

Integrated National Financing Frameworks

LDCs' Access to Finance Virtual Roundtable for LDCs in Asia and the Pacific, 6-8 December 2022

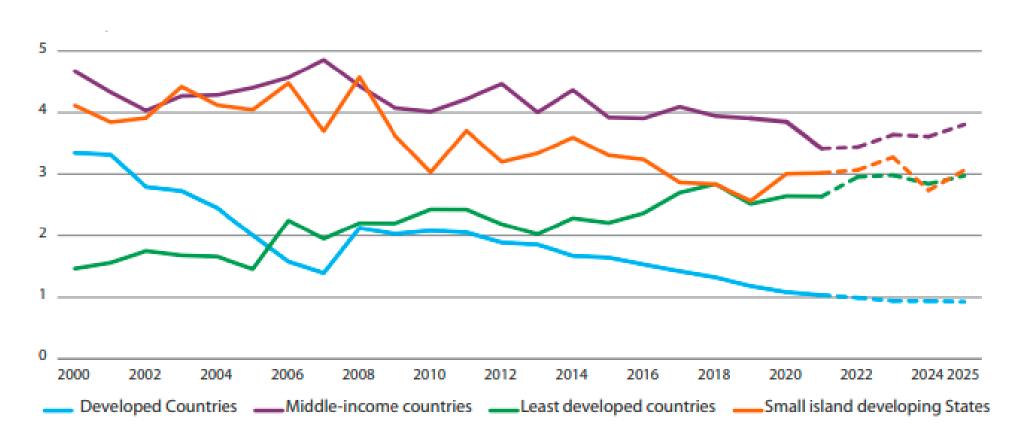
Oliver Schwank, UN DESA



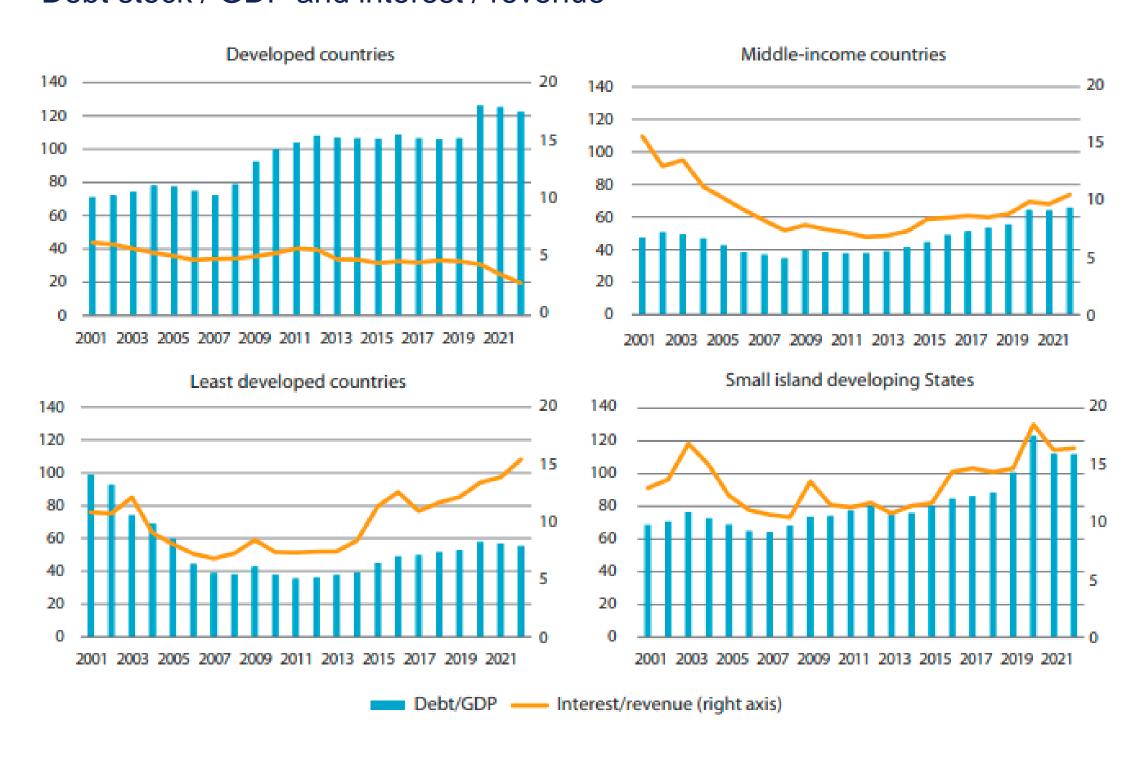
Great finance divide

Finance divide is driving recovery gap and puts SDGs at risk

Interest cost of outstanding debt



Debt stock / GDP and interest / revenue



Source: 2022 Financing for Sustainable Development Report

Global action needed: SDG Stimulus Plan

Expand public lending by better leveraging MDBs and public development banks
 Address debt challenges: enhanced DSSI, other forms of debt relief, addressing gaps in the architecture

