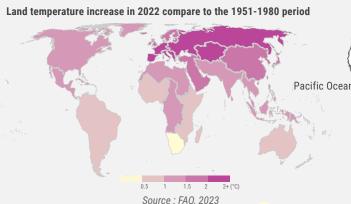
TAKE URGENT ACTION TO COMBAT CLIMATE CHANGE



Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all Hurricane occurance and intensity in America



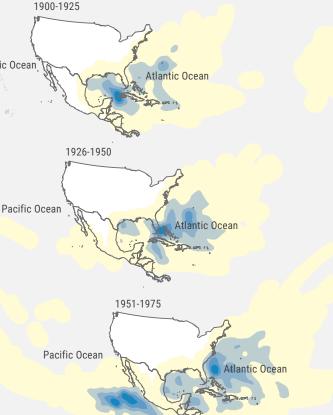
▲ According to NOAA's 2021 Annual Climate Report **the combined land and ocean temperature** has risen by an average of **0.08** °C **per decade** since 1880. The rate of warming since **1981** is more than twice as fast, reaching **0.18** °C **per decade**.

This change would imply an even larger percentage increase in the destructive potential per storm, with rapid intensification also projected to increase.



■ Flooded neighbourhood on Texas coast by the Hurricane Harvey, USA.

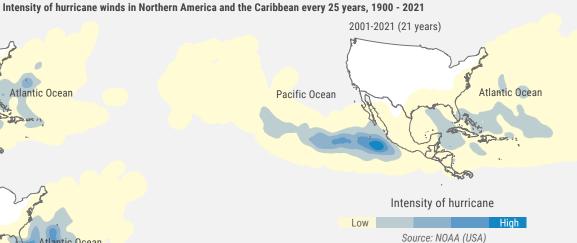
Texas National Guard, 2019



1976-2000

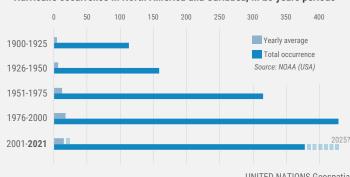
Atlantic Ocean

Pacific Ocean



- The temporal maps show that higher hurricane winds tend to be observed mostly in Atlantic Ocean before 1950 but Pacific Ocean or both oceans prevalently.
- ▼ A number of climate modelling studies project that **climate** warming will cause Atlantic hurricanes in the coming century to have higher rainfall rates and intensity on average by Recent Assessments of Tropical Cyclones and Climate Change of Geophysical Fluid Dynamics Laboratory (GFDL).





UNITED NATIONS Geospatial Map No. 4677.13 Dec 2023

The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

A dispute exists between the Governments of Argentina and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland concerning sovereignty over the Falkland Islands (Malvinas)