



# Group Meeting on "Capacity Building on Tax Treaty Administration" Rome, Italy, 28-29 January 2013

(IFAD Headquarters)

#### TENTATIVE ANNOTATED PROGRAMME

## **Day 1**

<u>Day 1</u>	
9:30 - 10:20 am	Opening session (Oval Room, S120, (-1 ) Floor)
(joint session	Welcoming remarks
with the parallel meeting on "Capacity Building on Tax Treaty Negotiation")	Mr. Alexander Trepelkov, Director, Financing for Development Office, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations Mr. Roland von Frankenhorst, Head of Sector Project, International Tax Compact (ITC) Mr. Wolfgang Lasars, Director, International Tax Section, Federal Ministry of Finance, Germany; Member of the UN Committee of Experts on International Cooperation in Tax Matters Overview of the UN Capacity Development Programme in International Tax
	Cooperation and the Joint UN-ITC Project
	Ms. Dominika Halka and Mr. Harry Tonino, Economic Affairs Officers, Financing for Development Office, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations
10:20 - 11:35 am	Overview of Major Issues (Room C500, 5th Floor)
	Chair: <b>Mr.</b> Alexander Trepelkov, Director, Financing for Development Office, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations
	Lead Discussant: <b>Prof. Hugh Ault</b> , Professor Emeritus, Boston College Law School
	Round-table discussion with interventions by participants
	Main points for discussion:
	<ul> <li>Giving effect to the provisions of tax treaties</li> <li>Interaction between tax treaties and domestic law - general aspects</li> <li>Provisions of bilateral treaties concerning implementation issues         <ul> <li>Articles 9(2), 10(2), 11(2), 24 (connected requirements), 25, 26, 27</li> <li>Do your tax treaties contain rules of application similar to/different from the above provisions?</li> <li>Has your country entered into competent-authority agreements concerning the application of a treaty?</li> </ul> </li> <li>Implementation by general rules - legislative or administrative         <ul> <li>What are the rules in your county for the application of tax treaties?</li> <li>Are the rules legislative or administrative?</li> <li>Are the rules part of the tax law or administrative law?</li> <li>Are the rules the same for all tax treaties and all types of income?</li> </ul> </li> <li>Relationship to methods of assessment and collection: self assessment, assessment by the tax authorities, withholding         <ul> <li>What method of assessment does your country use to establish a taxpayers' liability and what are the rules for claiming treaty benefits?</li> <li>Who has the burden of proof with respect to claims for treaty benefits?</li> <li>Does your country have time limits on claims for treaty benefits?</li> </ul> </li> <li>Organizational aspects of allocating responsibility to government officials for tax treaty benefits</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Which government officials have responsibility for applying the provisions of tax treaties (e.g., local or head office)?</li> </ul>

