TENTATIVE FORECAST OF THE PROGRAMME OF WORK OF THE
SECURITY COUNCIL FOR THE MONTH OF JANUARY 2014

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This tentative forecast of the programme of work of the Security Council has been prepared by the Secretariat for the President of the Council. The forecast covers in particular those matters that may be taken up during the month pursuant to earlier decisions of the Council. The fact that a matter is or is not included in the forecast carries no implication that it will or will not be taken up during the month: the actual programme of work will be determined by developments and the views of members of the Council.
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AFRICA

Burundi – SG reporting on BNUB
Para. 13: takes note of the progress on the implementation of the BNUB mandate and in Burundi’s peace consolidation, as assessed against the benchmarks for the future evolution of BNUB into a United Nations Country Team presence and as reported by the Secretary-General, and requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council informed on the benchmarks, the implementation of the mandate of BNUB and this resolution, and the conditions that affect such implementation, and to provide a briefing by the end of July 2013 and a report by 17 January 2014, reflecting particularly the outcomes of the Strategic Assessment Mission (SAM) the Secretary-General has indicated his intention to deploy in the course of 2013;

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued by 17 January 2014.

Central African Republic – BINUCA mandate
Resolution 2088 (2013) of 24 January 2013
Para.1: decides to extend the mandate of UN Integrated Peacebuilding Office in the Central African Republic (BINUCA) until 31 January 2014.

The mandate of BINUCA will expire on 31 January 2014.

Côte d’Ivoire - SG midterm report on UNOCI
Resolution 2112 (2013) of 30 July 2013
Para. 29: requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council regularly informed of the situation in Côte d’Ivoire and the implementation of the mandate of UNOCI and to provide to it a midterm report no later than 31 December 2013 and a final report no later than 15 May 2014 on the situation on the ground and the implementation of this resolution.

The report of the Secretary-General dated 24 December 2013 (S/2013/761) is before the Council.

Democratic Republic of the Congo – SG reports on MONUSCO and the implementation of the Peace and Security Framework
Resolution 2098 (2013) of 28 March 2013
Para.34: requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council every three months:
   (a) in coordination with his Special Envoy for the Great Lakes region and his Special Representative for the DRC on the implementation of the commitments under the PSC Framework and on any breaches of the commitments contained therein, including on the
basis of the benchmarks and appropriate follow-up measures referred to in paragraph 4 and paragraph 5;
(b) in coordination with his Special Representative for the DRC on: (i) the situation on the ground, including sexual violence and the impact of conflict on women and children, and including in the light of the objectives outlined in paragraph 11 and on the basis of the joint assessment process allowed by the ongoing strategic partnership between the Congolese Government and MONUSCO; (ii) progress made by the DRC in the implementation of its commitments under the PSC Framework, including through the establishment and implementation of a national security sector reform roadmap and the creation of a Congolese “Rapid Reaction Force”, and on the design and implementation of the overarching DDR and DDRRR plan; (iii) the implementation by MONUSCO of its mandate, including on the deployment, readiness and activities of the Intervention Brigade and all other MONUSCO forces, on any violations of international human rights law and international humanitarian law that may occur and on efforts undertaken to mitigate civilian harm; (iv) the reconfiguration of MONUSCO to conduct the tasks set out in paragraphs 12 and 13, to contribute to the tasks set out in paragraphs 14 and 15 and to transfer activities from MONUSCO to the UN country team as set out in paragraph 18, including on the basis of the matrix of division of labour referred to in paragraph 17 which should be presented within three months and updated regularly thereafter, and on the reinforcement of MONUSCO presence in eastern DRC; (v) the review and subsequent updating of the mission concept, concept of operations, rules of engagement and all other relevant UN planning documents; (vi) the risks and their implications for the safety and the security for the UN personnel and facilities as a result of the possible operations of the Intervention Brigade as well as measures taken to strengthen their security and mitigate risks.

The reports of the Secretary-General dated 24 December 2013 (S/2013/757) and 26 December 2013 (S/2013/773) are before the Council.

Democratic Republic of the Congo – Group of Experts final report and sanctions measures review
Resolution 2078 (2012) of 28 November 2012
Para.5: requests the Secretary-General to extend, for a period expiring on 1 February 2014, the Group of Experts established pursuant to resolution 1533 (2004) and renewed by subsequent resolutions and requests the Group of Experts to fulfil its mandate as set out in paragraph 18 of resolution 1807 (2008) and expanded by paragraphs 9 and 10 of resolution 1857 (2008), and to present to the Council, through the Committee, a written mid-term report by 28 June 2013, and a written final report before 13 December 2013, welcomes the practice of receiving additional updates of the Group of Experts as appropriate, and further requests that, after a discussion with the Committee, the Group of Experts submit to the Council its final report upon termination of the Group’s mandate.

The mandate of the Group of Experts will expire on 1 February 2014.

