Fact sheet on the Secretary-General's initiatives to prevent and respond to sexual exploitation and abuse

Background: In March 2017, the Secretary-General outlined a comprehensive four-pronged strategy¹ to prevent and respond to sexual exploitation and abuse across the United Nations system.² The elements of the strategy are to: (a) prioritize the rights and dignity of victims; (b) end impunity through strengthened reporting and investigations, including clarifying limitations on the United Nations to achieve criminal accountability; (c) engage with civil society and external partners; and (d) improve strategic communication for education and transparency. In the implementation of this strategy, the Secretary-General focused on putting the United Nations "own house in order"—putting in place mechanisms under his authority. In March 2018, the Secretary-General provided an update³ on the implementation of the strategy and this was further reviewed in March 2019⁴.

To enhance coordination and ensure sustained high-level attention on the issue, the Secretary-General extended the mandate of the Special Coordinator to Improve the United Nations Response to Sexual Exploitation and Abuse until 31 December 2019. Her role is to coordinate the implementation of the strategy throughout the United Nations system and ensure a harmonized approach through the development of aligned mechanisms and procedures, standardized protocols and tools.

Below are some key initiatives undertaken or built upon in accordance with the Secretary-General's commitment to combat sexual exploitation and abuse since 2016.

Prioritizing the rights and dignity of victims I. **Initiative Status** Secretary-General appointed first Victims' Rights Advocate at the Appointment August 2017; Assistant Secretary-General level to strengthen the support that the action plan December 2017; United Nations gives to victims and ensure that a victim-centered work ongoing approach is integrated into prevention and response 2. Field visits conducted by the Victims' Rights Advocate to gain a Central African Republic, October first-hand understanding of how United Nations actors operate on 2017; South Sudan, December the ground to assist and support victims of sexual exploitation and 2017; Haiti, April 2018; Lebanon, abuse, and make recommendations for further action August 2018; and Jordan, September 2018 3. Establishment of inter-agency working group to facilitate a more Working group established June timely and effective resolution of outstanding paternity/child 2018; ongoing support claims arising from sexual exploitation and abuse Mapping of victims' rights approaches/services: in line with the Project commenced August 2018; Secretary-General's instruction in his 2018 report (A/72/751, para. 28), ongoing the Victims' Rights Advocate is undertaking a pilot mapping of victims' rights approaches and/or services (prevention, medical,



¹ See <u>A/71/818</u> and <u>A/71/818/Corr.1</u>.

² As part of the strategy to ensure high level engagement in the relevant entities across the UN system, in 2016 a high-level steering group was established including the Chair, Chef de Cabinet; the Under-Secretary-General for Operational Support; the Under-Secretary-General for Management Strategy, Policy and Compliance; the Under-Secretary-General for Global Communications; the Under-Secretary-General for Peace Operations; the Under-Secretary-General for Legal Affairs and United Nations Legal Counsel; the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights; the Special Representatives of the Secretary-General on Children and Armed Conflict, Sexual Violence in Conflict, and Violence against Children; the Under-Secretary-General for Political Affairs; the Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs and Emergency Relief Coordinator; the Administrator of UNDP; the Executive Director of UNICEF; the High Commissioner for Refugees; the Executive Director of UNFPA; and the Executive Director of UN-Women. The Under-Secretary-General for Internal Oversight Services participates as an observer.

³ See <u>A/72/751</u> and <u>A/72/751/Corr.1</u>.

⁴ See <u>A/73/744</u>.