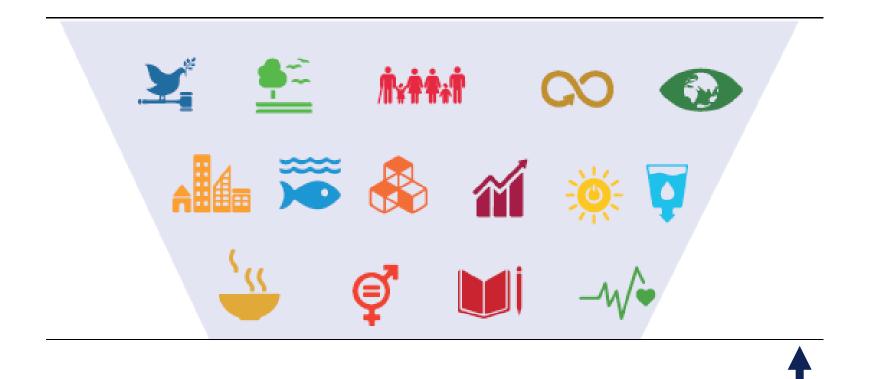
12 Expand liquidity facilities and new issuance of SDRs

Align financing with SDGs and climate action at the country level - INFFs

What are INFFs?

Integrated national financing framework

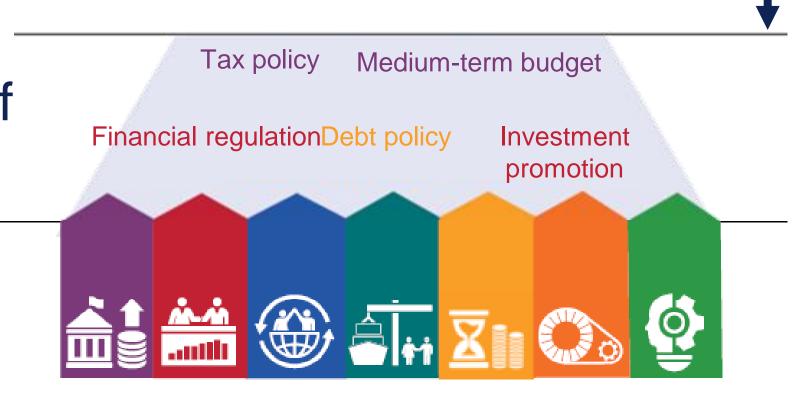
National sustainable development plan



Gap between plans and financing policies

Policies governing each type of public & private finance

Public and private finance



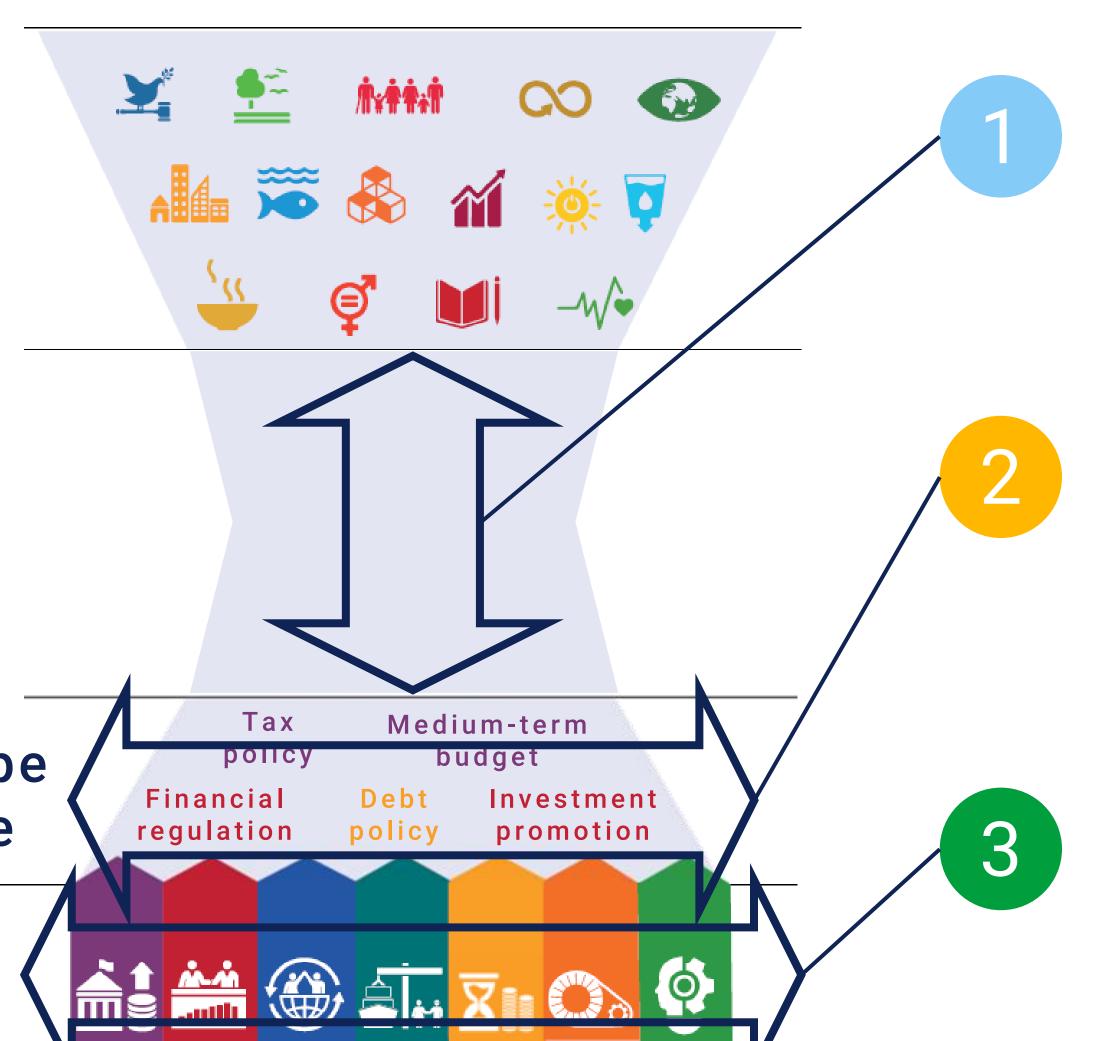
Integrated national financing framework

National sustainable development plan

INFF financing strategy

Policies governing each type of public & private finance

Public and private finance



Strategic integration of plan and financing policies

Coherence and prioritisation across public and private financing policies

Deeper collaboration between public and private actors

Why should countries adopt INFFs?



Raise SDG financing and align all financing with sustainable development



Enhance coherence:

- Across financing policies
- Between economic, climate and environmental, social impacts, and across ministries



