

29 May 2014

**TENTATIVE FORECAST OF THE PROGRAMME OF WORK OF THE
SECURITY COUNCIL FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 2014**

For information only/not an official document

This tentative forecast of the programme of work of the Security Council has been prepared by the Secretariat for the President of the Council. The forecast covers in particular those matters that may be taken up during the month pursuant to earlier decisions of the Council. The fact that a matter is or is not included in the forecast carries no implication that it will or will not be taken up during the month: the actual programme of work will be determined by developments and the views of members of the Council.

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SECURITY COUNCIL FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 2014**

AFRICA

Central African Republic: MISCA and commission of inquiry

Resolution 2127 (2013) of 5 December 2013

Para.32: Requests the African Union, in close coordination with the Secretary-General and other international organizations and bilateral partners involved in the crisis, to report to the Security Council every 60 days on the deployment and activities of MISCA.

Para.25: Further requests the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council on the findings of the commission of inquiry six months and one year after the adoption of this resolution.

The report of the Secretary-General dated 27 May 2014 (S/2014/373) is before the Council.

Côte d'Ivoire – UNOCI and French Forces

Resolution 2112 (2013) of 30 July 2013

Para.1: Decides to extend until 30 June 2014 the mandate of UNOCI.

The mandate of UNOCI will expire on 30 June 2014.

Para.21: Decides to extend until 30 June 2014 the authorization that the Security Council provided to the French Forces in order to support UNOCI, within the limits of their deployment and their capabilities.

The authorization of the French Forces will expire on 30 June 2014.

Para. 29: requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council regularly informed of the situation in Côte d'Ivoire and the implementation of the mandate of UNOCI and to provide to it a midterm report no later than 31 December 2013 and a final report no later than 15 May 2014 on the situation on the ground and the implementation of this resolution.

The report of the Secretary-General dated 15 May 2014 (S/2014/342) is before the Council.

Democratic Republic of the Congo – Sanctions: Group of Experts Reports

Resolution 2136 (2014) of 30 January 2014

Para.5: Requests the Secretary-General to extend, for a period expiring on 1 February 2015, the Group of Experts established pursuant to resolution 1533 (2004) and renewed by subsequent resolutions and requests the Group of Experts to fulfil its mandate as set out in paragraph 18 of resolution 1807 (2008) and expanded by paragraphs 9 and 10 of resolution 1857 (2008), and to present to the Council, through the Committee, a written mid-term report by 28 June 2014, and a written final report before 16 January 2015, welcomes the practice of receiving additional updates from the Group of Experts as appropriate, and further requests

that, after a discussion with the Committee, the Group of Experts submit to the Council its final report upon termination of the Group's mandate.

The mid-term report of the Group of Experts is expected to be submitted by 28 June 2014.

Democratic Republic of the Congo – MONUSCO

Resolution 2147 (2014) of 28 March 2014

Para.40: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council every three months on:

- (i) the situation on the ground, including sexual violence and the impact of conflict on women and children;
- (ii) progress made by the DRC in the implementation of its commitments under the PSC Framework, including through the establishment and implementation of a national security sector reform roadmap and the creation of a Congolese "Rapid Reaction Force", and on the implementation of the DDR and DDRRR plans;
- (iii) the implementation by MONUSCO of its mandate, including the activities of the Intervention brigade, its reconfiguration to conduct the tasks set out above and the ongoing transfer of responsibilities to other actors;
- (iv) the risks and their implications for the safety and the security for the UN personnel and facilities as a result of the possible military operations as well as measures taken to strengthen their security and mitigate risks.

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in June 2014.

Liberia – Sanctions: Review

Resolution 2128 (2013) of 10 December 2013

Para.4: Decides further to review six months from the adoption of this resolution all of the above measures with a view to modifying or lifting all or part of the measures of the sanctions regime dependent upon Liberia's progress towards meeting the conditions set out in resolution 1521 (2003) for terminating those measures.

The measures will be reviewed in June 2014.

Para.5: Decides to extend the mandate of the Panel of Experts appointed pursuant to paragraph 9 of resolution 1903 (2009) for a period of 12 months from the date of adoption of this resolution to undertake the following tasks in close collaboration with the Government of Liberia and the Côte d'Ivoire Group of Experts:

- (b) To provide to the Council, after discussion with the Committee, a midterm report no later than 1 June 2014 and a final report no later than 1 December 2014 on all the issues listed in this paragraph, and to provide informal updates to the Committee as appropriate before those dates;

The midterm report of the Panel of Experts is expected to be submitted by 1 June 2014.