	abuse in United Nations operations comprising Heads of State and Government willing to make a visible personal commitment to end impunity for sexual exploitation and abuse	and former heads of State/ Government
1.	Initiative Circle of Leadership on the prevention of sexual exploitation and	Status Ongoing; members are 73 current
II.	Transparency, accountability and ending impunity	G4t
	rights-based approach to sexual exploitation and abuse. The policy will complement the conduct and discipline and criminal accountability approaches and contains a comprehensive legal and policy framework for prevention and response, which places victims at the centre	quarter 2019
9.	Trust Fund established in 2016 to provide resources to support victim assistance services and projects https://conduct.unmissions.org/remedial-trust-fund OHCHR led development of a United Nations policy on a human	Of the approximately \$2 million available, projects have been disbursed or committed in the Central African Republic, the Democratic Republic of the Congo and Liberia. Projects are forthcoming for Haiti and South Sudan. Expected completion second
8.	Protocol on the provision of assistance to victims of sexual exploitation and abuse developed and field-tested by CDS and UNICEF. It provides guidance on the roles and responsibilities of United Nations actors in the field to ensure coordinated and immediate victim assistance	Field testing began January 2017; the protocol will be updated based on the testing and will incorporate roles of the Victims' Rights Advocate and the Field Victims' Rights Advocates.
7.	CDS launched the Victim Assistance Tracking System (VATS) in all peace operations with a view to having a comprehensive information system on specific assistance and support provided to victims	Rolled out fourth quarter 2018; ongoing
6.	Secretary-General and the Victims' Rights Advocate met confidentially and directly with victims of sexual exploitation and abuse	October 2017; ongoing
5.	available across the United Nations system and beyond. This will build on existing work and provide a clear overview of gaps, overlaps, lessons learned and good practices to inform the development of additional tools, policies and programmes Field Victims' Rights Advocates appointed in the four peacekeeping operations with the highest number of allegations: Democratic Republic of the Congo, Central African Republic, Haiti and South Sudan. Their role is to ensure that a victim-centered, gender- and child-sensitive and non-discriminatory approach is integrated into all activities to support and assist victims in those countries	Appointment completed September 2017; work ongoing. Three dedicated positions were approved by the General Assembly in July 2018.
	psychosocial and legal assistance, livelihood support, accountability)	



Current as at 22 May 2019

	https://www.un.org/preventing-sexual-exploitation-and-	
	abuse/content/circle-leadership	
2.	Issuance of a Collective Statement of the Members of the	September 2018; endorsed by 49
	Secretary-General's Circle of Leadership on the Prevention of and	heads of States/Government and 25
	Response to Sexual Exploitation and Abuse in United Nations	UN entities
	Operations	OT Chicago
	https://www.un.org/preventing-sexual-exploitation-and-	
	abuse/content/collective-statement-members-secretary-general-circle-	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	leadership	
3.	Secretary-General's high-level meeting on the prevention of sexual	18 September 2017
	exploitation and abuse held on the margins of the seventy-second	
	session of the General Assembly with Heads of State and	
	Government, regional organizations, civil society and United Nations	
	leadership	
1		Ongoing 101 Mambar State
4.	Voluntary compact on measures for preventing and responding to	Ongoing; 101 Member State
	sexual exploitation and abuse established	signatories
	https://www.un.org/preventing-sexual-exploitation-and-	
	abuse/content/voluntary-compact	
5.	High Level Steering Group (HLSG) on Sexual Exploitation and	Ongoing
	Abuse established in 2016, chaired by the Secretariat Chef de Cabinet	
	and is comprised of heads of the offices, departments, funds and	
	programmes involved in strengthening the system-wide response to	
	sexual exploitation and abuse	
6.	Sexual exploitation and abuse working group convene every two	Ongoing
0.	weeks by the Office of the Special Coordinator is crucial to strengthen	Oligonia
	collaboration and align policies, procedures and approaches across the	
	United Nations system	
	Office (Vations system	
7.	Development and distribution to all United Nations entities with a field	Completed November 2017;
	presence of the "no excuses card" prototype, which sets out the	distribution ongoing
	standards and obligations to prevent and report in all official and some	
	local languages. The prototype can be customized to meet the needs of	
	individual organizations http://dag.un.org/handle/11176/400598	
8.	Mandatory prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse training	For peacekeeping since 2016, for
٥.	and e-learning required of all peacekeeping, Secretariat, IOM, UNDP,	Secretariat and other entities since
	UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNOPS, UNRWA, UN-Women, and	2017, and UNOPS since 2019;
	WFP personnel	training ongoing
	<u> </u>	
9.	Instituted annual management letter 2017 requiring heads of funds	Completed January 2018
	and programmes to certify to their governing bodies and the Secretary-	
	General that they reported all credible allegations and the training	
	offered ⁵	

 $^{^{5}}$ 2017 Certifications provided by ITC, UNDP, UNICEF, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNOPS, UNRWA, UN Women, UNU, and WFP.

