Lessons Learned from the VNRs

Virtual Meeting of National Focal Points (NFPs) of Small Island Developing States (SIDS)

Tonya Vaturi, UN DESA 22 and 24 November



SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT KNOWLEDGE PLATFORM









HOME HIGH-LEVEL POLITICAL FORUM STATES

SIDS

SDGS

TOPICS

UN SYSTEM

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

PARTNERSHIPS

RESOURCES

ABOUT

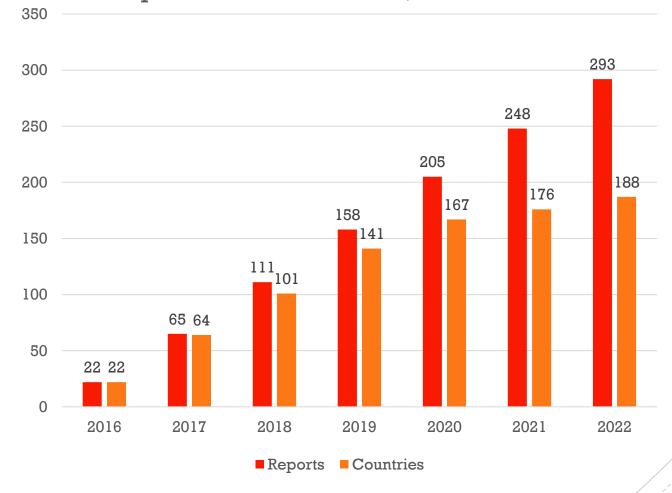




The growth of VNR reporting

2016 to 2022

Number of reports and countries having presented at least once, 2016-2022



42 VNR Countries in 2021

| VNR | ASIA PACIFIC (14) | LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN (11) | AFRICA (10) | WESTERN EUROPE AND OTHERS (7) | EASTERN EUROPE (2) |
|------------------------|--|--|---|--|-----------------------|
| First time (9) | DPRK Marshall Islands Myanmar | Antigua and Barbuda Bolivia Cuba Nicaragua | Angola | San Marino | |
| Second time (25) | Afghanistan Bhutan China Iraq Japan Lao PDR Malaysia Saudi Arabia Thailand | Bahamas Dominican Republic Paraguay | Cabo Verde Chad Madagascar Namibia Tunisia Zimbabwe | Cyprus Denmark Germany Norway Spain Sweden | Czech Republic |
| Third time (10) | Indonesia Qatar | Colombia Guatemala Mexico Uruguay | Egypt Niger Sierra Leone | | Azerbaijan |

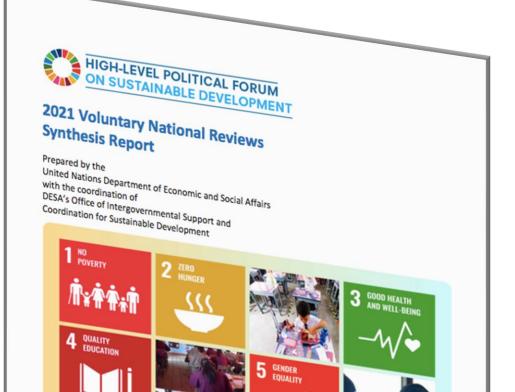
The 6th edition of the VNR Synthesis Report

Chapters:

- > Bringing SDGs into the national context: assessments and strategies
- ➤ Institutions for implementing the 2030 Agenda
- ➤ Leaving no one behind
- ➤ Countries in special situations (new sub chapter on SIDS)
- ➤ Sustainable Development Goals and targets
- ➤ Monitoring and data
- ➤ Coherence among global frameworks and with regional frameworks
- ➤ Stakeholder Engagement
- ➤ Awareness-raising
- ➤ Means of implementation
- ➤ Differences between first and subsequent VNRs
- ➤ Main measures in the response to the COVID-19 pandemic and information on overall impact

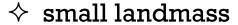
Available at:

https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/vnrs/



SIDS

Challenges



- high cost of transport, communication and energy
- low-lying areas and extreme vulnerability to climate change and natural hazards
- ♦ fragility of island ecosystems and high level of endemism
- ♦ narrow resource-based and undiversified economies
- remoteness from markets and strong dependence on trade, travel and remittances
- high sensitivity to international fluctuations and narrow trade partners
- ♦ lack of access to concessional financing



SIDS are working together for a sustainable and resilient recovery



Partnerships Innovative solutions Economic recovery Development finance Disaster resilience **Digitization** Sustainable tourism Systems approaches Ocean-based economies Creative and cultural industries Gender equality **Food Security**

46 VNR Countries in 2022 (9 SIDS)

| Number of Times Presenting/Region | 1 st Time (12) | 2 nd time (29) | 3 rd Time (3) | 4 th Time (2) |
|--|--|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Africa (22) | Djibouti, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Gabon, Guinea-Bissau, São Tomé and Príncipe, Somalia | Botswana, Cameroon, Comoros, Côte d'Ivoire, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Gambia, Ghana, Lesotho, Liberia, Malawi, Mali, Senegal, Sudan | | Togo |
| Asia Pacific (7) | Tuvalu | Jordan, Kazakhstan, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, United Arab Emirates | Philippines | |
| Eastern Europe (3) | | Belarus, Latvia, Montenegro | | |
| Latin America and the Caribbean (8) | Dominica, Grenada, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Suriname | El Salvador, Jamaica | Argentina | Uruguay |
| Western Europe and Other (6) | | Andorra, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands | Switzerland | |



Thank You

Merci

