



END POVERTY IN ALL ITS FORMS EVERYWHERE



By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability

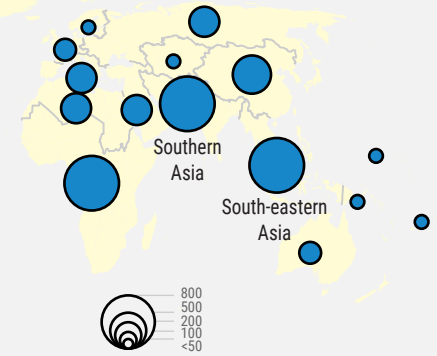
Population affected by floods

Between 1970 and 2021, there were **11,778 reported disasters** attributed to weather, climate and water extremes. They caused **2 million deaths** and **US\$ 4.3 trillion in economic losses**. Over **90%** of reported deaths worldwide occurred in developing economies, according to World Meteorological Organization (WMO) in 2022.

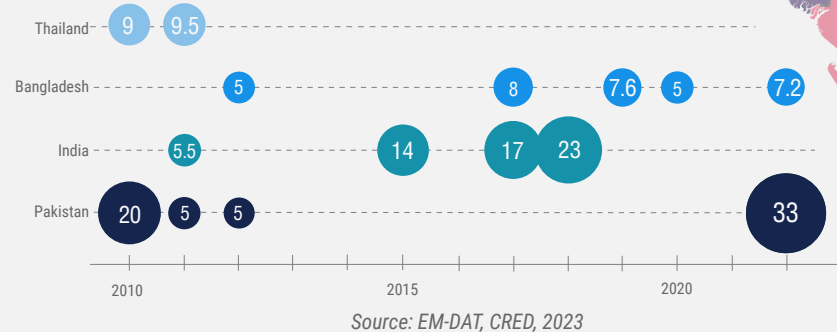
Major flood events, and smaller but frequent ones, can **revert years of progress** in development and poverty reduction.

Flood-related disasters represent **45%** of all disasters reported between 1970 and 2021 worldwide. Asia has **31%** of the highest flood-related disasters, as estimated by WMO ▶

Number of flood disasters by subregion between 2000 and 2022



Total affected people of 15 greatest floods in Southern and South-eastern Asia between 2010 and 2022 (million)



◀ Poverty is both a driver and result of disasters. As a direct consequence of the floods in Pakistan between June and August 2022, the national poverty rate will increase by 3.7 to 4.0 percentage points, pushing between 8.4 and 9.1 million people into poverty

UN Photo - Eskinder Debebe, 2022

PAKISTAN

NEPAL

INDIA

BANGLADESH

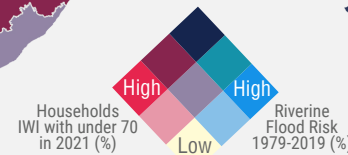
MYANMAR

LAO PEOPLE'S DEM. REP.

VIET NAM

THAILAND

CAMBODIA



Missing data for one or both indicators

Percentage of households under International Wealth (IWI) equal to 70 in 2021, compared with percentage of population expected to be affected by riverine floods.

Source: Global Data Lab, World Resources Institute, 2023