10. Management letter 2018 , in which the Secretary-General urged members of the United Nations System Chief Executives Board for Coordination to submit 2018 certifications ⁶	Issued December 2018
11. Action plans/risk mitigation strategies submitted to the Secretary-General by all entities with field operations and programmes	April 2017: 35 submitted August 2018: 37 submitted
12. Development of guidelines on the implementation of Security Council resolution 2272 (2016) addressing sexual exploitation and abuse in peace operations http://undocs.org/S/RES/2272(2016)	Operationally effective July 2016
13. Since 2017, CDS has been providing support to the African Union on the implementation of its compliance framework related to conduct and discipline, including its conduct and discipline policy framework, the screening of personnel, risk management and case management. CDS supported AU colleagues as they finalized and adopted the policies on conduct and discipline and sexual exploitation and abuse	Ongoing engagement on the compliance framework under DMSPC
14. DPO OMA released "The Military Aide Memoire : Commanders' guide on measures to combat Sexual Exploitation and Abuse in United Nations military" http://dag.un.org/handle/11176/400745	September 2017; Updated May 2018
15. CDS developed a sexual exploitation and abuse risk-management toolkit and support activities for missions are ongoing to implement the toolkit and related action plans https://conduct.unmissions.org/sites/default/files/dpko-dfs-sea-risk-toolkit-28-june-2018-modified.pdf	Launched June 2018; ongoing
16. Development of an electronic tool, "Clear Check", an electronic tool aimed at preventing UN personnel dismissed for substantiated allegations of sexual exploitation and abuse, or who left the Organization while an investigation was pending from being deployed or reemployed within the system	Launched 28 June 2018
17. Incident Reporting form (and associated guidance) to ensure uniformity in the collection of information first step in the initiation of a formal process to respond to an allegation/report of sexual exploitation and abuse	Finalized July 2017
18. Field testing of the Incident Reporting Form in the Democratic Republic of the Congo	January 2018; ongoing
19. Roll out of Incident Reporting Form to Jordan and Central African Republic	January 2019

⁶ 2018 Certifications provided so far by FAO, ICAO, IFAD, ILO, IMO, IOM, ITC, ITU, OHCHR, UNAIDS, UNCTAD, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNFCC, UNFPA, UN-HABITAT, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNIDO, UNOPS, UNRWA, UNU, UN Women, UPU, WFP, WHO, WMO and The World Bank.

⁷ The United Nations entities participating in the screening tool are: all Secretariat entities, FAO, IAEA, IFAD, IMO, IOM, IRMCT, ITC, ITU, UNAIDS, UNCTAD, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNFCCC, UNFPA, UN-HABITAT, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNIDO, UNOPS, UNRWA, UN-WOMEN, UPU, WFP, WHO, WIPO, and WTO.

20. Development of an electronic version of the Incident Reporting Form (eIRF) that will centralize and streamline both the approach of data collection and coordination of information across the UN system	Expected Third quarter 2019
21. Roll out of an electronic tool to report sexual exploitation and abuse allegations internally (<i>iReport SEA Tracker</i>) to facilitate alignment of data and tracking of investigations (use for the Quarterly Reports allegations summaries)	May 2019
22. Development and endorsement of system-wide uniform policy on balancing the disclosure of information to national authorities with principles of confidentiality when receiving and handling allegations of sexual exploitation and abuse by persons acting under a United Nations mandate	Finalized 2017; to be promulgated as a Secretary-General's bulletin in 2019
23. Development of harmonized guidelines for investigations of sexual exploitation and abuse for UN investigative bodies	Second quarter 2019
24. OIOS, CDS and DPO/ITS provides training for military national investigation officers (NIOs). Training funded by the U.S.	Ongoing
25. Adoption of formal/informal community-based complaint mechanisms in all humanitarian and peace operations for receipt of allegations of sexual exploitation and abuse https://interagencystandingcommittee.org/accountability-affected-populations-including-protection-sexual-exploitation-and-abuse/documents-50	Established 2016, rolled out to all United Nations entities March 2018 Translation completed (English, French, Spanish)
26. United Nations finalized and circulated to all agencies, funds and programmes the protocol on allegations of sexual exploitation and abuse involving implementing partners (led by UNICEF and UNFPA)	March 2018 Translations of Protocol completed (Arabic, English, French, Russian, Spanish)
27. All United Nations staff job openings, Letters of Offer (LOO) and Letters of Appointment (LOA) now have a special notice for detailing the values and standards of conduct required of members and the consequences of failing to achieve these standards	Completed 2017; ongoing
28. Staff members required to acknowledge in writing, upon entry, reassignment and yearly, their knowledge and understanding of United Nations standards of conduct, particularly regarding sexual exploitation and abuse, and the consequences for violating them	Completed 2017; ongoing
29. All UN contract for contractors (consultants, day workers, individual contractors) come with general conditions that the contractor shall comply with the standards of conduct set forth in the Secretary-General's Bulletin, ST/SGB/2003/13	Completed 2017; ongoing
30. Reissuance of 2016 Note Verbale on the repository of national military laws on sexual exploitation and abuse https://peacekeeping.un.org/en/standards-of-conduct	Reissuance August 2018; 57 legal frameworks
31. Issuance of 2019 Note Verbale on the repository of national police laws repository on sexual exploitation and abuse	Issued January 2019; 4 legal frameworks



