs 11 and 15 of resolution 2140 (2014), reaffirms the provisions of paragraphs 12, 13, 14 and 16 of resolution 2140 (2015), and further reaffirms the provisions of paragraphs 14 to 17 of resolution 2216 (2015);

The assets freeze and travel ban will expire on 26 February 2019.

Middle East (Yemen): Sanctions: SC review of Panel of Experts mandate
Resolution 2402 (2018) of 26 February 2018
Para. 5: Decides to extend until 28 March 2019 the mandate of the Panel of Experts as set out in paragraph 21 of resolution 2140 (2014), and paragraph 21 of resolution 2216 (2015), expresses its intention to review the mandate and take appropriate action regarding the further extension no later than 28 February 2019, and requests the Secretary-General to take the necessary administrative measures as expeditiously as possible to re-establish the Panel of Experts, in consultation with the Committee until 28 March 2019 drawing, as appropriate, on the expertise of the members of the Panel established pursuant to resolution 2140 (2014);

The Security Council is expected to take action no later than 28 February 2019.

Middle East (Yemen): Sanctions: Panel of Experts final report
Resolution 2402 (2018) of 26 February 2018
Para. 6: Requests the Panel of Experts to provide a midterm update to the Committee no later than 28 July 2018, and a final report no later than 28 January 2019 to the Security Council, after discussion with the Committee;

EUROPE

UNMIK: SG report
Resolution 1244 (1999) of 10 June 1999
Para.20: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council at regular intervals on the implementation of this resolution, including reports from the leaderships of the international civil and security presences, the first reports to be submitted within 30 days of the adoption of this resolution;

The report of the Secretary-General dated 31 January 2019 (S/2019/102) is before the Security Council.

COUNTER-TERRORISM/NON-PROLIFERATION

ISIL (Da’esh) and Al-Qaeda: SG strategic-level reports
Resolution 2368 (2017) of 20 July 2017
Para. 101: Emphasizing the threat posed to international peace and security by ISIL and associated individuals, groups, undertakings, and entities, requests the Secretary-General to continue to provide strategic-level reports that demonstrate and reflect the gravity of the aforementioned threat, including from foreign terrorist fighters joining ISIL and associated groups and entities, foreign terrorist fighters returning to their countries of origin, transiting through, traveling to or relocating to or from other Member States, and the sources of financing of these groups and entities including through illicit trade in petroleum, antiquities, and other natural resources, as well as their planning and facilitation of attacks, any support to ISIL, Al-Qaeda or any individual included on the ISIL and Al-Qaeda Sanctions List, and reflects the range of United Nations efforts in support of Member States in countering this threat, the next report to be provided by 31 January 2018 and then every six months thereafter, with the input of CTED, in close collaboration with the Monitoring Team, as well as other relevant United Nations actors;

The report of the Secretary-General dated 31 January 2019 (S/2019/103) is before the Security Council.

ISIL (Da’esh) and Al-Qaeda Sanctions: Office of Ombudsperson reports
Resolution 2368 (2017) of 20 July 2017
Annex II, para. 20: In addition to the tasks specified above, the Ombudsperson shall: (…)
(c): Submit biannual reports summarizing the activities of the Ombudsperson to the Security Council.

The report of the Office of the Ombudsperson is expected to be presented in February 2019.

Non-proliferation/DPRK: Sanctions: 1718 Committee reports
Resolution 1718 (2006) of 14 October 2006
Para. 12: Decides to establish, in accordance with rule 28 of its provisional rules of procedure, a Committee of the Security Council consisting of all the members of the Council, to undertake the following tasks:
(g) To report at least every 90 days to the Security Council on its work, with its observations and recommendations, in particular on ways to strengthen the effectiveness of the measures imposed by paragraph 8 above.
The 1718 Committee is expected to report in February 2019.