Para.23: decides that, when appropriate and no later than 1 February 2014, it shall review the measures set forth in this resolution, with a view to adjusting them, as appropriate, in light of the security situation in the DRC, in particular progress in security sector reform including the integration of the armed forces and the reform of the national police, and in disarming, demobilizing, repatriating, resettling and reintegrating, as appropriate, Congolese and foreign armed groups, with a particular focus on child soldiers.
Mali – SG reports on MINUSMA
Resolution 2100 (2013) of 25 April 2013
Para.34: requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council regularly informed of the situation in Mali and the implementation of the mandate of MINUSMA, to report to the Council within 45 days of the adoption of this resolution, specifically with regards to paragraph 8 and 9 above, and then every three months from 1 July 2013 and to include in his reports to the Council updates on the security situation, the priority political elements as defined in paragraphs 1, 2, 3 and 4 above on the implementation of the transitional road map, relevant information on the progress, promotion and protection of human rights and international humanitarian law as well as a review of the troop level, force generation and deployment of all MINUSMA’s constituent elements.

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued by 1 January 2014.

Sudan – SG reports on UNAMID
Resolution 2113 (2013) of 30 July 2013
Para.14: requests the Secretary-General to continue reporting to the Council every 90 days on progress in the implementation of UNAMID’s mandate, including the operational and self-sustainment capabilities of troop and police contingents, as well as on progress on the political track, the security and humanitarian situation, including in the IDP sites and refugee camps, the actions of all parties with respect to the provisions of this resolution, human rights, violations of international humanitarian and human rights law, early recovery and on all restrictions and bureaucratic impediments to UNAMID’s freedom of movement; welcomes the updated benchmarks and indicators for UNAMID submitted by the Secretary-General, after consultation with the African Union, in his report of 16 October 2012 (S/2012/771), and the inclusion in his regular reports to the Council every 90 days thereafter of an assessment of progress towards and obstacles to the achievement of these benchmarks, which help the Council to assess progress made by UNAMID in implementing its mandate, as well as the cooperation of the Government of Sudan and the armed groups with UNAMID, as well as all parties’ compliance with their international obligations;

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in January 2014.

Sudan – Panel of Experts final report
Resolution 2091 (2013) of 14 February 2013
Para.3: requests the Panel of Experts to provide no later than 31 July 2013, a midterm briefing on its work and no later than 90 days after the adoption of this resolution an interim report to the Committee established pursuant to paragraph 3 (a) of resolution 1591 (2005) (hereinafter “the Committee”) and a final report no later than 30 days prior to termination of its mandate to the Council with its findings and recommendations.

Sudan (Sudan/South Sudan)
Resolution 2046 (2012) of 2 May 2012
Para.6: requests the Secretary-General to consult with the African Union on the implementation of this resolution and the decisions of the AU PSC, to work closely with the AUHIP in support of its facilitation efforts, and to inform the Security Council within 15 days and in two week intervals thereafter on the status of compliance by Sudan, South Sudan, and the SPLM-N with the decisions set forth in this resolution, and expresses its intention, in the
event that any or all of the parties have not complied with the decisions set forth in this resolution, to take appropriate additional measures under Article 41 of the Charter as necessary.

S/PRST/2012/19 (2012) of 31 August 2012
Penultimate para.: the Security Council recalls its Resolution 2046 and reiterates its request to the Secretary-General, in consultation with the AUHIP, the Chair of IGAD, and the Chairman of the AU Commission, to report to the Council by September 2 on the status of negotiations. The Security Council also looks forward to reviewing the AU’s determinations as indicated in paragraph 18 of the AUPSC Communiqué of August 3 and requests in this regard the Secretary General to report to the Council thereafter on the status of negotiations, including detailed proposals on all outstanding issues.

The Secretary-General is expected to report to the Security Council in January 2014.

ASIA/MIDDLE EAST

The situation in the Middle East, including the Palestinian Question
Resolution 1322 (2000) of 7 October 2000
Para. 7: invites the Secretary-General to continue to follow the situation and to keep the Security Council informed.

Middle East (Syria) – OPCW reporting, through the SG, on Resolution 2118 (2013)
Resolution 2118 (2013) of 27 September 2013
Para. 12: decides to review on a regular basis the implementation in the Syrian Arab Republic of the decision of the OPCW Executive Council of 27 September 2013 and this resolution, and requests the Director-General of the OPCW to report to the Security Council, through the Secretary-General, who shall include relevant information on United Nations activities related to the implementation of this resolution, within 30 days and every month thereafter, and requests further the Director-General of the OPCW and the Secretary-General to report in a coordinated manner, as needed, to the Security Council, non-compliance with this resolution or the OPCW Executive Council decision of 27 September 2013.

The report dated 27 December 2013 (S/2013/774) is before the Council.

Middle East – Yemen
Resolution 2051 (2012) of 12 June 2012
Para.18: requests the Secretary-General to continue to report on developments in Yemen every 60 days.

The Secretary-General is expected to report to the Security Council in January 2014.
UN Regional Centre for Preventive Diplomacy in Central Asia (UNRCCA)


take note of the information contained in your letter and the intention expressed therein, and invite you to inform them about the activities of the newly established Centre and its impact on the ground. They would welcome receiving such a report, for example, six months after the Centre becomes fully operational.

The Secretary-General is expected to brief the Security Council in January 2014.

EUROPE

Cyprus – UNFICYP mandate and SG reporting

Resolution 2114 (2013) of 30 July 2013

Para.7: expresses its full support for UNFICYP and decides to extend its mandate for a further period ending 31 January 2014.

The mandate of UNFICYP will expire on 31 January 2014.

A meeting between the Security Council and the troop-contributing countries will take place before the expiry of the UNFICYP mandate.

Para.11: Requests the Secretary-General to submit a report on implementation of this resolution, including on contingency planning in relation to the settlement, by 10 January 2014 and to keep the Security Council updated on events as necessary.

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued by 10 January 2014.


Resolution 1244 (1999) of 10 June 1999

Para.20: requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council at regular intervals on the implementation of this resolution, including reports from the leaderships of the international civil and security presences, the first reports to be submitted within 30 days of the adoption of this resolution.

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued in January 2014.

OTHER

Al-Qaeda Sanctions Committee – Office of Ombudsperson reports

Resolution 2083 (2012) of 17 December 2012

(Annex II) Para.18: In addition to the tasks specified above, the Ombudsperson shall:
(c) Submit biannual reports summarizing the activities of the Ombudsperson to the Security Council.
Maintenance of international peace and security: Security Sector Reform (including efforts in Africa) – SG report
S/PRST/2011/19 of 12 October 2011
Last para.: requests the Secretary-General to submit, by early 2013, an assessment of the United Nations support for SSR, including those efforts in Africa, and make recommendations on how best to strengthen the United Nations comprehensive approach to SSR, taking into account the linkages between United Nations assistance and conflict prevention and peacebuilding, and also taking into consideration the views of relevant United Nations organs and actors.

Letter from the President of the Security Council of 19 April 2013 (S/2013/238)
Last para.: the members of the Council have taken note of the fact that there are delays in the issuance of the aforementioned report and look forward to receiving it as close to the due date as possible.

The report of the Secretary-General dated 13 August 2013 (S/2013/480) is before the Council.

Measuring the effectiveness of the UN system’s support to the promotion of the rule of law – SG report
S/PRST/2012/1 of 19 January 2012
Last para.: requests the Secretary-General to provide a follow-up report within 12 months to consider the effectiveness of the UN system’s support to the promotion of the rule of law in conflict and post-conflict situations.

Letter from the President of the Security Council of 24 December 2012 (S/2012/959)
Last para.: The members of the Security Council have taken note that there will be delays in the issuance of the report. It is the wish of the Council that the report be submitted to it as close to the due date as possible.

The report of the Secretary-General dated 11 June 2013 (S/2013/341) is before the Council.

Protection of civilians in armed conflict – SG report
S/PRST/2013/2 of 12 February 2013
Last para: the Security Council notes the report of the Secretary-General on protection of civilians in armed conflict of 22 May 2012 S/2012/376 and the recommendations made therein, and requests the Secretary-General to submit his next report, to include an assessment of concrete measures taken by peacekeeping missions to implement their mandates to protect civilians and the impact of those measures, by 15 November 2013 and for reports to be submitted every 18 months thereafter.

The report of the Secretary-General dated 22 November 2013 (S/2013/689) is before the Council.

Peacebuilding Commission – selection of Security Council (E-10) members
Resolution 1646 (2005) of 20 December 2005
Para.1: decides pursuant to paragraph 4 (a) of resolution 1645 (2005) that the permanent members listed in article 23 (1) of the Charter shall be members of the
Organizational Committee of the Peacebuilding Commission and that, in addition, the Council shall select annually two of its elected members to participate in the Organizational Committee.

The Security Council is expected to announce in early January 2014 the two members elected to serve one-year terms on the PBC Organizational Committee for the year 2014.

**Bureaux of the subsidiary bodies of the Security Council**

The Security Council is expected to announce in early January 2014 (in a Note by the President to be issued as S/2014/2) the bureaux of Security Council subsidiary bodies for the year 2014.

**Summary statement of matters of which the Security Council is seized**

*Note by the President dated 26 July 2010 (S/2010/507)*

Para. 53: at the beginning of each year, the Security Council will review the Summary statement in order to determine if the Council has concluded its consideration of any of the listed items, in particular those items that were considered for the first time during the preceding year, and whether consequently, such items should be deleted from the statement.

Para. 54: the preliminary annual Summary statement issued in January of each year by the Secretary-General on matters of which the Council is seized will identify the items to be deleted from the list [subject to the conditions set out in S/2010/507].

The Security Council is expected to review the Summary statement of matters of which the Security Council is seized during January 2014. The Summary statement will then be issued under the symbol S/2014/10.

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this resolution, within 30 days and every month thereafter, and requests further the Director-General of the OPCW and the Secretary-General to report in a coordinated manner, as needed, to the Security Council, non-compliance with this resolution or the OPCW Executive Council decision of 27 September 2013.” Para. 12.