32.	Review of options for harmonization of standards and procedures for non-United Nations international forces authorized under a Security Council mandate	Ongoing
Ш	Engaging civil society, external experts and organizat	ions
	Initiative	Status
1.	Formal/informal meetings with civil society stakeholders	2017 – three formal meetings; 2018 – 10 meetings
2.	Establishment of a Civil Society Advisory Board , comprising leading civil society figures and experts, to provide the Secretary-General with advice on measures to strengthen prevention of and response to sexual exploitation and abuse	19 February 2019
3.	WFP, UNICEF and UNHCR respectively engaged in discussions on prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse with Civil Society to strengthen prevention and response by raising awareness and trust to report sexual exploitation and abuse in communities, and enhancing accountability and care to people affected	2018
IV.	Improving strategic communications for education ar	nd transparency
	Initiative	Status
1.	Development of a glossary (2 nd Ed.) on sexual exploitation and abuse in the context of the United Nations in English https://hr.un.org/materials/un-glossary-sexual-exploitation-and-abuse-english and French https://hr.un.org/materials/glossaire-sur-l%E2%80%99exploitation-et-les-atteintes-sexuelles-glossary-sea-french	Initiated 5 October 2016; Updated 24 July 2017
2.	Meetings convened by the Special Coordinator and co-sponsored by representatives of the Heads of State and Government who are members of the Circle of Leadership to share good practices and	2018- Five meetings 2019 – April, next planned for July
3.	Prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse website launched and enhanced to include agencies, funds and programmes www.un.org/preventing-sexual-exploitation-and-abuse/	Created July 2017; updated regularly
4.	To improve transparency, each quarter the Special Coordinator reports on allegations received by all United Nations entities mandated to	Recurrent every quarter; ongoing
	$\frac{\text{report to the General Assembly } \underline{\text{https://www.un.org/preventing-sexual-exploitation-and-abuse/content/quarterly-updates}}{\text{exploitation-and-abuse/content/quarterly-updates}}$	
5.	•	September 2017
5.6.	exploitation-and-abuse/content/quarterly-updates United Nations produced and aired a film showing the work of the	September 2017 Expected second quarter 2019