### SCHEDULE OF FORTHCOMING EXPIRIES OF MANDATES

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<td>15 March 2019</td>
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<td>MINUJUSTH</td>
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<td>UNISFA</td>
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<td>AMISOM</td>
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<td>DRC: SG reports on MONUSCO</td>
<td>March 2019</td>
<td>Resolution 2409 (2018) of 27 March 2018&lt;br&gt;Para. 59: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council every three months on the implementation of MONUSCO’s mandate, including its Intervention Brigade, as set out in this resolution, including on: (...)</td>
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<td>DRC: SG to conduct performance review of MONUSCO units, and report to the Council on satisfaction of requirements and related action</td>
<td>March 2019</td>
<td>Resolution 2409 (2018) of 27 March 2018&lt;br&gt;Para. 60: Requests the Secretary-General to conduct a comprehensive performance review of all MONUSCO units in accordance with the Operational Readiness Assurance and Performance Improvement Policy and the Secretary-General zero-tolerance policy on Sexual violence and abuse by September 2018 and further report to the Council every three months, as part of its regular reporting, on the percentage of MONUSCO contingents who have satisfied the requirements of the these reviews, the status of any remediation action to address contingents who have not satisfied requirements, and detailing plans to address contingents where remediation is not deemed appropriate, as certified by the Force Commander;</td>
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<td>DRC: SG reports on implementation of the commitments under the PSC Framework</td>
<td>March 2019</td>
<td>Resolution 2409 (2018) of 27 March 2018&lt;br&gt;Para. 62: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council every six months, in coordination with the Secretary-General’s Special Envoy for the Great Lakes Region and the SRSG for the DRC on the implementation of the commitments under the PSC Framework and its linkages with the broader security situation in the Great Lakes Region;</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mali: SG reports on MINUSMA on the implementation of resolution 2423 (2018)</td>
<td>March 2019</td>
<td>Resolution 2423 (2018) of 28 June 2018&lt;br&gt;Para. 70: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council every three months after the adoption of this resolution on the implementation of this resolution, focusing:&lt;br&gt;(i) on the progress in the implementation of the Agreement and on MINUSMA’s efforts to support it,(ii) on progress in the implementation of the measures taken to improve MINUSMA’s performance and effectiveness to implement its mandate, as outlined in paragraphs 55 to 60 above, including measures to enhance the safety and security of MINUSMA’s personnel and to implement a comprehensive approach to protection of civilians,(iii) on coordination, exchange of information and, when applicable, mutual operational and logistical support, between MINUSMA, the MDSF, the FCG5S, the French Forces and the European Union missions in Mali, as outlined in paragraph 41 above;</td>
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<td>Mali: SG to report to SC on progress achieved in the</td>
<td>March 2019</td>
<td>Resolution 2423 (2018) of 28 June 2018&lt;br&gt;Para. 6: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council, 6 months after the presidential...</td>
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<td>Sudan/South Sudan</td>
<td>SG to inform SC of progress in implementing steps regarding border demarcation (per paragraph 3 of resolution 2438 (2018))</td>
<td>No later than 15 March 2019</td>
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<td>Colombia</td>
<td>SG to report on Verification Mission</td>
<td>March 2019</td>
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<td>Middle East (Lebanon/UNIFIL):</td>
<td>SG reports on implementation of resolution 1701 (2006)</td>
<td>March 2019</td>
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<tr>
<td>Region</td>
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| Middle East (Lebanon/UNIFIL): SG to present assessment with recommendations regarding Lebanon’s naval capabilities | Resolution 2433 (2018) of 30 August 2018  
Para. 7: Calls for the Government of Lebanon to develop a plan to increase its naval capabilities, including with appropriate support from the international community, with the goal of ultimately decreasing UNIFIL’s Maritime Taskforce and transitioning its responsibilities to the Lebanese Armed Forces (LAF), in close conjunction with the effective build-up of the capabilities of the Lebanese Navy, and requests that the Secretary-General present to the Security Council an assessment with recommendations within 6 months; |
| Middle East (Syria): OPCW DG to report to SC (through SG) on implementation of resolution 2118 (2013) | Resolution 2118 (2013) of 27 September 2013  
Para.12: Decides to review on a regular basis the implementation in the Syrian Arab Republic of the decision of the OPCW Executive Council of 27 September 2013 and this resolution, and requests the Director-General of the OPCW to report to the Security Council, through the Secretary-General, who shall include relevant information on United Nations activities related to the implementation of this resolution, within 30 days and every month thereafter, and requests further the Director-General of the OPCW and the Secretary-General to report in a coordinated manner, as needed, to the Security Council, non-compliance with this resolution or the OPCW Executive Council decision of 27 September 2013. |
Para.17: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council on the implementation of this resolution by all parties in Syria, in particular paragraphs 2 through 12, in 30 days of its adoption and every 30 days thereafter, and upon receipt of the Secretary-General’s report, expresses its intent to take further steps in the case of non-compliance with this resolution;  
Resolution 2449 (2018) of 13 December 2018  
Para.6: Requests the Secretary-General to brief the Council monthly and to provide a report on a regular basis, at least every 60 days, on the implementation of resolutions 2139 (2014), 2165 (2014), 2191 (2014), 2258 (2015), 2332 (2016), 2393 (2017), 2401 (2018) and this resolution and on compliance by all relevant parties in Syria and further requests the Secretary-General to continue to include in his reports overall trends in UN cross-line and cross-border humanitarian access and detailed information on the humanitarian assistance delivered through UN humanitarian cross-border operations as authorised by resolution 2165 (2014), including on the number of beneficiaries, locations of aid deliveries at district-level and the volume and nature of items delivered; |
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<th>Topic</th>
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<th>Description</th>
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<td>Middle East (UNDOF): SG reports on developments in the situation and measures taken to implement resolution 338 (1973)</td>
<td>March 2019</td>
<td>Resolution 2450 (2018) of 21 December 2018</td>
<td>Para. 14: Requests the Secretary-General to report every 90 days on developments in the situation and the measures taken to implement resolution 338 (1973).</td>
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<td>United Nations peacekeeping operations: SG to present revised strategy to double the numbers of women in military and police contingents</td>
<td>March 2019</td>
<td>Resolution 2436 (2018) of 21 September 2018</td>
<td>Para. 19: Recalls its resolution 2242 (2015) and its request that the Secretary-General initiate, in collaboration with Member States, a revised strategy to double the numbers of women in military and police contingents of United Nations peacekeeping operations by 2020 and further requests that this strategy ensures the full, effective and meaningful participation of women in all aspects of peacekeeping, and that this revised strategy is presented to the Security Council by March 2019;</td>
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<td>Resolution 2447 (2018) of 13 December 2018</td>
<td>Para. 14.: Recalls its resolution 2242 (2015) and its request that the Secretary-General initiate, in collaboration with Member States, a revised strategy to double the numbers of women in police contingents of United Nations peacekeeping operations by 2020 and further requests that this strategy ensures the full, effective and meaningful participation of women in all aspects of peacekeeping, and that this revised strategy is presented to the Security Council by March 2019;</td>
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