	Are these officials also responsible for negotiating tax treaties and
	<ul> <li>international tax issues generally?</li> <li>What are their qualifications and do they receive ongoing training?</li> </ul>
	Certifications from foreign tax authorities
	Does your country require certifications from the tax authority of the other
	state as a condition for treaty benefits?
	What are the relevant requirements/formalities?
	Publication of guidance concerning the application of tax treaties and the use of
	forms  To what extent do your country's tax authorities provide public guidance
	concerning the operation of tax treaties?
	o In what format is the guidance provided?
	o To what extent are forms used for claiming treaty benefits?
	o To what extent do taxpayers have access to the tax authorities for
	information on the application of tax treaties?
	Are advance rulings available?
11:35 - 11:50 am	Coffee Break
11:50 - 1:15 pm	Taxation of Non-residents (Room C500, 5th Floor)
	Chair: Mr. Mansor Hassan (Malaysia), Member of the UN Committee of Experts
	on International Cooperation in Tax Matters
	Lead Discussant: Mr. Michael Lennard, Chief, International Tax Cooperation
	Section, Financing for Development Office, Department of Economic and Social
	Affairs, United Nations
	Round-table discussion with interventions by participants
	Main points for discussion:
	Ensuring compliance with domestic law by non-residents
	Taxpayer identification numbers
	Does your country use taxpayer identification numbers (TINs) for
	residents/non-residents?
	o If yes, what are the relevant requirements/formalities?
	Registration requirements for non-residents  Are non-residents required to register if they course on business or corn.
	o Are non-residents required to register if they carry on business or earn income in your country?
	o If yes, what are the relevant requirements/formalities?
	Appointment of local representatives or agents
	Are non-residents required to appoint a domestic agent or representative
	for domestic tax purposes?  o If yes, what are the relevant requirements/formalities?
	If yes, what are the relevant requirements/formalities?  Impact of tax treaties
	Procedures for claiming treaty benefits under various methods of assessment
	and collection
	Information gathering
	O Does your country have the necessary powers to gather information and
	investigate claims for treaty benefits?  To what extent does your country use the exchange-of-information
	provision in its treaties?
	Assistance in collection
	o Does your country have assistance-in-collection articles in its treaties?
	o Does your country have any experience with the use of such articles?
	Non-discrimination     How does your country deal with claims of discrimination under Art
	o How does your country deal with claims of discrimination under Art. 24(1) or (3)?
	• Anti-avoidance rules
	Time limits
	Burden of proof
1:15 - 2:45 pm	Lunch
1.13 - 4.43 pm	Luici

#### Persons Qualifying for the Benefits of Tax Treaties (Room C500, 5th Floor) 2:45 - 3:45 pm Chair: Prof. Hugh Ault, Professor Emeritus, Boston College Law School Lead Discussant: Ms. Joanna Wheeler, Senior Principal, International Bureau of Fiscal Documentation (IBFD) Round-table discussion with interventions by participants Main points for discussion: Persons qualifying for treaty benefits Types of persons (companies, individuals, associations, etc.) Identification numbers and registration requirements Residence Liability to tax Criteria for liability Tiebreaker provisions Individuals Other persons LOB articles Treaty articles for which no residence is required The income for which treaty protection is claimed Derived by, paid to, etc. Beneficial ownership Relationship with "derived by", etc. Meaning of the term Purpose of the term and relationship with domestic anti-avoidance law Conduit structures Special cases Exempt entities (pension funds) Partnerships Transparent/hybrid entities Trusts and trustees **CIVs** Permanent establishments (triangular cases) 3:45 - 4:00 pm Coffee Break Taxation of Residents on Foreign Source Income (Room C500, 5th Floor) 4:00 - 5:00 pm Chair: Mr. Mansor Hassan (Malaysia), Member of the UN Committee of Experts on International Cooperation in Tax Matters Lead Discussant: **Prof. Hugh Ault,** Professor Emeritus, Boston College Law School Round-table discussion with interventions by participants Main points for discussion: *Impact of tax treaties* How does your country determine residence for purposes of a treaty, especially where the tie-breaker rules apply? Elimination of double taxation What is the relationship between the relief provided under your domestic law for international double taxation and the relief provided under your tax treaties? Is relief under the treaty subject to the procedural requirements of domestic law? Exemption method If your country uses the exemption method, what are the procedural requirements, if any, for claiming exemption? Does exemption under a treaty eliminate the need to file a tax return? Is the exempt income taken into account to establish the rate of tax (exemption with progression)? If so, how is the necessary information obtained and verified? Credit method

require that the foreign tax has been paid?