Better manage risk and an increasingly complex financing landscape



Help countries better articulate their development cooperation needs and enhance transparency



Streamline the wide variety of tools offered by the international community to support national action



Governance & Coordination

Governance and coordination mechanisms guide the process and enhance coherence across government.



Monitoring & Review

Monitoring and review helps governments track progress and draw lessons for policy design and implementation.



Inception phase

The inception phase starts the process and brings together relevant policymakers and stakeholders.



Assessment & Diagnostics

Assessments and diagnostics provide a complete picture of financing: i) needs; ii) sources; iii) risk factors; and iv) binding constraints/challenges.



Financing Strategy

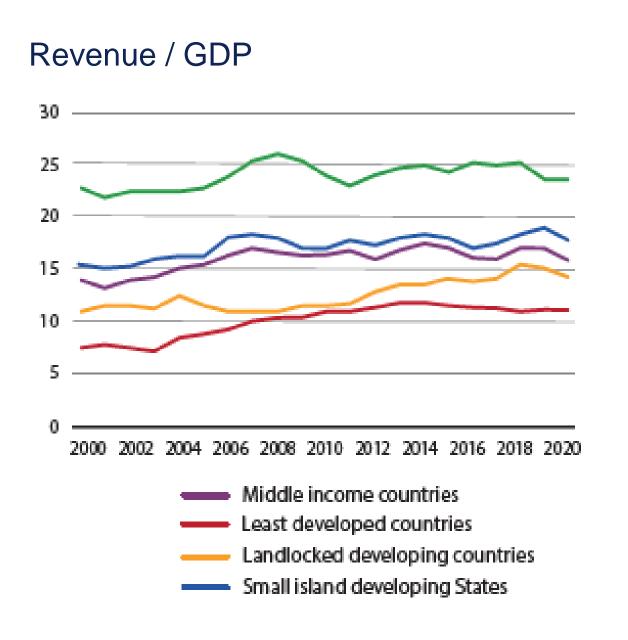
Financing strategies set out a set of sequenced actions to finance national development strategies and goals, and mobilise and align financing with national priorities.

