



United Nations Peacebuilding Commission



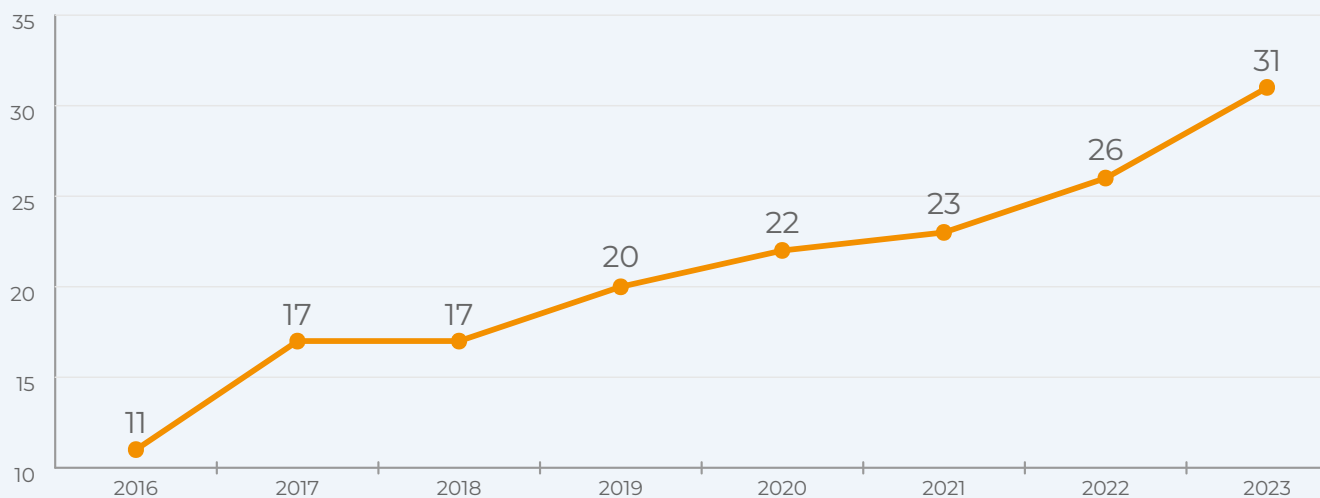
Peacebuilding Commission

In 2005, in resolutions [A/RES/60/180](#) and [S/RES/1645 \(2005\)](#) the General Assembly and Security Council established the Peacebuilding Commission (PBC), mandating it to provide political accompaniment and advocacy to conflict-affected countries, with their consent. In resolutions [A/RES/70/262](#) and [S/RES/2282 \(2016\)](#), the Commission was mandated to advise the General Assembly and the Security Council on peacebuilding and sustaining peace; to promote an integrated, strategic and coherent approach to peacebuilding; to act as a bridge among the principal organs and relevant United Nations entities by sharing advice on peacebuilding needs and priorities; and to convene all relevant actors within and outside the United Nations. In resolutions [A/RES/75/201](#) and [S/RES/2558 \(2020\)](#), the Commission was called to continue strengthening its advisory, bridging, and convening roles in support of nationally-owned priorities and efforts in the countries and regions under its consideration.



COUNTRY AND REGIONAL ENGAGEMENTS

Country and Regional Engagements since 2016



The Peacebuilding Commission supports national and regional peacebuilding priorities, at the request of concerned governments. In 2023, the Commission engaged in support of 10 separate country- and region-specific settings, broadening its geographic scope, including by holding meetings for the first time on Canada, Honduras, Mozambique, Nepal and Norway.

Since its inception, the Commission has engaged with a total of 31 countries and regions. The Commission's activities include holding meetings, joint events, giving briefings and providing advice to the main bodies of the United Nations (such as the General Assembly, the Security Council and the Economic and Social Council) and other fora, as well as undertaking field visits and informal interactions with relevant stakeholders.

1. the Central African Republic, Canada, Colombia, Guinea-Bissau, Honduras, Liberia, Mozambique, Nepal, Norway, and South Sudan.