Libya – UNSMIL

Resolution 2144 (2014) of 14 March 2014

Para.18: Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council on the implementation of this resolution, including all elements of UNSMIL's mandate, every 90 days.

The Secretary-General is expected to report in June 2014.

Libya – Sanctions: Committee reports

Resolution 1970 (2011) of 26 February 2011

Para.24: Decides to establish, in accordance with rule 28 of its provisional rules of procedure, a Committee of the Security Council consisting of all the members of the Council (herein “the Committee”), to undertake the following tasks:

(e) To report within thirty days to the Security Council on its work for the first report and thereafter to report as deemed necessary by the Committee.

The Chair of the 1970 Committee is expected to report in June 2014.

Peace and Security in Africa – UN Integrated Strategy for the Sahel: SG report on implementation

S/PRST/2013/20 of 12 December 2013

Last para.: “The Security Council looks forward to the Secretary General’s written report on the progress towards the implementation of the United Nations Integrated Strategy for the Sahel to be presented no later than 30 June 2014.”

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in June 2014.

Mali – MINUSMA

Resolution 2100 (2013) of 25 April 2013

Para.34: Requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council regularly informed of the situation in Mali and the implementation of the mandate of MINUSMA, to report to the Council within 45 days of the adoption of this resolution, specifically with regards to paragraph 8 and 9 above, and then every three months from 1 July 2013 and to include in his reports to the Council updates on the security situation, the priority political elements as defined in paragraphs 1, 2, 3 and 4 above on the implementation of the transitional road map, relevant information on the progress, promotion and protection of human rights and international humanitarian law as well as a review of the troop level, force generation and deployment of all MINUSMA’s constituent elements.

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in June 2014.

Somalia – Sanctions: Somali Government reports

Resolution 2142 (2014) of 5 March 2014

Para.9: Requests the Federal Government of Somalia to report to the Security Council by 13 June 2014 and again by 13 September 2014 on:

- (a) The structure, strength and composition (including the status of allied militia) of the Security Forces of the Federal Government of Somalia, including the names of current commanders, the locations of the headquarters, and the status of militias;
- (b) The infrastructure in place to ensure the safe storage, registration, maintenance and distribution of military equipment by the Security Forces of the Federal Government of Somalia, including details of all available armouries and storerooms, their location, storage capacity, staffing capacity, arms and ammunition management systems and status of use;
- (c) The procedures and codes of conduct in place for the registration, distribution, use and storage of weapons by the Security Forces of the Federal Government of Somalia, and on training needs in this regard, including procedures for receipt, verification and recording of

weapons imports through any Federal Government controlled port of entry, procedures for the transport of weapons and ammunition with the Security Forces of the Federal Government of Somalia, and the current systems of logging and auditing in the Security Forces of the Federal Government of Somalia;

The report of the Federal Government of Somalia is expected to be submitted by 13 June 2014.

Somalia – AU reports on AMISOM

Resolution 2093 (2013) of 6 March 2013

Para.8: Requests the AU to keep the Security Council regularly informed on the implementation of AMISOM's mandate through the provision of written reports to the Secretary-General every 90 days after the adoption of this resolution.

Sudan/South Sudan – SG to inform SC on status of compliance with resolution 2046 (2012)

Resolution 2046 (2012) of 2 May 2012

Para.6: requests the Secretary-General to consult with the African Union on the implementation of this resolution and the decisions of the AU PSC, to work closely with the AUHIP in support of its facilitation efforts, and to inform the Security Council within 15 days and in two week intervals thereafter on the status of compliance by Sudan, South Sudan, and the SPLM-N with the decisions set forth in this resolution, and expresses its intention, in the event that any or all of the parties have not complied with the decisions set forth in this resolution, to take appropriate additional measures under Article 41 of the Charter as necessary.