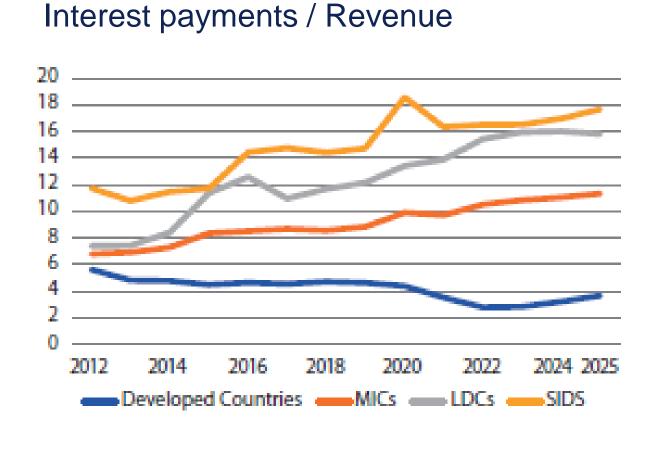
O INFFs in vulnerable countries

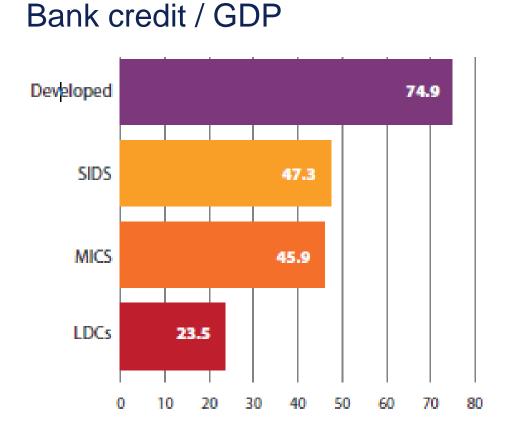
Financing challenges in LDCs (and SIDS)

Low domestic revenue, ... high debt burdens, ...

and a lack of financial depth..







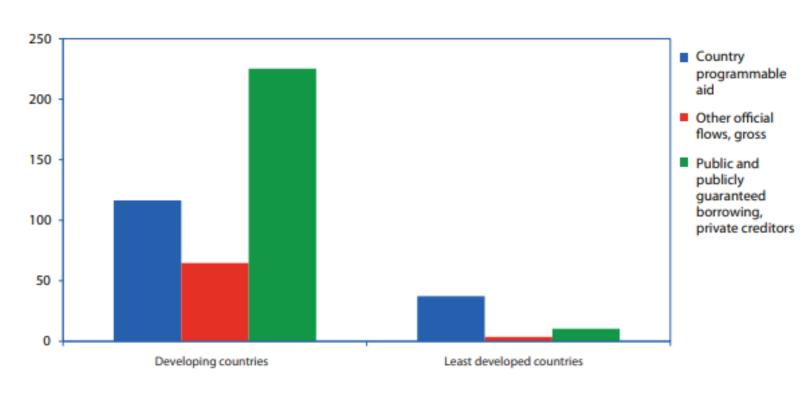
Source: 2022 Financing for Sustainable Development Report

Financing challenges in LDCs (and SIDS)

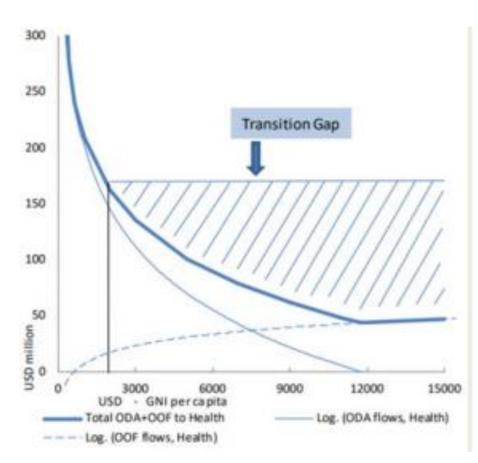
Leads to greater dependence on external public finance ...

... and vulnerability to changes in access to such financing (transition financing challenges).