8.	CDS launched new website with a live database of allegations, an online reporting form and a subscription service for database updates https://conduct.unmissions.org/sea-data-introduction French https://conduct.unmissions.org/fr	January 2017 Translated December 2018
9.	All peacekeeping missions, as part of their communications strategy on sexual exploitation and abuse , conduct outreach activities to inform communities of the risks of sexual exploitation and abuse and the reporting mechanisms using direct outreach, theatre, radio, television programming and SMS-based and social media campaigns, as well as specific outreach to local media	Ongoing
10.	DGC leads a pilot training on strategic communication on sexual exploitation and abuse for senior leadership in mission settings with support from DPO, DMSPC, the Office of the Special Coordinator and the Victims' Rights Advocate	June 2019
11.	UNDP, UNHCR and UNFPA launched websites containing information and resources on protection of sexual exploitation and abuse http://www.undp.org/content/undp/en/home/accountability/combatting-sexual-exploitation-and-abuse.html https://www.unhcr.org/our-fight-against-sexual-exploitation-abuse-and-harassment.html https://www.unfpa.org/protection-sexual-exploitation-sexual-abuse-and-sexual-harassment	2018
12.	Bilingual (English/French) social media campaign "Honouring our values" on efforts in the field and at HQ to prevent and respond to sexual exploitation and abuse including quote cards and videos of personnel, responders, Member States and community members on UN Peacekeeping, USG DPO, USG DMSPC and respective peacekeeping missions' social media platforms (Facebook and Twitter #HonouringOurValues) https://trello.com/b/8dsqvTYY/sexual-exploitation-and-abuse	Launch March 2018; ongoing
13.	Public information video messaging campaign on United Nations efforts to combat sexual exploitation and abuse, featuring the UN System approach to the Secretary-General's strategy to prevent and respond to SEA (commitments from: Secretary-General, Special Coordinator, VRA, DFS, DPKO, IOM, UNDP, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNRWA, UN-Women, WFP, and Field: MONUSCO, Civil Society-MINUSCA) http://webtv.un.org/watch/player/5846468853001	September 2018 and presented during the 2018 General Assembly weeks
	Public information campaign on combatting sexual exploitation and abuse, developing and issuing a UN stamp to raise awareness on the importance of speaking out to end sexual exploitation and abuse	Launched March 2019
Ad	ditional	

	Initiative	Status
1.	System-wide survey for United Nations personnel at field duty stations with humanitarian and peace operations. Results of survey disaggregated and shared with heads of participating entities	Baseline survey: 2016; Subsequent surveys: 2017; 2018; Current survey: May-July 2019
2.	System-wide sexual exploitation and abuse resources mapping designed to assess the resources (human and financial) currently dedicated to activities related to the prevention of and response to sexual exploitation and abuse	Commenced January 2019; ongoing
3.	Gender study on the causes and consequences of sexual exploitation and abuse to inform the development of strategies and responses	Concept finalized in February 2018; engaged in outreach for funding
4.	The UNDP Administrator has requested all country offices to develop and implement a comprehensive action plan to prevent and respond sexual exploitation and abuse.	Completed 30 September 2018
5.	UNDP/UNFPA/UNOPS jointly retained an external independent review of their Sexual exploitation and abuse and Sexual harassment policies and procedures	Initiated fourth quarter 2018; ongoing
6.	UNFPA appointed a senior focal point for Prevention of Sexual Exploitation and Abuse at the Assistant Secretary-General level, who is assisted by a full-time Coordinator and an ad-hoc inter divisional working group at the directors' level	September 2018
7.	UNFPA leads training for PSEA focal points, invitation extended to interested Entities	Ongoing
8.	UNHCR reinforced its safeguarding structure, which includes investigative, legal, ethics and staff welfare functions, through additional resources and training. Also, UNHCR appointed a Senior Coordinator (director) to lead its work on sexual exploitation and abuse and sexual harassment. The Senior Coordinator reports to the Deputy High Commissioner, who chairs an emergency task force on sexual exploitation and abuse with director-level membership, and is supported by a cross-functional Working Group	March 2018
9.	UNHCR released its sexual exploitation and abuse and sexual harassment strategy and action plan taken forward by cross-divisional teams at Headquarters and in the field http://www.unhcr.org/5b2cb6284	May 2018
10.	UNHCR consolidated its network of 380 PSEA Focal Points who support PSEA programming and activities on the ground and interact and share good practices through an online platform	July 2018; ongoing
11.	UNHCR concluded a survey across 41 operations to collect information on the most used communication systems and what challenges exist in collecting, using, and responding to feedback from persons of concern with a view to strengthen community-based complaints and feedback mechanisms	September 2018



12. UNICEF Executive Director issued a public statement on her commitment to prevent sexual exploitation and abuse and launched an independent review of UNICEF's response https://www.unicef.org/press-releases/unicefs-position-sexual-exploitation-and-abuse-and-sexual-harassment	February 2018
13. UNICEF completed two internal independent reviews on sexual exploitation and abuse and sexual harassment as part of its work to strengthen a zero-tolerance environment. A UNICEF Management Response to the to the Independent Panel Review on PSEA has endorsed all the recommendations in the independent review. The findings from both reviews have been made public, as well as UNICEF's management response to PSEA https://www.unicef.org/evaluation/index 102739.html	September 2018 Management response released December 2018 Update to the Executive Board on progress to date in January 2019
14. UNICEF allocated internal resources to scale up PSEA and launched a PSEA results monitoring framework to support country-level implementation working closely with its 5 Regional Offices to support PSEA Focal Points in all humanitarian contexts	September 2018; ongoing
15. UNICEF revised its programme cooperation agreements and conducted global training for all regional and country offices and partners on the United Nations Protocol on Allegations of SEA involving Implementing Partners. A toolkit for partners is under development	June 2018; ongoing Translated in 5 UN Languages
16. UNOPS established a working group on sexual exploitation and abuse to coordinate internally to ensure smooth and effective implementation of its PSEA action plan	December 2018
17. UNRWA established a task force on sexual exploitation and abuse and sexual harassment to find innovative ways to ensure that the Agency meets the Secretary-General's and Chief Executives Board initiatives, standards and reporting requirements	February 2018
18. UN-Women developed and issued a sexual exploitation and abuse/sexual harassment handbook providing a comprehensive overview of the applicable policies and procedures	June 2018
19. WFP established an ad hoc joint Management and Executive Board Working Group on sexual exploitation and abuse, sexual harassment and whistleblower protection	Ongoing
20. WFP established a Protection from Sexual Exploitation and Abuse Advisory Group with key stakeholders from each operational region, to provide a learning and knowledge sharing platform and strengthen WFP Prevention of Sexual Exploitation and Abuse Focal Points capacity to fulfil their role	First consultation held September 2018; ongoing
21. WFP consolidated its network of more than 250 PSEA Focal Points. who support PSEA activities at the field level and is updating PSEA Focal Points Terms of Reference. The first WFP online training and accompanying toolkit for PSEA Focal Points is also under development	Ongoing



22. **WFP** is developing a PSEA Strategy and Implementation Plan

Expected second quarter 2019

Inter-Agency Standing Committee initiatives

The Inter-Agency Standing Committee (IASC) is the primary coordination mechanism to facilitate coherent and timely international response to emergencies and to formulate policy for strengthened humanitarian action. Established by the United Nations General Assembly resolution 46/182 in 1991, the IASC includes UN agencies, the International Committee of the Red Cross, the International Federation of the Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies, non-governmental organizations and the World Bank. IASC members have individual mandates but are united by the humanitarian principles of humanity, impartiality, neutrality, and independence. The IASC produces system-wide policy, guidance and tools to harmonize and improve the collective response.

	Initiative	Status
1.	Executive Director of UNICEF appointed Inter-Agency Standing Committee Champion on Protection from Sexual Exploitation and Abuse/Sexual Harassment for the humanitarian sector until June 2019 to be succeeded by the UN High Commissioner for Refugees until June 2020.	June 2018 IOM – June 2011 to June 2018 March 2019, ED Fore will reconvene IASC Senior Focal Points around a call for action to scale up PSEA across all humanitarian and refugee response countries.
	In this capacity, UNICEF Executive Director Fore has outlined PSEA priorities that she will focus on in her Championship capacity (in a letter to Principals in September); convened IASC Senior Focal Points to advance PSEA priorities, including scaling up country-level PSEA implementation (November 2018); and presented a proposal for accelerating PSEA at country-level that was endorsed by IASC Principals (December 2018). A PSEA gap analysis across humanitarian countries is underway, together with the development of a country-level framework, to inform implementation of the country-level package, including the allocation of resources by IASC members	
2.	IASC Six Core Principles on Sexual Conduct for Humanitarian Workers published in 50 languages https://interagencystandingcommittee.org/focal-points/documents-public/plan-action-and-core-principles-codes-conduct-protection-sexual-abuse	2002, under revision, additional translations ongoing
3.	IASC Champions' Strategy on Protection from and response to Sexual Exploitation and Abuse and Sexual Harassment outlines vision, strategy and priorities until June 2020 as agreed between the ERC, UNICEF and UNHCR and endorsed by the IASC Principals https://interagencystandingcommittee.org/iasc-senior-focal-points-sexual-exploitation-abuse-and-harassment/content/strategy-protection-and	November 2018
4.	Emergency Relief Coordinator communicates IASC Champions Strategy to all humanitarian coordinator, underlining the responsibility to deliver the strategy in their countries, including through country- based PSEA networks	November 2018