CROSS-CUTTING AND THEMATIC ENGAGEMENTS

The Commission's cross-cutting and thematic engagements are conducted through country-specific and regional discussions, allowing nations to share experiences and best practices in peacebuilding. Key topics include institution building, transitional justice, security sector reform, the rule of law, electoral processes, reconciliation, displacement, climate change, education, and socioeconomic development, as well as partnerships for peacebuilding.



Additionally, the Commission focuses on the agendas of Women, Peace and Security and Youth, Peace and Security. It actively promotes South-South and triangular cooperation by creating forums where experiences and successful practices in peacebuilding can be exchanged and shared.

ADVANCING INCLUSIVITY



Since 2016, the Commission's [Gender Strategy](#) and its [Action Plan](#) have significantly increased the participation of women peacebuilders in its meetings, rising from 22% in 2019 to 42% in 2023. The Commission actively incorporates gender perspectives into its country, regional, and thematic activities, including visits, ensuring that the voices and priorities of women peacebuilders are represented. Gender issues are consistently addressed in the Commission's outcome documents and its recommendations to the Security Council.

Additionally, aligned with its [Strategic Action Plan on Youth and Peacebuilding](#), the Commission is dedicated to integrating youth considerations into its initiatives and advocating for the vital contributions of young people and youth organizations to peacebuilding efforts. In 2023, representatives from youth organizations participated in 10% of the Commission's meetings.

ADVISORY AND BRIDGING ROLES

The Commission plays a distinctive advisory role to both the **General Assembly** and the **Security Council**, serving as a vital link between these bodies and the **Economic and Social Council**. In 2023, its recommendations addressed critical situations in the Central African Republic, Colombia, South Sudan, the Great Lakes region, West Africa, and the Sahel. The Commission also prioritized collaboration with the African Union, emphasizing issues such as Women, Peace and Security, resilience-building in peace operations, climate change, and sustaining peace.

Furthermore, the Commission continued to provide guidance to the General Assembly and contribute to the Economic and Social Council on essential topics, including sustainable and inclusive development, durable peace, and partnerships for effective peacebuilding.



CONVENING ROLE



The Commission fosters coordinated approaches to support nationally-led peacebuilding efforts across the United Nations system, with a particular emphasis on mission transitions and conflict-affected areas. To ensure collaboration among humanitarian, development, and peace actors, the Commission regularly invites briefers from the field, including representatives from peacekeeping operations, special political missions, United Nations Country Teams, and other UN political presences to participate in its country and region-specific meetings.




In 2023, briefers from various UN entities enriched the Commission's discussions: UN Missions represented 10% of all briefers, United Nations Country Teams contributed 5%, UN Intergovernmental Bodies accounted for 8%, and briefers from UN Agencies,






















Funds, and Programmes made up 15%. This diverse engagement underscores the Commission's role as a vital platform for dialogue at the intersection of peace and development.

The Commission serves as a platform for a diverse array of peacebuilding actors—spanning global, regional, national, and local levels—to come together and discuss both opportunities and challenges in peacebuilding. In 2023, the Commission expanded its outreach by inviting non-United Nations partners to provide briefings during its meetings, including national and local government officials, regional and subregional organizations, intergovernmental bodies, civil society organizations, and international financial institutions.

Additionally, the Commission held its sixth annual informal consultative meeting with the African Union Peace and Security Council, reinforcing their partnership to support peacebuilding and post-conflict reconstruction and development across Africa. This meeting emphasized the critical roles of national ownership, civil society participation, and the inclusion of women and youth in the peacebuilding process.

LEADERSHIP AND MEMBERSHIP 2024

Chair	Vice-Chairs	
 Brazil	 Croatia	 Kenya

Members elected by the General Assembly	Members elected by the Security Council	Members elected by the Economic and Social Council
 Egypt	 Algeria	 Brazil
 Kenya	 China	 Croatia
 Poland	 France	 Denmark
 Qatar	 Guyana	 Italy
 Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	 Russia	 Nigeria
 South Africa	 United Kingdom	 Peru
 Uruguay	 United States of America	 Republic of Korea

Five top providers of military personnel and civilian police to United Nations missions

 Bangladesh
 Ethiopia
 India
 Nepal
 Rwanda

Five top providers of assessed contributions to United Nations budgets and of voluntary contributions to the United Nations funds, programmes and agencies

 Canada
 Germany
 Japan
 Norway
 Sweden