Official flows and sovereign borrowing in USD



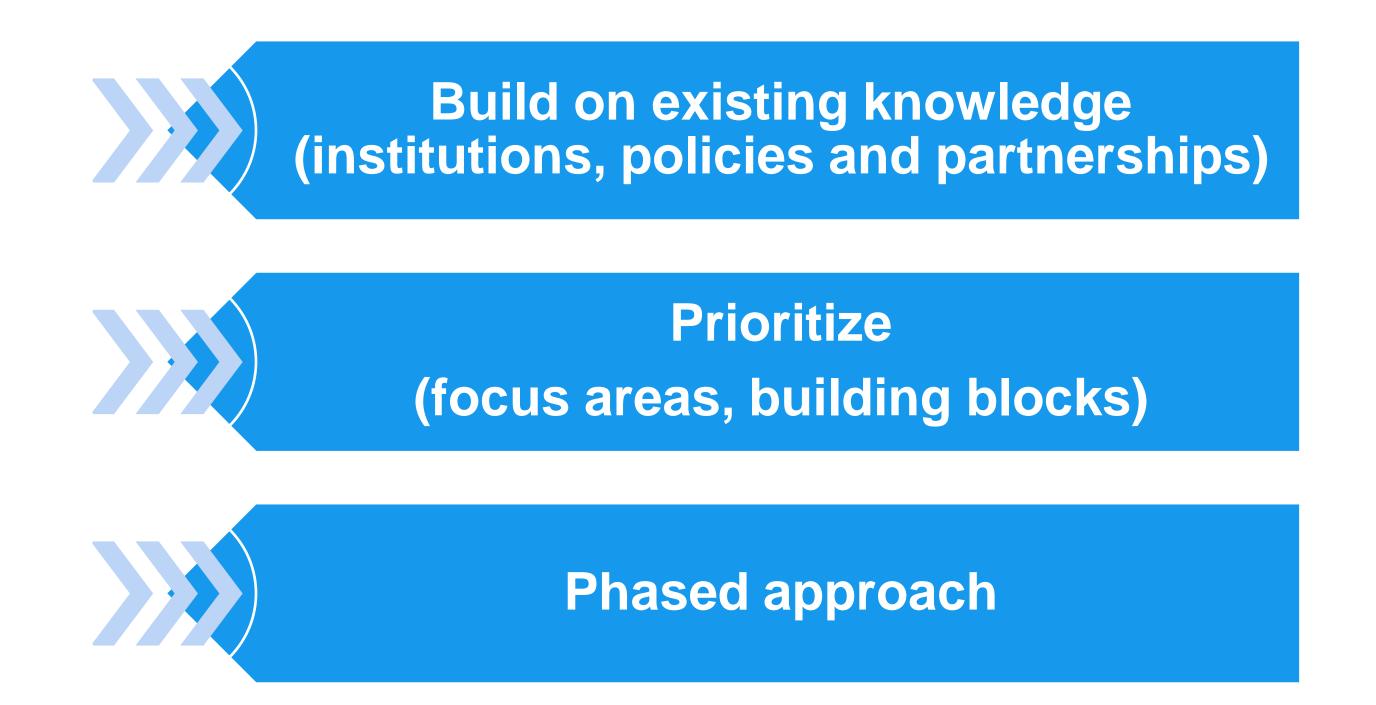
Official financing for health / GNI per capita



Source: 2022 Financing for Sustainable Development Report, OECD Transition Financing Toolkit

Special considerations in vulnerable countries

- Absorptive Capacity
- ❖ Important role of development cooperation + 'transition finance' challenges



Special considerations in vulnerable countries – financing strategy

Building Block	Build on existing systems and knowledge	Prioritization	Phased approach
Financing strategy	Institutional level: ministries responsible for planning and budgeting Policy level: PFM and SDGs Partnership level: leveraging existing partnerships/ platforms	Consider the impact of immediate challenges on policy prioritization Assess resource requirements, focus on strategic areas (including access to concessional finance) Undertake macro, coherence and risk checks – e.g. impacts of graduation	implementing the financing strategy over phases depending on the maturity level;

INFF Facility



Momentum for knowledge and partnerships

 2019 FfD report is published, including a thematic chapter on INFFs

2019

- INFF Knowledge Platform is launched
- INFF global methodology published (IATF)
- Rome G20 Leaders' Summit endorses INFFs and G20 Framework for voluntary support to INFFs
- Setting up partnership for an INFF Facility

2021

The way forward:

- Expansion of INFF Facility partnership
- Scaled-up support for INFFs

2023 and beyond

2020

First INFF guidance document is published

2022

- INFF Facility is launched at FfD Forum
- INFF discussion at the OECD DAC
- INFF additional guidance deep dives to be published

The INFF Facility is strengthening the international architecture for supporting country-led INFFs.

The facility works in three important ways:

- Responds to country demand for technical assistance
- Deepens cooperation between public, private, and civil society actors, helping national institutions deliver reforms
- Provides a platform for countries to share, connect and learn from one another and access innovative tools, knowledge and guidance.



CORE PARTNERS







SUPPORTING PARTNERS







More information: www.inff.org

Thank you!