Note by the President of 11 November 2013 (S/2013/657)

Following consultations among the members of the Security Council, it has been agreed that issues pertaining to the Sudan and South Sudan, including the African Union/United Nations Hybrid Operation in Darfur (UNAMID), the United Nations Interim Security Force for Abyei (UNISFA), the United Nations Mission in South Sudan (UNMISS) and Council resolution 2046 (2012), will, as from 11 November 2013, be considered under the agenda item entitled "Reports of the Secretary-General on the Sudan and South Sudan". In addition, members of the Security Council agreed to amend the reporting period established in paragraph 6 of resolution 2046 (2012) to one-month intervals.

The Secretary-General is expected to report to the Security Council in June 2014.

Sudan – ICC Prosecutor briefing

Resolution 1593 (2005) of 31 March 2005

Para.8: invites the Prosecutor to address the Council within three months of the date of adoption of this resolution and every six months thereafter on actions taken pursuant to this resolution.

The ICC Prosecutor is expected to brief the Council in June 2014.

UN Office for West Africa (UNOWA) – SG reports

Letter from PSC of 23 December 2013 (S/2013/759)

The members of the Security Council concur with the recommendation contained in your twelfth report on UNOWA (S/2013/732) to extend its mandate for a further period of three years, from 1

January 2014 to 31 December 2016. The members of the Council request that you report to the Council every six months on the fulfilment by UNOWA of its mandate.

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in June 2014.

ASIA/MIDDLE EAST

Afghanistan – UNAMA

Resolution 2145 (2014) of 17 March 2014

Para.44: ...and requests the Secretary-General to continue to include in his reports to the Security Council relevant information on the process of integration of women into the political, economic and social life of Afghanistan;

Para.48: Requests that the Secretary-General reports to the Council every three months on developments in Afghanistan, and to include in his reports an evaluation of progress made against the benchmarks for measuring and tracking progress in the implementation of UNAMA's mandate, including at the subnational level, and priorities as set out in this resolution.

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in June 2014.

Afghanistan – ISAF reports through SG

Resolution 2120 (2013) of 10 October 2013

Para.8: Requests the leadership of ISAF to keep the Security Council regularly informed, through the United Nations Secretary-General, on the implementation of its mandate, including through the timely provision of quarterly reports, and its final report in December 2014 should be a comprehensive one.

The situation in the Middle East, including the Palestinian question

Resolution 1322 (2000) of 7 October 2000

Para.7: invites the Secretary-General to continue to follow the situation and to keep the Security Council informed.

Middle East (Syria) – OPCW to report to SC (through SG) on implementation of resolution 2118 (2013)

Resolution 2118 (2013) of 27 September 2013

Para.12: decides to review on a regular basis the implementation in the Syrian Arab Republic of the decision of the OPCW Executive Council of 27 September 2013 and this resolution, and requests the Director-General of the OPCW to report to the Security Council, through the Secretary-General, who shall include relevant information on United Nations activities related to the implementation of this resolution, within 30 days and every month thereafter, and requests further the Director-General of the OPCW and the Secretary-General to report in a coordinated manner, as needed, to the Security Council, non-compliance with this resolution or the OPCW Executive Council decision of 27 September 2013.

The report dated 23 May 2014 (S/2014/368) is before the Council.

Middle East (Syria) – SG to report to SC on implementation of resolution 2139 (2014)

Resolution 2139 (2014) of 22 February 2014

Para.17: requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council on the implementation of this resolution by all parties in Syria, in particular paragraphs 2 through 12, in 30 days of its adoption and every 30 days thereafter, and upon receipt of the Secretary-General's report, expresses its intent to take further steps in the case of non-compliance with this resolution;

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in June 2014.

Middle East (Yemen) – SG to report on developments in Yemen

Resolution 2140 (2014) of 26 February 2014

Para.33: requests the Secretary-General to continue to report on developments in Yemen, including on the implementation of the outcome of the comprehensive National Dialogue Conference every 60 days;

The Secretary-General is expected to report in June 2014.

Middle East – UNDOF

Resolution 2131 (2013) of 18 December 2013

Para.6: Decides to renew the mandate of the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force for a period of six months, that is, until 30 June 2014, and requests the Secretary-General to ensure that UNDOF has the required capacity and resources to fulfil the mandate, as well as to enhance the Force's ability to do so in a safe and secure way;

The mandate of UNDOF will expire on 30 June 2014.

Para.7: Requests the Secretary-General to report every 90 days on developments in the situation and the measures taken to implement resolution 338 (1973).

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in June 2014.