*Information gathering* 

If your country uses the credit method, what type of proof does your country

Anti-avoidance rules Non-discrimination How does your country deal with claims of discrimination under Art. 24(4) or Do the rules for claiming relief from double taxation differ from treaty to treaty? Time limits 5:00 - 5:30 pm Sharing Regional Experiences and Perspectives (Oval Room, S120, (-1) Floor) (joint session Chair: Mr. Alexander Trepelkov, Director, Financing for Development Office, with the parallel Department of Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations meeting on Speaker 1: Mr. Miguel Pecho, Director of Tax Studies and Research, Inter-"Capacity American Center of Tax Administrations (CIAT) Building on Tax Speaker 2: Ms. Elizabeth Storbeck, Coordinator of the Working Group on Treaty Exchange of Information and Tax Treaties, African Tax Administration Forum Negotiation") (ATAF) Speaker 3: Mr. Mansor Hassan, The Commonwealth Association of Tax Administrators, Member of the UN Committee of Experts on International Cooperation in Tax Matters Questions & Answers

#### Day 2

9:30 - 10:45 am	Taxation of Non-residents on Business Profits (Room C500, 5th Floor)
	Chair: <b>Mr. Mansor Hassan</b> (Malaysia), Member of the UN Committee of Experts on International Cooperation in Tax Matters
	Lead Discussant: <b>Prof. Jinyan Li,</b> Professor of Tax Law, Osgoode Hall Law School, York University, Canada
	Round-table discussion with interventions by participants
	Main points for discussion:
	<ul> <li>Permanent establishment and fixed base determinations</li> <li>How does your country determine if a non-resident has therein:         <ul> <li>A fixed place of business?</li> <li>A fixed base?</li> <li>An Agent?</li> <li>A construction site?</li> </ul> </li> <li>Other special deeming rules         <ul> <li>Insurance, services PEs, other</li> </ul> </li> <li>How does your country determine whether a non-resident carries on business, furnishes services, or stays in your country for the required time?</li> <li>What, if any, obligations to withhold tax, etc., are imposed on non-residents with a PE or fixed base in your country?</li> <li>Domestic rules for taxing net profits attributable to a PE</li> <li>How does your country determine the profits attributable to a PE or fixed base?</li> <ul> <li>Transfer pricing</li> <li>Deductibility of expenses, base erosion</li> <li>Thin capitalization</li> <li>Source rules</li> </ul> </ul>
	Non-discrimination     Are the rules for non-residents the same as for residents? If not, how do they differ? E.g. does your country deny any expenses incurred by non-residents?
	What types of information (books and records) are non-residents required to maintain?
	Time limits
	Burden of proof
10:45 - 11:00 am	Coffee Break
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11:00 - 12:00 pm	Taxation of Non-resident Service Providers (Room C500, 5th Floor)
11.00 - 12.00 pm	Chair: <b>Prof. Hugh Ault</b> , Professor Emeritus, Boston College Law School
	Lead Discussant: <b>Ms. Ariane Pickering</b> , Former Chief Tax Treaty Negotiator,
	Australian Department of the Treasury
	Round-table discussion with interventions by participants
	Main points for discussion:
	Independent services
	<ul><li>Taxable by assessment or withholding?</li><li>Identification of non-resident service providers?</li></ul>
	Administering Articles 5(3)(b) and 14 of the UN Model
	<ul> <li>Claims for exemption</li> </ul>
	o Final withholding
	<ul> <li>Use of interim withholding and refund mechanism</li> <li>Clearance procedures</li> </ul>
	■ Technical fees
	<ul> <li>Do your treaties contain special provisions concerning technical fees?</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Withholding obligation on resident payers? Non-resident payers with PE or fixed base? Rate?</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Definition of amounts subject to withholding?</li> </ul>
	■ Employment
	<ul> <li>Use of withholding at source for residents and non-residents with PEs and fixed base (rate of withholding?)</li> </ul>
	Enforcement of tax on non-resident employees of non-resident employers
	without any PE; Identification of such employees
	• Other services
	<ul> <li>Entertainers and sportspersons</li> <li>Monitoring activities of entertainers and sportspersons</li> </ul>
	O Any threshold?
	o How is tax collected? Any obligations on promoter?
	<ul> <li>Directors' fees and top-level managerial officials</li> <li>Obligation to withhold on resident company?</li> </ul>
	Government service, students
	International shipping and air transport
12:00 – 1:00 pm	Investment Income and Capital Gains (Room C500, 5th Floor)
-	Chair: Mr. Mansor Hassan (Malaysia), Member of the UN Committee of Experts
	on International Cooperation in Tax Matters
	Lead Discussant: <b>Prof. Jan de Goede</b> , Senior Principal, International Bureau of
	Fiscal Documentation (IBFD)
	Round-table discussion with interventions by participants
	Main points for discussion:
	<ul> <li>Use of withholding for dividends, interest, royalties, and income from immovable</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>property</li><li>Qualification for treaty benefits</li></ul>
	o Residence
	o Beneficial ownership
	<ul> <li>Competent authority agreements under Art. 10, 11, and 12?</li> <li>Information</li> </ul>
	Enforcement issues: penalties, liability for tax imposed on withholding agent
	• Exceptions
	Enforcement of domestic tax on capital gains realized by non-residents  Only of the state of th
	<ul> <li>Qualification for treaty benefits</li> <li>Enforcement of tax on non-residents disposing of immovable property</li> </ul>
	(shares of land-rich companies, substantial participations)
1:00 - 2:30 pm	Lunch