		<u>, </u>
5.	IASC and UN Chief Executives Board Task Force on addressing Sexual Harassment co-organize a meeting of investigatory bodies on Protection from Sexual Exploitation, Abuse and Harassment to harmonize approaches to investigation and strengthen system-wide capacity	November 2018
6.	Fund established to provide rapid grants to IASC organizations and partners to investigated quickly and competently reported incidents of SEA or sexual harassment, managed by OCHA https://interagencystandingcommittee.org/iasc-champion-sexual-exploitation-and-abuse-and-sexual-harassment/content/ocha-fund-investigations	November 2018
7.	IASC endorses Minimum Operating Standards for Protection from SEA (MOS-PSEA) and Guidelines to implement them https://interagencystandingcommittee.org/system/files/3 minimum operating standards mos-psea.pdf https://interagencystandingcommittee.org/protection-sexual-exploitation-and-abuse/documents-public/guidelines-implement-minimum-operating	2013, currently under revision
8.	IASC endorses global standard operating procedures for inter-agency cooperation in community-based complaint mechanisms in humanitarian operations to receive allegations of sexual exploitation and abuse and publishes best practice guide https://interagencystandingcommittee.org/node/17836 https://interagencystandingcommittee.org/node/17906	Endorsed 2016; ongoing
9.	The IASC Task Team on Accountability to Affected Populations and Protection from Sexual Exploitation and Abuse manages a website of resources, training and guidance http://www.pseataskforce.org/	Updated regularly
10.	IOM launched a project to strengthen the humanitarian community's collective ability to reduce and effectively respond to sexual abuse and exploitation by aid workers, and to strengthen interagency PSEA leadership and coordination. Having developed and rolled out the 2016 IASC Toolkit ⁸ , IOM is providing technical assistance to Humanitarian Country Teams and PSEA Networks	Established 2016; ongoing
11.	IOM to build off the humanitarian gap analysis through consultation with in-country PSEA Networks	Ongoing
12.	IOM launches a 2-phase initiative to build a talent pool of potential PSEA Coordinators by developing a training package and tools to meet the rising demand for dedicated in-country coordinators	Consultation phase: May 2019; Training phase: Summer 2019
13.	IOM informs the global dialogue on inter-agency PSEA implementation based on the lessons learned from rolling out the 2016	Third quarter 2019

⁸ The 2016 toolkit includes the Best Practice Guide on Inter-Agency Community-Based Complaint Mechanisms, and the Global Standard Operating Procedures on Inter-Agency Cooperation in Community-Based Complaint Mechanisms.



IASC PSEA Toolkit, at the request of the IASC Principals, and will bundle its experiences to share among field and global colleagues	
14. IOM deployments on request to support or establish protection	2017 – Bangladesh;
from sexual exploitation and abuse collective in-country initiatives	2018 - Syrian Arab Republic
15. IOM conducted in-country trainings and regional trainings of trainers	2017-2018
for inter-agency community-based complaint mechanisms, aimed at	
capacitating PSEA Network Co-Chairs and Coordinators ⁹	
16. Training for Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) on their institutional	Somalia 2018
and collective prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse roles (to be	
developed into generic HCT guidance package)	
17. As lead agency for gender-based violence (GBV), UNFPA is	Initiated late 2018; to be completed
conducting a multi-agency GBV mapping of services (referral	third quarter 2019
pathway) available to victims and prevention of sexual of sexual	
exploitation of abuse	

⁹ In-country trainings were in Chad, Iraq, Lebanon, Malawi, Nigeria, Turkey (refugee response and cross-border Syrian Arab Republic response) and Yemen. Regional trainings of trainers were in Eastern Africa (June 2018), Middle East and Northern Africa (July 2018), and Western-Central Africa (Sept 2018).