Central Asia – UNRCCA

PSC letter of 15 May 2007 (S/2007/280)

“Welcome receiving report, for example, six months after the Centre becomes fully operational.”

OTHER

Non-proliferation (Iran) – Sanctions: Committee reports

Resolution 1737 (2006) of 27 December 2006

Para.18: Decides to establish, in accordance with rule 28 of its provisional rules of procedure, a Committee of the Security Council consisting of all the members of the Council, to undertake the following tasks:

(h) to report at least every 90 days to the Security Council on its work and on the implementation of this resolution, with its observations and recommendations, in particular on ways to strengthen the effectiveness of the measures imposed by paragraphs 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 and 12 above.

The Chair of the 1737 Committee is expected to report to the Security Council in June 2014.

Non-proliferation (Iran) – Sanctions: Panel of Experts mandate and reports

Resolution 2105 (2013) of 5 June 2013

Para.1: Decides to extend until 9 July 2014 the mandate of the Panel of Experts, as specified in paragraph 29 of resolution 1929 (2010), expresses its intent to review the mandate and take appropriate action regarding further extension no later than 9 June 2014, and requests the Secretary-General to take the necessary administrative measures to this effect.

The review of the Panel of Experts mandate is expected to take place by 9 June 2014.

Para 2: Requests the Panel of Experts to provide to the Committee no later than 9 November 2013 a midterm report on its work, and further requests that, after a discussion with the Committee, the Panel of Experts submit to the Council its midterm report by 9 December 2013, and requests also a final report to the Committee by 9 May 2014 with its findings and recommendations, and further requests that, after a discussion with the Committee, the Panel of Experts submit to the Council its final report by 9 June 2014.

The final report of the Panel of Experts is expected to be submitted by 9 June 2014.

1988 Committee – Sanctions: Review

Resolution 2082 (2012) of 17 December 2012

Para.39: Decides to review the implementation of the measures outlined in this resolution in eighteen months and make adjustments, as necessary, to support peace and stability in Afghanistan.

Al-Qaeda Committee – Sanctions: Review

Resolution 2083 (2012) of 17 December 2012

Para.63: Decides to review the measures described in paragraph 1 above with a view to their possible further strengthening in eighteen months or sooner if necessary.

Children and armed conflict – SG reports

Resolution 2068 (2012) of 19 September 2011

Para.5: Reiterates its call upon the Working Group on Children and Armed Conflict to consider, with the support of the Special Representative for Children and Armed Conflict, within one year, a broad range of options for increasing pressure on persistent perpetrators of violations and abuses committed against children in situations of armed conflict;

Para.6: Requests the Secretary-General to continue to submit annual reports to the Council on the implementation of its resolutions and Presidential statements on children and armed conflict, and to submit his next report by June 2013.

The report of the Secretary-General dated 14 May 2014 (S/2014/339) is before the Council.

Protection of civilians in armed conflict – Oral briefing

S/PRST/2002/41 of 20 December 2002

Last para.: “The Security Council recognizes the importance of a comprehensive, coherent and action-oriented approach to the protection of civilians in armed conflict. It encourages further cooperation between Member States, OCHA, DPA, DPKO, UNHCR, UNRWA, OHCHR, UNDP and other relevant United Nations agencies and offices, bearing also in mind the contents of resolutions 1325 on women, peace and security and 1379 on children in armed conflict; welcomes the regional workshops and encourages Member States to give them their operational and financial support. The Security Council requests the Secretary-General to submit by June 2004 his next report on the protection of civilians in armed conflict, including information on the implementation of Security Council resolutions previously adopted on this subject and any other matter he wishes to bring to the attention of the Council. It also welcomes the oral briefings to be given to the Council every six months, including progress made to further develop the road map concept, as set out in the most recent report by the Secretary-General (S/2002/1300).”

ICTY/ICTR – Assessments by Presidents / Prosecutors

Resolution 1534 (2004) of 26 March 2004

Para.6: Requests each Tribunal to provide to the Council, by 31 May 2004 and every six months thereafter, assessments by its President and Prosecutor, setting out in detail the progress made towards implementation of the Completion Strategy of the Tribunal, explaining what measures have been taken to implement the Completion Strategy and what measures remain to be taken, including the transfer of cases involving intermediate and lower rank accused to competent national jurisdictions; and expresses the intention of the Council to meet with the President and Prosecutor of each Tribunal to discuss these assessments.

