Country: MAURITIUS	
Date of submission: 29 September 2014	

Voluntary National Report to the 11th Session of the United Nations Forum on Forests

Background

The eleventh session of the United Nations Forum on Forests (UNFF11) will be held from 4 to 15 May 2015 in New York. In accordance with the Forum's Multi-Year Program of Work for 2007-2015, the overall theme of UNFF11 is *Forests: progress, challenges and the way forward on the international arrangement on forests (IAF)*. The UNFF11 will, *inter-alia*:

- Review progress towards the achievement of the Global Objectives on Forests (GOFs) and implementation of the Non-Legally Binding Instrument on All Types of Forests (hereinafter referred to as the "Forest Instrument"), and
- Review the contribution of forests and the IAF, including the Forest Instrument, to the internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs).

The submission of national reports by UNFF Member States on the above items will provide a crucial input to the Secretary-General's analytical, consolidated report to UNFF11 on the progress and trends in the above-mentioned areas, as well as to the Forum's deliberation on the future of the IAF.

Pursuant to Resolution 10/1 of the tenth session of the Forum¹, the UNFF Secretariat (UNFFS) in collaboration with the CPF member organizations and in close consultations with countries, revised and streamlined the reporting format. The attached revised format builds on and further simplifies the UNFF10 reporting format. Specifically, the number of questions has been reduced by consolidating previous areas of overlap, and Member States are asked to submit only information that is not currently provided to CPF member organizations, or that is unavailable in other international databases.

The UNFF11 reporting format is presented in two parts. Part I includes questions related to the progress on the implementation of the Forest Instrument, including achievement of the GOFs. Part II includes questions on the contribution of forests and SFM to the achievement of the MDGs.

To the extent possible, the information submitted by countries to the UNFFS will be supplemented with quantitative data, *inter alia*, from the following international data providers:

- FAO, Forest Resources Assessment (FRA)/Collaborative Forest Resources
 Questionnaire (CRFQ) FAO, Forest Europe, UNECE, ITTO, Montreal Process and
 OFAC.
- Joint Forest Sector Questionnaire (JFSQ) FAO, ITTO, UNECE, EUROSTAT
- FAO, State of the World's Forests (SOFO) 2014
- Forest Stewardship Council (FSC) and Programme for the Endorsement of Forest Certification (PEFC).

¹ Resolution 10/1 of UNFF10 requested the UNFF secretariat (UNFFS) to further streamline the guidelines and format for voluntary national reporting to the eleventh session of the Forum including a technical discussion on reporting methodology with relevant experts of Collaborative Partnership on Forest member organizations, taking into account types of information provided to Collaborative Partnership on Forest member organizations and through criteria and indicators and other regional processes and balanced regional workshops depending on available resources.(United Nations Forum on Forests, Report on the Tenth Session -8 to 19 April 2013, E/2013/42 _E/CN.18/2013/18, Page 6)

Reporting Guidelines and Format

Member States are kindly requested to:

- Submit their completed national report electronically (in MS Word) in English, French or Spanish to unff@un.org, by 30 September 2014, at the latest. Early submissions will greatly facilitate the Secretariat's preparation of the analytical, consolidated Secretary-General's report to UNFF11. Please note that the MS Word file of the reporting format can also be downloaded from the UNFF website at: http://www.un.org/esa/forests//unff11_reporting_template.doc
- 2. Submit, in a separate electronic file, a scanned version of the official, signed letter conveying their submission from their respective Ministry, or a note verbale from their Permanent Mission to the United Nations in New York.
- 3. Submit any graphic elements included in their national report, as separate electronic files.
- 4. Check all boxes that apply to questions that have multiple-choice components. In addition to the "Yes" or "No" answers, countries are encouraged to provide brief descriptive narratives, as this provides context and background. Please also note that space provided for the descriptive information is limited to 250 words per question.

In view of the cross-cutting nature of issues related to forests and sustainable forest management (SFM), respondents are encouraged to consult with experts from relevant national ministries to complete the reporting format, including, for example, the ministries of environment, economic development, finance and agriculture. Respondents are also strongly encouraged to consult with the national focal points for the FAO Forest Resources Assessment (FRA), the Rio Conventions, other CPF member organizations and C&I processes, where applicable.

Please note that the Year 2007 – the year of the adoption of the Forest Instrument (2007), is used as a baseline throughout the document.

All terms used in this document are consistent with the FAO/FRA Working Paper 180 "Terms and Definitions FRA 2015": http://www.fao.org/docrep/017/ap862e/ap862e00.pdf

Abbreviations

C&I	Criteria and Indicators processes
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations
FLEGT	Forest Law Enforcement, Governance and Trade
FRA	FAO's global Forest Resources Assessment
GOF	Global Objectives on Forests
ITTO	International Tropical Timber Organization
MDGs	Millennium Development Goals
NFP	National Forest Programme
ODA	Official Development Assistance
SIDS	Small Island Developing States
SFM	Sustainable forest management
UN	United Nations
UNFF	United Nations Forum on Forests

General information

UNFF national focal point

Name:	Mr.Vishnu TEZOO
Title:	Conservator of Forests
Address:	Botanical Garden Street, Curepipe, MAURITIUS
Organization:	Forestry Service under the ageis of the Ministry of Agro Industry & Food Security, Republic of Mauritius.
Phone:	+ 230 6707254
Fax:	+ 230 6743449
Email:	vtezoo@mail.gov.mu moa-forestry@mail.gov.mu

Person to contact concerning the national report, if other than the UNFF national focal point

Name:	Mrs.Cecily CYPARSADE
Title:	Assistant Conservator of Forests
Address:	Botanical Garden Street, Curepipe, MAURITIUS
Organization:	Forestry Service under the ageis of the Ministry of Agro Industry & Food Security, Republic of Mauritius.
Phone:	+ 230 6707254
Fax:	+ 230 6743449
Email:	ccyparsade@mail.gov.mu cecyparsade@gmail.com

PART I:

<u>Progress on the implementation of the Forest Instrument,</u> <u>including achievement of the Global Objectives on Forests (GOFs)</u>

1.	government tal	ken to strengt	hen forest-re	ent in 2007, what elated policies, leg forest managemen	islation, and law		
			New	Amendment of	existing		
	Forest policy						
	Forest legislation	1					
	National forest p	rogramme					
	Forest land tenu	re					
	Other actions						
	None						
	Please provide for	urther informatio	on on these an	d/or other actions:			
	The National F term sustainabl productive roles forest resources Consequently, now managed production. Note: The ext Mauritius in 20 The total area of area. There are	orest Policy (20) e management s of the forest as. wood exploitation more for their ent of forest of 10 were around covered by forest e only two types	of our forest ras well as the on is gradually renvironment over and scrublar and scrublar of forest own.	specific objectives to e emphasis on the resources, ensuring preservation and combeing phased out a stall functions rather rubland/grassland in ares and 12 242 heads represent less the ership: public and provithin or dependent of the end of the end of the ership	medium and long- the protective and conservation of our and our forests are than for timber at the Republic of ctares respectively, an 25% of the land rivate. There is no		
	To what extent h			ive in advancing imp	elementation of the		
		Effective	Partially effective	Not effective	Not in place		
	Forest policy						
	Forest legislation						
	NFP				\boxtimes		
	Forest land tenures						
	Other actions						

Please provide 2-3 examples of effective actions in support of the Forest Instrument and web-link(s) to relevant document(s):

- In order to increase protected areas, an extent of about 497ha of planted forest with several environmentally sensitive areas(ESA's) was proclaimed as Bras d'Eau National Park in the year 2011.
- The Vallee D'Osterlog Endemic Garden was proclaimed in 2007 which has an extent of about 275ha for the conservation of endemic and native forests.
- A Nature Walk at Plaine Sophie of an extent of 10ha which comprises upland forests and ESA's was created in the year 2013 for public and tourists. No fees are charged to visit nauture walks.
- A Protected Area Network (PAN) is in progress under the project "Expanding coverage and Strengthening Management Effectiveness of the Terrestrial Protected Area Network on the island of Mauritius" funded by UNDP/GEF/Government of Mauritius. (Web link: agriculture.gov.mu) Date started: May 2013

Extent restored as at 30 June 2014: 269 ha which includes about 50ha of private forest lands

2.	intern	2007, what steps has your government taken to prevent and reduce actional trafficking in illegally-harvested forest products such as timber, fe and other biological resources?
		New legislation
	\boxtimes	Improved enforcement of existing legislation
	\boxtimes	Export controls
	\boxtimes	Import controls
	\boxtimes	Bilateral agreements between exporting/importing countries
		None
		Other, e.g. public procurement policies, public-private partnerships. Please list below:
	Spec	ementation of CITES (the Convention on International Trade in Endangered cies of Wild Fauna and Flora) e provide 2-3 examples and, if possible, provide web-link(s) to relevant nent(s):
		ergia spp(Bois de Rose) from Madagascar transited in Mauritius and was tually returned back to the country of origin due to this Convention.
3.	forest	• 2007, what steps has your government taken to raise the importance of ts and SFM in national development plans, poverty reduction strategies or equivalent plans?
	\boxtimes	Forests/SFM are now included in national development plans/strategies
	\boxtimes	Forests/SFM now have a higher priority in national development plans/strategies
		The contribution of forests/SFM to poverty eradication, food security, water security, employment is an ongoing subject of discussion
	\boxtimes	Other, please list below:

- The Environmentally Sensitive Areas (ESA) Framework (2008) allows for the preservation and sustainable use of sensitive areas which includes forests, mountains, caves, beaches, lagoons, coral reefs, wetlands, mangroves, rivers, surfaces as well as underground water and islets, amongst others.
- The Maurice Ile Durable (MID) concept was launched in the year 2008 with a view to transform the environmental, economic and social landscape of the country.MID has been defined by the Prime Minister as a societal project aimed at delivering sustainable growth with a vision for Mauritius to become a model of sustainable development. It is embedded in a strategic framework embracing 5 development pillars, commonly known as the 5E's, i.e. Energy, Environment, Education, Employment (which also comprises Economy) and Equity. The MID Policy, Strategy and Action Plan is anchored in the concept of sustainable development as defined in the 1992 Rio Earth Summit and subsequent international meetings leading up to the RIO+20 Conference in 2012. The aim of MID is to reconcile the three pillars of sustainable development, namely environmental protection, economic and social development with the ultimate goal of providing a better quality of life to all citizens.
- National Climate Change Adaptation Policy Framework for Republic of Mauritius (2012) emphasis the importance of forests & ecosystems for climate change adaptation. Action plans are being prepared.

Have these steps resulted in:

\boxtimes	More Official Development Assistance (ODA) being programmed to SFM-related activities
\boxtimes	More domestic public resources devoted to SFM-related activities
	Increased awareness of the importance of forests/SFM to sustainable development
	Increased awareness of the importance of forests/SFM to poverty eradication
	Other, please list below:

Please describe these steps, and, if possible, provide 2-3 examples and web-link(s) to relevant document(s):

- Domestic public resources have increased by about 15%
- "Capacity Building for Sustainable Land Management (SLM) in Mauritius including Rodrigues",(2007-2011) funded by the UNDP/GEF/FAO/Government of Mauritius. The objective of the project was to build capacities for sustainable land management (SLM) in appropriate government and civil society institutions/user groups in Mauritius and Rodrigues, and SLM is mainstreamed into government planning and strategy development. It benefited a land surface area estimated at 50,000 ha and contributed towards the achievement of the following long-term goal: The agricultural, pasture, forest and other terrestrial land management in Mauritius and Rodrigues are sustainable, productive systems that maintain ecosystem productivity and ecological functions while contributing directly to the environmental, economic and social well-being of the country. The Project on Building Capacity and Mainstreaming Sustainable Land

Management in Mauritius, including Rodrigues, is a Global Environment Facility (GEF)-funded Project through the United Nations Development Program (UNDP). The Project has been implemented by the Ministry of Agro Industry and Food Security through the National Directorate of Forestry from 2007 to 2011. Total Project Cost: US\$ 1,338,073.SLM Project Weblink:

http://www.thegef.org/gef/sites/thegef.org/files/gef_prj_docs/GEFProjectDoc uments/

- The Maurice Ile Durable (MID) concept was launched in the year 2008 with a view to transform the environmental, economic and social landscape of the country.MID weblink: www.mid.mu
- 4. Since 2007, has your government taken measures to strengthen coordination across ministries and departments whose policies have an impact on or may affect forests and SFM?

If Yes, please specify which ministries and/or departments are involved and how effective these measures have been in implementing SFM:

Institution/Organization	Area of interaction
Ministry of Finance & Economic Development	National level projects planning strategies & Forestry budget.
Ministry of Housing and Lands	Land use planning issues, particularly in relation to allocation of state-owned forest lands for development projects.
Ministry of Local Government and Local Authorities.	District level land use planning matters.
Ministry of Environment and Sustainable Development	Responsible for Environmentally Sensitive Areas, Environmental Impact Assessment, role of forests in rural development.
Ministry of Agro-Industry and Food Security- Forestry Service, National Parks & Conservation Service; Remote Sensing Unit; Mauritius Wildlife Foundation; Private Forest Owners; Nature Reserves Board and Wildlife and National Parks Advisory Council.	National Forestry Policy implementation. Degraded agricultural lands and Improvement of soil fertility. Deer ranching; fishing in rivers, lakes and mangroves. Mapping of natural resources and all land based mapping. Management of privately owned forests. Board and Council provide advice to the Minister.
University of Mauritius, Mauritius Sugar Industry Research Institute; Mauritius Research Council.	Forest staff training and Research.
Attorney-General's Office	Legislative matters, legal advice

		Effective	Partially effective	Not effective	Not in place		
•	lture/Rural opment	\boxtimes					
Climat	e Change	\boxtimes					
Enviro	nment	\boxtimes					
Mining	l						
Energy	y	\boxtimes					
Water		\boxtimes					
Touris	m	\boxtimes					
Other							
	e provide 2-3 exa to relevant docun		s-sectoral cod	operation and, i	f possible, web-		
Minisis 2. A service was considered as a consi	Management Systems in Eastern and Southern Africa in collobration with the Ministry of Environment (2011 – 2013) (www.environment.gov.mu) 2. A study of Environmentally Sensitive Areas in Mauritius and Rodrigues (2008) was commissioned by the Ministry of Environment and National Development Unit Government of Mauritius. (www.environment.gov.mu) 3. A Tree Planting Project for Clean Air in collaboration with the Ministry of Environment & SD has been initiated to plant 50,000 trees in 2014 and 100,000 trees in 2015. About 50000 plants/trees have already been issued to the Ministry of Environment to implement the project and it is ongoing. 4. A Protected Area Network (PAN) is in progress under the project (2013) "Expanding coverage and Strengthening Management Effectiveness of the Terrestrial Protected Area Network on the island of Mauritius" funded by UNDP/GEF/Government of Mauritius. (Web link: agriculture.gov.mu). The project undertaken in collaboration with the National Parks & Conservation Service.						
	your governme amme contain t	ime-bound ar					
	☐ Yes please list the tar le, provide web-li				ved and, if		
			nce the area				
	<u>=</u>		na 60.4 ha				

		Restoration	1363	ha					
Introdu	ction or	enforcement of:							
\boxtimes		ng legislation aimed station and or refores		duction	of	deforestation	on and/	or s	support
		legislation aimed at station and/or refores		ion of	def	orestation	and/or	sup	port of
		egislation and actions				•			
		dies for forest owners dies for forest protect		are and	l imp	lement mai	nageme	nt pl	lans
		ced/deferred taxes for		and					
		nterest loans for fores	st activiti	es/man	ager	ment			
		please list below:							
•		le National Forest Po tation and uncondit							
•	Th	e Forests and Res s, reserves and relate			33) (consolidate	s laws	; re	garding
Please		pe, and, if possible, p	provide :	2-3 exa	mple	es and web	o-link(s)	to r	elevant
		d hereunder are inclu						ne Fo	orestry
Service	ce which (i)	forms the Programn Reforestation/affore						in I	le aux
	()	Benetiers with nativ	e plants	of coa	stal	vegetation	types -	Pla	nts are
		being propagated a Novemebr 2014.	it the nu	rsery a	nd p	lanting will	be com	men	iced by
	(ii)	Reforestation/affore targeted extent of nursery and planting	10 hecta	res - P	lants	s are being	propag	atec	
	(iii)	Land clearing and Vacoas, Grand Bas land will be cleared cleared and planting	ssin and d for fo	Rivere rest pla	du f antati	Poste Secti ion – Abou	on. Abo it 20 ha	ut 5	0 ha of
	(iv)	Creation of coa Surinam/Souillac (2 and planting will sta	2ha) - P			ng propaga			netrique nursery
	SFM po Roundt Forest	f mechanisms are colicy formulation, plantables/committees ha	anning a	and im _l establi	plem shed	nentation?	et regula	arly	
		g them arise please list below:							

How effective	e are these	mechanisms in Effective	promoting cor Partially effective	nsensus approac Not effective	hes: Not in place		
Private sect	or			П			
Forest work	ers	\boxtimes					
Local comm	nunities						
Indigenous communitie	S						
NGOs		\boxtimes					
General Pu	blic		\boxtimes				
Please prov document(s):	ide 2-3 ex	camples, and, i	f possible, p	rovide web-link	(s) to relevant		
 The Mauritian Wildlife Foundation (MWF) is the only non-governmorganization (NGO) in Mauritius to be exclusively concerned with conservation and preservation of the nation's endangered plant and a species. (http://www.mauritian-wildlife.org). MWF has been leased lied Aigrettes (27 ha) island a nature reserve under the Forests & Reserve (1983) situated in the Mahebourg Bay, about 850 m off the south-east of Mauritius. In 1965 the island was declared a nature reserve and manages and restored the forest by reintroduction of rare species that long since disappeared from the island. About 50 ha of private forest lands are being restored as protected under the project "Expanding coverage and Strengthening Manage Effectiveness of the Terrestrial Protected Area Network on the island Mauritius" funded by UNDP/GEF/Government of Mauritius. (Web agriculture.gov.mu). 							
□ □ ⊠ Please provi	Complet Partially None Not appl de 2-3 exaiand services	riely licable mples how loca	I and indigend	ounities have to	s are benefiting		

9. Since 2007, has your government developed or updated financing strategies to achieve SFM and to implement the Forest Instrument?

		\boxtimes	Yes		No				
	If Yes	, what is	the timef	rame of	these strat	egies?			
	\boxtimes	2-5 yea	ars						
		5-10 ye							
		10-20 y							
		Other,	please sp	ecify:					
	These	e strategi	es take ir	nto acco	ount:				
			Domest	tic public	c funding				
			Domest	tic priva	te funding				
			Public in	nternatio	onal (includ	ing OE	A and RE	DD+)	
			Externa	ıl private	e funding				
		e provid	e 2-3 e	xamples	s, and, if	possib	le, provid	e web-lii	nk(s) to relevant
		. ,	t hudget (of the Fo	orestry Serv	ice inc	dudes Dor	nestic Pu	ıblic funding of
	SFM	l projects	such as	Afforest	tation, Refo	restation	on, Manag		
	ESA	s,Manag	ement &	Rehabil	itation of fir	ebreak	s, etc.		
10.					iblished o ces (PES)				mechanisms for
	payııı		Yes	iii seivi	No	provic	ied by for	6212 t	
	16.37								
		s, piease ents sinc		and, if	possible, p	oroviae	the estir	nated tot	al value of these
		Watersh	ned prote	ction/wa	ater supply	US	D		
		Carbon	storage (includin	g REDD+)	US	D		
			conserva			US			
		Other, p	olease list	: below:		US	D		
	Diago		0.0.0		4 DEC	:6	ن حید دادان	ا مامینی مام	
		e provide nent(s):) 2-3 exai	mpies o	TPES and,	ii poss	sible, provi	de web-ii	ink(s) to relevant

11. Since 2007, has your government been able to mobilize significantly increased financial resources for the implementation of SFM? If yes, please specify sources:

		2007	2013
	Domestic public funding	About USD	About USD
		75,000	85,000
	Domestic private funding	USD	USD
	Public international funding (including ODA and REDD+)	USD	USD
	External private funding	USD	USD
If there has funds:	been no increase, please de	scribe the main	challenges in mobilizing
	omestic public funding is part o ages including other services fo		
	what steps has your governi n SFM and forests?	ment taken to e	ncourage private sector
	and legal reforms that encour		
	cial incentives, such as credit (dies etc.	guarantees, tax t	oreaks, employment
☐ Estab	lishment of markets for ecosys	stem services pro	ovided by forests
	ach to the private sector (leafle ment in forests)	ets, conferences,	fairs promoting
	opment and improvement of in	frastructure and	other public services
	; please list below:		
project "Exp Terrestrial UNDP/GEF/	of private forest lands are be anding coverage and Strengtl Protected Area Network or Government of Mauritius. (W being restored in collaboration	hening Managen n the island of eb link: agricult	nent Effectiveness of the Mauritius" funded by ure.gov.mu). The private
Please provi document(s):	de 2-3 examples, and, if p	ossible, provide	web-link(s) to relevant
	rnment engaged in internation	onal cooperatio	n to promote SFM?
If Yes, please	specify with whom:		
	Government	ion	
	Intergovernmental Organizat Private sector/philanthropy	IOH	

		NGOs	
	\boxtimes	Others	
Type o	of coope	eration:	
		North-South	
		South-South	
	\boxtimes	Technical	
		Financial	
		Others	
And sp	ecify th	e areas of cooperation:	
\boxtimes	Forest	s and climate change	
\boxtimes	Forest biodiversity		
	Valuation of ecosystem services provided by forests		
	Socio-economic issues, including livelihoods		
	Forest degradation and rehabilitation		
	Scient	ific cooperation	
\boxtimes	Forest	monitoring/data collection	
\boxtimes	Technology transfer and capacity development		
	Other,	please list below:	

Please provide 2-3 examples of international cooperation, and, if possible, web-link(s) to relevant document(s):

- South African Development Community (SADC): Mauritius is a member of the Protocol on Forestry. Forestry Service collaborates in SADC forestry issues and also attends regional trainings/workshops/seminars. (http://www.sadc.int/themes/natural-resources/forests/)
- "Capacity Building for Sustainable Land Management (SLM) in Mauritius including Rodrigues",(2007-2011) funded by the UNDP/GEF/FAO/Government of Mauritius.
- Regional capacity building for sustainable National Greenhouse Gas Inventory Management Systems in Eastern and Southern Africa (2011 – 2013) (environment.gov.mu)
- PAN Project "Expanding coverage and Strengthening Management Effectiveness of the Terrestrial Protected Area Network (PAN) on the island of Mauritius" funded by UNDP/GEF/Government of Mauritius (2013).

Please list the key challenges faced by your government in implementing SFM:

- Limited land area
- Lack data for private forests mainly on eco-tourism activities, harvest, management etc
- Absence of a national forest management plan.
- Pending approval of the revised legislations to manage private forests lands.

- There is some capacity and technology available in the country, especially within the governmental institutions to implement SFM. However, strengthening institutional capacities including training forestry staff is required.
- Constrained due to inadequate means of implementation, particularly financing; equipment and technology, information management, developing national accounting and valuation systems for forest goods and services;
- Strengthening forest monitoring capabilities and forest management information systems
- Improving and diversifying economic benefits generated by forest goods and services for the Private forested land owners as most part of the forests are owned by private.

4. Does your country have one or more institutes or centers of excellence engaged in the development and application of scientific, technical and technological innovations for SFM?
☐ Yes ⊠ No
If Yes, what areas do these technical/scientific activities focus on:
Forest inventory systems
Low-impact logging or other harvesting techniques
Wood production for energy
Wood processing technology
Waste reduction and recycling
Other, please list below:
Are these programs directed at:
Forest owners
☐ Timber companies/forest products industry
State agencies
Local communities
☐ Indigenous communities
□ NGOs
General public
Since 2007, has funding for forest-related science and research increased?
☐ Yes ⊠ No
Please describe, and, if possible, provide web-link(s) to relevant document(s):

	actions has your country undertaken to increase public awareness of the tant benefits provided by forests?
	 Published broadcasts on TV and/or Radio Published materials, e.g. brochures, pamphlets, leaflets, or/and posters, etc.
	✓ Meetings with the general public✓ Art events/Exhibitions
	Activities in support of the International Day of ForestsOther
	e provide 2-3 examples, and, if possible, provide web-link(s) to relevant nent(s):
•	Regular sensitization campaigns in schools, colleges & to the general public. Participation in science exhibitions
•	Nature Walks & Visitor's Centers for public Preparation of Billboards, distribution of Pamphlets and brochures for sensitization & awareness, including organizing events such as International Day of Forests, Biodiversity Day & Environment Day.
16. What	sets of criteria and indicators (C&I) for SFM are used in your country:
	□ National set of C&I□ Regional/international set of C&I (e.g. ITTO, Forest Europe, Montreal
	Process, Taraporto etc.)
	○ Other ○ Other
	e describe, and, if possible, provide web-link(s) to relevant document(s):
•	SADC Forestry Protocol (http://www.sadc.int/documents-publications/show/Protocol on Forestry2002.pdf) The Protocol provides guidance on the undertaking of national forest assessments and national forest policies, programmes and laws. Policies and mechanisms adopted in Member States should enable local people and women to effectively participate in forest management activities as well as respect the traditional knowledge related to forests.
•	National Forest Policy (2006) (www.agricultur.gov.mu) Periodic national state of forest report based on Annual Reports prepared and published by the Forestry Service.
Are th	ese C&I used to:
\boxtimes	Generate information to national reports on forest conditions and management
\boxtimes	Monitor and assess and monitor forest conditions and management
	Review and develop national forest policies and tools for SFM
\boxtimes	Communicate with society and carry out dialogue with stakeholders Report on forests to regional and international organizations If so, which
	ones:

17. Has your country translated the Forest Instrument into another language (not including the official UN languages: Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish)?

N/A.

Mauritius's official language is English.

18. Please give examples of your country's success stories and lessons learned related to the implementation of the Forest Instrument, including contributions towards the four Global Objectives on Forests:

1. Reafforestation

- Creation and maintenance of forest plantations for the production of timber, poles and firewood (Annually some 50 hectares of new plantations are created and about 200 hectares of young plantations maintained through tending operations)
- Increasing tree cover in water catchment areas and establishing tree cover on hilly slopes for soil and water conservation (some 100,000 trees are planted annually)
- National Tree Planting Campaign to embellish and enhance the environment (some 25,000 plants are issued free of charge annually)
- Increasing tree cover to enhance carbon sequestration (some 150,000 trees are planted annually)
- 2. Conservation of Biological diversity

Management of the Nature Reserves and other state native forests for the protection of the indigenous fauna and flora

- In-situ conservation (10 hectares are rehabilitated and maintained annually)
- Ex-situ conservation Planting of native plants in gardens, public compounds, etc. Creation of gene bank
- Raising of native plants including rare endemic/medicinal plants (100,000 plants produced annually)
- Creation of Nature Corner in schools/colleges (40 Nature Corners created)

- Conservation education talks at schools/colleges as well as to local communities
- Raising awareness through the media (radio, TV, newspapers)

3. Recreational Forestry

- Creation of Nature Walks for leisure and recreation (Four Nature Walks have already been created namely: Monvert, Pamplemousses, Sophie and Ile D'Ambre)
- Creation and maintenance of forest plantations on Pas Geometriques for aesthetic, protective and recreational purposes

4. Production of Plants

Some 500,000 plants are produced annually:

- For reafforestation programme
- Sale to the Public
- Free Issue of plants under the National Tree Planting Campaign

5. Exploitation of Forest Produce

Annually some 4000 m³ of logs, 1000 m³ of poles and 5000 m³ of firewood are sold to registered Wood merchants.

- Control of felling operation
- Sale of timber, poles and firewood
- Delivery of forest produce
- Sale of Non Timber Forest Produce (NTFP) like bamboo.

6.Others:

- In order to increase protected areas, an extent of about 497ha of planted forest with several environmentally sensitive areas(ESA's) was proclaimed as Bras d'Eau National Park in the year 2011.
- The Vallee D'Osterlog Endemic Garden was proclaimed in 2007 which has an extent of about 275ha for the conservation of endemic and native forests.
- A Nature Walk at Plaine Sophie of an extent of 10ha which comprises upland forests and ESA's was created in the year 2013 for public and tourists. No fees are charged to visit nauture walks.
- A Protected Area Network (PAN) is in progress under the project "Expanding coverage and Strengthening Management Effectiveness of the Terrestrial Protected Area Network on the island of Mauritius" funded by UNDP/GEF/Government of Mauritius. (Web link: agriculture.gov.mu) Date started: May 2013. Extent restored as at 30 June 2014: 269 ha which includes about 50ha of private forest lands.

1			

PART II

Contribution of forests and SFM to achievement of the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs)

The aim of Part II of this reporting questionnaire is to learn how forests and SFM have contributed to achieving the MDGs in your country, particularly with respect to poverty and hunger eradication (MDG1), environmental sustainability (MDG7) and developing a global partnership for development (MDG8).

global partifership for development (MDG	5).				
19. How have forests/SFM contributed (MDG1) in your country?	to eradi	cating ex	ktreme p	overty a	nd hunger
Please rate the scale of contribution or the highest)	n a scale	of 1-5 (1	being the	lowest a	ınd 5 being
Ву:	1	2	3	4	5
Improving livelihoods					
Supporting subsistence needs, including fuel wood, fodder and shelter					
Contributing to food security, including through agroforestry systems			\boxtimes		
Providing employment, including employment in informal economy		\boxtimes			
Other:					
Please describe, and, if possible, provide	web-link	(s) to rele	evant doc	ument(s):	
venison produced is contribute 20. How have forests/SFM contributed (MDG7) in your country?				ntal sus	tainability
Please rate the scale of contribution or the highest)	n a scale	of 1-5 (1	being the	lowest a	ınd 5 being
Ву:	1	2	3	4	5
Providing habitat			\boxtimes		
Supporting ecosystem, species and genetic diversity		\boxtimes			
Stabilizing soils and slopes				\boxtimes	
Safeguarding water resources					
Sequestering carbon				\boxtimes	
Providing timber, energy and other	П	П	П	\boxtimes	П

products					
Other [
Please describe, and, if possible, provide a web-link to	relevai	nt docu	ment(s	s):	
 According to the MDGs Status Report (2013) for Target 7B: Reduce biodiversity loss, achieving, in the rate of loss is struggling to achieve. Web link for MDGs for Mauritius 2013.http://www.undp.org/content/dam/undp.org/content/dam/undp.org/content/dam/undp.org/content/dam/undp.org/content/dam/undp.org/s	by 201 p/librar 1) http: icial Un	y/MDG //enviro	gnifica englis onmen	nt redu h/MDG t.gov.n	6%20 1u
21. How have forests/SFM contributed to development (MDG8) in your country? Please rate the scale of contribution on a scale of 1-the highest)					
Ву:	1	2	3	4	5
Engaging in regional and international collaboration on issues related to improved governance					
Through trade agreements involving forest products (e.g. bilateral/sub-regional/regional/interregional free trade agreements, EU voluntary partnership agreements, etc.)	\boxtimes				
Fostering partnerships with the private sector		\boxtimes			
Attracting foreign investment in the forest sector		\boxtimes			
Fostering bilateral and international financial cooperation					
Fostering north-south, and south-south technical, technological and scientific partnerships					
Other					
Please describe, and, if possible, provide web-link(s) to	releva	nt doc	ument((s):	
SADC Forestry Protocol (http://www.sadc.int/documpublications/show/Protocol_on_Forestry2002.pdf)	nents-				

22. Have forests/SFM contributed to making progress in achieving any of the remaining MDGs in your country?

	⊠ Yes □ No
If \	'es, please describe, and, if possible, provide web-link(s) to relevant document(s):
	Web link for MDGs for Mauritius 2013.http://www.undp.org/content/dam/undp/library/MDG/english/MDG%20Country
	%20Reports/Mauritius/2013.pdf
ME	OG2: Achieving universal primary education
	Web link for MDGs for Mauritius
	2013. http://www.undp.org/content/dam/undp/library/MDG/english/MDG%20Country
	%20Reports/Mauritius/2013.pdf
ME	OG3: Promoting gender equality and empowering women
	Web link for MDGs for Mauritius
	2013.http://www.undp.org/content/dam/undp/library/MDG/english/MDG%20Country
	%20Reports/Mauritius/2013.pdf
МГ	OG4: Reducing child mortality
	Web link for MDGs for Mauritius
	2013.http://www.undp.org/content/dam/undp/library/MDG/english/MDG%20Country
	%20Reports/Mauritius/2013.pdf
845	205: Innumeration management to add
IVIL	OG5: Improving maternal health
	Web link for MDGs for Mauritius
	2013.http://www.undp.org/content/dam/undp/library/MDG/english/MDG%20Country
	%20Reports/Mauritius/2013.pdf
B.A.F	OCC. Combating LIIV/AIDS malaria and athor dispass
IVIL	OG6: Combating HIV/AIDS, malaria and other diseases Web link for MDGs for Mauritius
	2013.http://www.undp.org/content/dam/undp/library/MDG/english/MDG%20Country
	%20Reports/Mauritius/2013.pdf