IOM

Established in 1951, IOM is an intergovernmental organization dedicated to promoting human and orderly migration for the benefit of all by: (i) advancing understanding of migration issues; (ii) assisting governments in meeting the challenges of migration; (iii) encouraging social and economic development through migration; and (iv) upholding the dignity and well-being of migrants, their families and their communities. Since 2005, IOM operates a counter-trafficking programme in Indonesia adopting a "3Ps" approach, namely: **Prevention** of trafficking, through awareness-raising and community empowerment; **Protection** of victims under its Victim Assistance Fund; and **Prosecution** of traffickers, through law enforcement capacity-building.

UNFPA

UNFPA is a UN agency that promotes the right of every woman, man and child to enjoy a life of health and equal opportunity. UNFPA's goal is to deliver a world where every pregnancy is wanted, every childbirth is safe and every young person's potential is fulfilled. UNFPA in Indonesia has been actively promoting reproductive health, population and development, and gender equality efforts since 1972. Gender-based violence, including human trafficking, is currently one of the key issues addressed by UNFPA Indonesia under its current eight Country Programme cycle (2011-2015).

WHO

Set up in 1948, WHO is the directing and coordinating authority for health within the United Nations system. It is responsible for providing leadership on global health matters, shaping the health research agenda, setting norms and standards, articulating evidence-based policy options, providing technical support and monitoring health trends. WHO began its operation in Indonesia in 1950 and concentrates on supporting health service development, such as mental health services, strengthening effective response to urgent health needs and advocating neglected public healthpriorities.

UNTFHS

Launched in 1999 by the Government of Japan and the United Nations Secretariat, the the United Nation Trust Fund for Human Security (UNTFHS) aims to support activities that apply, promote and disseminate the concept of human security. Human security is commonly defined as the process of protecting people's 'freedom from fear' and 'freedom from want', by creating political, social, environmental, economic, military and cultural systems that, when combined, give people the building blocks for survival, livelihood and dignity.

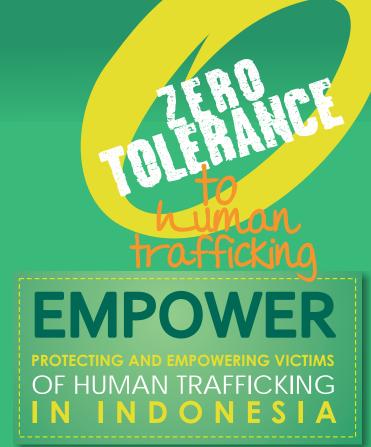
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A joint programme of the:

International Organization for Migration (IOM)
United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA)
World Health Organization (WHO)

In partnership with:

Indonesia's National Task Force to Combat Trafficking in Persons



Context

Indonesia is a key source of cross-border and internal human trafficking. A big majority of victims of crossborder trafficking are women migrant workers being trafficked through labour migration channels for labour or sexual exploitation. Internal trafficking affects mostly women and children who are trafficked from rural to urban areas, for the purpose of domestic servitude or commercial sexual exploitation, including child sex tourism. The lack of awareness within source communities on the risks of trafficking, along with weak law enforcement and insufficient regulatory measures to better prevent trafficking and manage migration in the interest of the well-being of migrants, have made human trafficking a serious threat to human security in Indonesia.

Objectives

- To strengthen the policy and institutional framework to address the causes and consequences of human trafficking;
- To increase criminal justice response to human trafficking;
- To protect and empower victims of human trafficking;
- To prevent human trafficking at the grassroots level.

Target areas

- Indramayu, West Java
- Sambas, West Kalimantan
- Lombok, West Nusa Tenggara

Activities

The three partner agencies will work with Indonesia's National Task Force to Combat Trafficking in Persons, to support the implementation of the national antitrafficking law, policies and action plan in the three target areas.

Activities will include:

- Technical support for the development of plans of action and standard operating procedures at local level;
- Technical support for the development of monitoring and evaluation tools at national level;
- Coordination support between national and sub-national Task Forces;
- Policy dialogue between Indonesia and destination/transit counties on victim protection;
- Research on health risks associated with human trafficking;
- Training of law enforcement officers on criminalising human trafficking;
- Training of social and health service providers on victim protection;
- Equipment grants to social and health service providers;
- Provision of victim assistance;
- Community and media awareness-raising on human trafficking;
- Set up of Anti-Trafficking Community Watch Groups at village level.







Partnership

The programme will be implemented in coordination with Indonesia's National Task Force to Combat Trafficking in Persons. The National Task Force is chaired by the Coordinating Ministry of People's Welfare, coordinated by the Ministry of Women Empowerment and Child Protection and count 19 member institutions:

- Ministry of Home Affairs
- Ministry of Foreign Affairs
- Ministry of Finance
- Ministry of Religion
- Ministry of Justice and Human Rights
- Ministry of Transportation
- Ministry of Manpower and Transmigration
- Ministry of Social Affairs
- Ministry of Health
- Ministry of National Education
- Ministry of Culture and Tourism
- Ministry of Communication and Informatics
- National Development Planning Agency
- Ministry of Youth and Sports
- Indonesian National Police
- Attorney General Office
- National Board for the Placement and Protection of Indonesian Overseas Workers
- State Intelligence Agency
- National Statistics Agency

We should realize that the demographic conditions and sheer area of Indonesia mean there is still much work to be done in addressing trafficking in persons. We are greatly supportive of this cooperation between the IOM, UNFPA and WHO under the EMPOWER program, in order to enhance consolidation and our collective effort to eliminate the crime of trafficking in persons.