Residual Mechanism – Progress reports

Resolution 1966 (2010) of 22 December 2010

Para. 16: Requests the President of the Mechanism to submit an annual report to the Security Council and to the General Assembly, and the President and the Prosecutor of the Mechanism to submit six-monthly reports to the Security Council on the progress of the work of the Mechanism;

Work of the UN to help states, sub-regional and regional entities in Africa in fighting terrorism – SG report

S/PRST/2013/5 of 13 May 2013

Last para: invites the Secretary-General to submit, within 6 months, a concise report providing a comprehensive survey and assessment of the UN’s relevant work to help States, sub-regional and regional entities in Africa in fighting terrorism, with the view to continue consideration of possible steps in this regard.

The report of the Secretary-General dated 9 January 2014 (S/2014/9) is before the Council.

SCHEDULE OF FORTHCOMING EXPIRIES OF MANDATES

<u>Subject</u>	<u>Date of expiry of mandate</u>	<u>Council decision providing for current mandate</u>
UNDOF	30 June 2014	2131 (2013) of 18 Dec 2013
UNOCI	30 June 2014	2112 (2013) of 30 July 2013
MINUSMA	1 July 2014	2100 (2013) of 25 April 2013
UNAMI	31 July 2014	2110 (2013) of 24 July 2013
UNFICYP	31 July 2014	2135 (2014) of 30 Jan. 2014
UNAMID	31 Aug. 2014	2113 (2013) of 30 Jul. 2013
UNIFIL	31 Aug. 2014	2115 (2013) of 29 Aug. 2013
UNMIL	30 Sep. 2014	2116 (2013) of 18 Sept. 2013
MINUSTAH	15 Oct. 2014	2119 (2013) of 10 Oct. 2013
UNISFA	15 Oct. 2014	2156 (2014) of 29 May 2014
AMISOM	31 Oct. 2014	2124 (2013) of 12 Nov. 2013
MISCA	15 Sep. 2014	2149 (2014) of 10 April 2014
UNMISS	30 Nov. 2014	2155 (2014) of 27 May 2014
UNIOGBIS	30 Nov. 2014	2157 (2014) of 29 May 2014
BNUB	31 Dec. 2014	2137 (2014) of 13 Feb. 2014
UNOCA	31 Aug. 2015	S/2014/104 of 13 Feb. 2014
UNSMIL	13 March 2015	2144 (2014) of 14 March 2014
UNAMA	17 March 2015	2145 (2014) of 17 March 2014
MONUSCO	31 March 2015	2147 (2014) of 28 March 2014
MINUSCA	30 April 2015	2149 (2014) of 10 April 2014
MINURSO	30 April 2015	2152 (2014) of 29 April 2014
UNSOM	28 May 2015	2158 (2014) of 29 May 2014

**FORTHCOMING REPORTS BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL
AS REQUESTED BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL
(July 2014)**

Item	Due date	Relevant Security Council decision	Request as formulated in the Security Council decision
Burundi - BNUB	In July 2014	Resolution 2137 (2014) of 13 February 2014	<p>“Requests the Secretary-General to prepare BNUB’s transition and the transfer of appropriate responsibilities to the United Nations Country Team by 31 December 2014 and to provide an update on this process in his written interim report to the Security Council;” Para. 2</p> <p>“Requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council informed on the benchmarks, the implementation of the mandate of BNUB and this resolution, and the conditions that affect such implementation, as well as on BNUB’s transition to the United Nations Country Team, every 90 days, with a written interim report by the end of July 2014 and a final report by 16 January 2015, and further requests the Secretary-General to report every six months to the Security Council until after the 2015 elections” Para. 20</p>
Central African Republic – BINUCA	In July 2014	Resolution 2134 (2014) of 28 January 2014	<p>“Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council on the implementation of BINUCA’s mandate every 90 days after the adoption of this resolution;” Para. 49</p>
Sudan/South Sudan – UNISFA	30 July 2014	Resolution 2156 (2014) of 29 May 2014	<p>“Requests the Secretary-General to continue to inform the Council of progress in implementing UNISFA’s mandate in two written reports, no later than July 30 and September 30 respectively, and continue to bring to the Council’s immediate attention any serious violations of the above referenced agreements.” Para. 24</p>

South Sudan – UNMISS	In July 2014	Resolution 2155 (2014) of 27 May 2014	“Requests that the Secretary-General report to the Security Council on the implementation of the UNMISS mandate every 60 days following the adoption of the resolution;” Para. 22
Sudan - UNAMID	In July 2014	Resolution 2113 (2013) of 30 July 2013	“Requests the Secretary-General to continue reporting to the Council every 90 days on progress in the implementation of UNAMID’s mandate, including the operational and self-sustainment capabilities of troop and police contingents, as well as on progress on the political track, the security and humanitarian situation, including in the IDP sites and refugee camps, the actions of all parties with respect to the provisions of this resolution, human rights, violations of international humanitarian and human rights law, early recovery and on all restrictions and bureaucratic impediments to UNAMID’s freedom of movement; welcomes the updated benchmarks and indicators for UNAMID submitted by the Secretary-General, after consultation with the African Union, in his report of 16 October 2012 (S/2012/771), and the inclusion in his regular reports to the Council every 90 days thereafter of an assessment of progress towards and obstacles to the achievement of these benchmarks, which help the Council to assess progress made by UNAMID in implementing its mandate, as well as the cooperation of the Government of Sudan and the armed groups with UNAMID, as well as all parties’ compliance with their international obligations;” Para. 14
Iraq – UNAMI	In July 2014	Resolution 2110 (2013) of 24 July 2013	“Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council every four months on the progress made towards the fulfilment of all UNAMI’s responsibilities.” Para. 6

Iraq – UN compensation fund	By July 2014	Resolution 1956 (2010) of 15 December 2010	Requests the Secretary-General to provide written reports on an ongoing basis to the council every six months, with the first report due no later than 1 January 2012, about the United Nations compensation fund, evaluating the continued compliance with the provisions of paragraph 21 of resolution 1483 (2003). Para. 6
Iraq/Kuwait – missing persons and return of property	In July 2014	Resolution 2107 (2013) of 27 June 2013	“Requests that the Special Representative of the Secretary-General and Head of the United Nations Assistance Mission to Iraq (UNAMI) promote, support and facilitate efforts regarding the repatriation or return of all Kuwaiti and third country nationals or their remains, and the return of Kuwaiti property, including the national archives, seized by Iraq, further requests the Secretary-General to report separately to the Security Council on these matters in his reports on the progress made towards the fulfilment of all UNAMI’s responsibilities...;” Para. 4
Middle East (Lebanon) – Resolution 1701 (2006)	In July 2014	Resolution 2115 (2013) of 29 August 2013	“Requests the Secretary-General to continue to report to the Council on the implementation of resolution 1701 (2006), every four months, or at any time as he deems appropriate.” Para. 11
Middle East (Syria) – OPCW to report (through SG) relevant information on UN activities related to the implementation of res. 2118 (2013)	In July 2014	Resolution 2118 (2013) of 27 September 2013	“Decides to review on a regular basis the implementation in the Syrian Arab Republic of the decision of the OPCW Executive Council of 27 September 2013 and this resolution, and requests the Director-General of the OPCW to report to the Security Council, through the Secretary-General, who shall include relevant information on United Nations activities related to the implementation of this resolution, within 30 days and <u>every month</u> thereafter, and requests further the Director-General of the OPCW and the Secretary-General to report in a coordinated manner, as needed, to the

			Security Council, non-compliance with this resolution or the OPCW Executive Council decision of 27 September 2013.” Para. 12.
Middle East (Syria)	In July 2014	Resolution 2139 (2014) of 22 February 2014	“Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council on the implementation of this resolution by all parties in Syria, in particular paragraphs 2 through 12, in 30 days of its adoption and every 30 days thereafter, and upon receipt of the Secretary-General’s report, expresses its intent to take further steps in the case of non-compliance with this resolution;” Para.17
Cyprus - UNFICYP	By 10 July 2014	Resolution 2135 (2014) of 30 January 2014	“Requests the Secretary-General to submit a report on implementation of this resolution, including on contingency planning in relation to the settlement, by 10 July 2014 and to keep the Security Council updated on events as necessary;” Para. 11
Kosovo – UNMIK	In July 2014	Resolution 1244 (1999) of 10 June 1999	“Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council at regular intervals on the implementation of this resolution,” Para. 20