#### 2:30 - 3:45 pm Sharing Experiences on the Relationship between Domestic Tax Legislation and (joint session Tax Treaties (Oval Room, S120, (-1) Floor) with the parallel Chair: Mr. Armando Lara Yaffar (Mexico), Chairperson, UN Committee of meeting on Experts on International Cooperation in Tax Matters "Capacity Lead Discussant: Prof. Hugh Ault, Professor Emeritus, Boston College Law School **Building on Tax** Round-table discussion with interventions by experts and participants, including Treaty questions & answers Negotiation") Main points for discussion: How does a treaty become part of national law? Do any special steps have to be taken legislatively or administratively? Are there regulations or administrative materials giving information on how to apply treaties? Can treaty rules be made subject to domestic procedural requirements? How is substantive treaty law connected to domestic law? Treaty terms are specially defined, but rely in part on domestic law concepts Effect of Article 3(2) and context If recourse to domestic law, the law of which State? How do treaty administrative provisions and domestic administrative and judicial rules interact? When can MAP proceedings be opened? Can the taxpayer follow both MAP procedures and domestic judicial procedures at the same time? Can the Taxpayer have MAP relief when there has already been a judicial decision in his case? In a case similar to his case? Does the taxpayer have to terminate all domestic litigation in order to be able to take advantage of a MAP? What is the effect of a domestic statute of limitations on MAP relief? 3:45 - 4:00 pm Coffee Break 4:00 - 5:15 pm Sharing Experiences on Improper Use of Tax Treaties, Tax Avoidance and Tax (joint session Evasion (Oval Room, S120, (-1) Floor) with the parallel Chair: Mr. Armando Lara Yaffar (Mexico), Chairperson, UN Committee of meeting on Experts on International Cooperation in Tax Matters "Capacity Lead Discussant: Prof. Hugh Ault, Professor Emeritus, Boston College Law School **Building on Tax** Round-table discussion with interventions by experts and participants, including Treaty questions & answers Negotiation") Main points for discussion: *Improper use of tax treaties and anti-avoidance rules* The relationship between domestic anti-avoidance rules and tax treaties Anti-avoidance rules in tax treaties Detecting and combating aggressive tax avoidance schemes involving tax treaties Information gathering Disclosure requirements Common examples of transactions involving potential abuse of tax treaties Treaty shopping and the use of conduit companies Income shifting International hiring out of labour Circumventing treaty threshold requirements Changing the character of income Tax sparing abuses

### 5:15 pm

Closing Remarks (Oval Room, S120, (-1 ) Floor)

**Mr. Alexander Trepelkov**, Director, Financing for Development Office, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations