Whole-of-Society approaches to countering terrorist narratives and incitement: UNOCT/UNCCT experience

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United Nations Office of Counter Terrorism (UNOCT)/Counter-Terrorism

Centre (UNCCT)

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Brief

- Overview of UNCCT
- UNCCT experience in supporting the implementation of resolution 2354
- Lessons learned in supporting Member States use Whole-of-Society approaches, through the UNCCT- IGAD partnership on Crisis Communications example



Provided Capacity Building and Support to

7 I



Member States

Through the implementation of

40+



Programmes and Projects

Across 4 main pillars

Pillar I

Pillar II

Pillar III

Pillar IV

Preventing and Countering Violent Extremism

Preventing and Combatting Terrorism Counter-Terrorism Implementation Coordination Section

Human Rights and Victims of Terrorism Branch





UNCCT Strategic Communications Project



In accordance with Security Council resolution 2354, the project focuses on:

- -Sustained and comprehensive approaches to countering narratives
- -The importance of **engagement with the media and civil society** to deny public space to terrorists and violent extremists
- -Promoting measures that are in accordance with international human rights law, refugee law and humanitarian law
- -Implementing in accordance with the "Comprehensive International Framework to Counter Terrorist Narratives" (S/2017/375), e.g.:
 - National ownership
 - Whole-of-Society engagement and leveraging of local expertise to build capacity to design local interventions
 - Amplification of positive messages





Provided Capacity Building Training to





Member States

Through building





Tailorable Training Modules

Attended by

29



Participants in 2019

Of whom are

185



Government Officials and communications experts

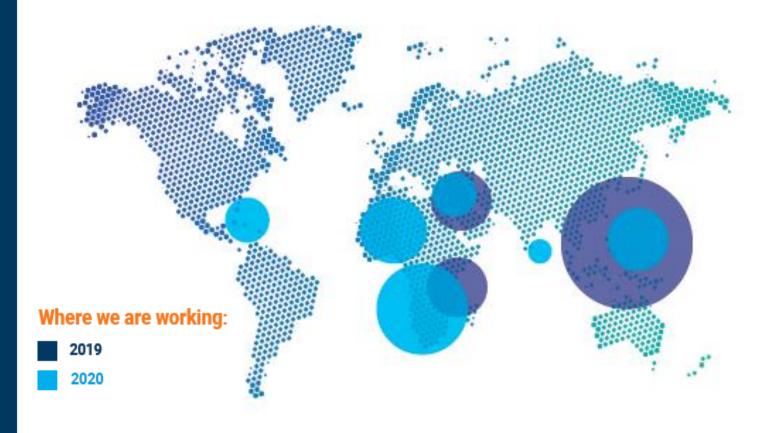
Including

29



Civil Society Organizations

2019 project highlights



Case Study: UNCCT/IGAD Workshop on Crisis and Strategic Communications

Content

Crisis Communications Situation Analysis

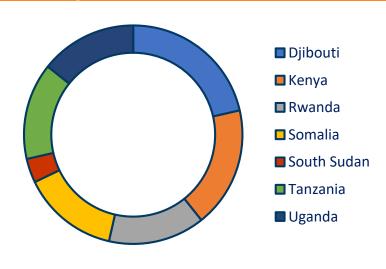
Audience Analysis

Building Narratives

Campaign Development

Crisis Simulation

Participants





38 4



Total number of participants



Government Organizations

4



Civil Society
Organizations

4



Media
Organizations

Feedback

"All the topics covered in this workshop were important. They complement each other to have a very good communication strategy."

"The Mock sessions of a crisis scenario. The lessons stuck with me"

"You really can never be prepared enough for a crisis but this training has been quite empowering because as people in this region, you can never know when a crisis might happen".





LESSONS LEARNED

Preventing Vio'
Extremism the Strategic Com

I. Nature of the threat

- There is a need to distinguish between terrorist/violent extremist narratives, intercommunal violence narratives and hate speech
- Communications capacities of terrorist actors are diverse: e.g. Al Shabab v. Boko Haram

2. Communications Channels

- A free press is a critical partner in eclipsing terrorist narratives, and there is scope for greater engagement with the industry
- There is a need for hyper-nuanced audience analysis

3. Messengers and Messages

- A strong peace-time narrative that supports social cohesion and community resilience is important
- Safeguarding "credible messengers" and protecting against terrorist "instrumentalization" of media and civil society, especially after attacks, should be a priority



For more information, please visit: www.un.org/uncct OUN_OCT #UNCCT

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