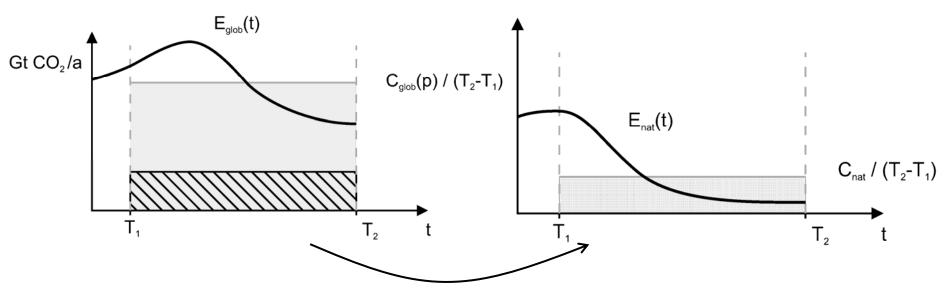
### "World Formula" for Climate Policy

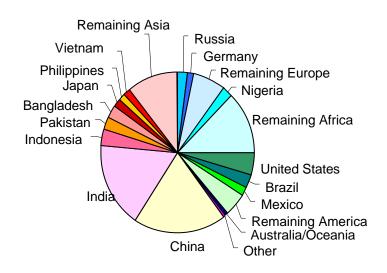
#### Illustration



Global carbon budget

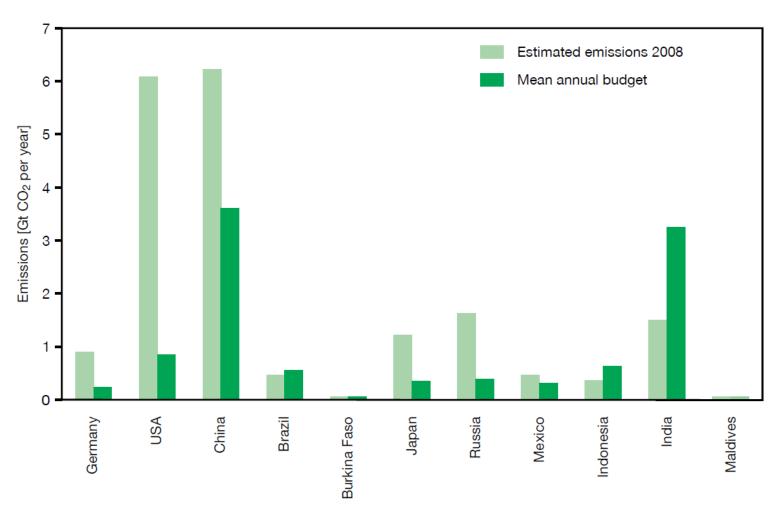
Share in world population

National carbon budget



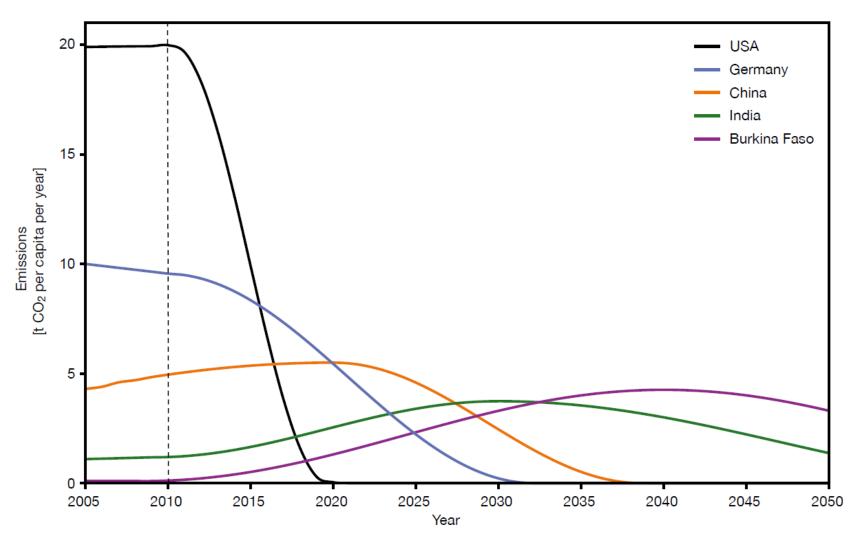
### Scenario 2: Future responsibility approach

$$T_1$$
 = 2010,  $T_2$  = 2050,  $T_M$  = 2010,  $p$  = 2/3



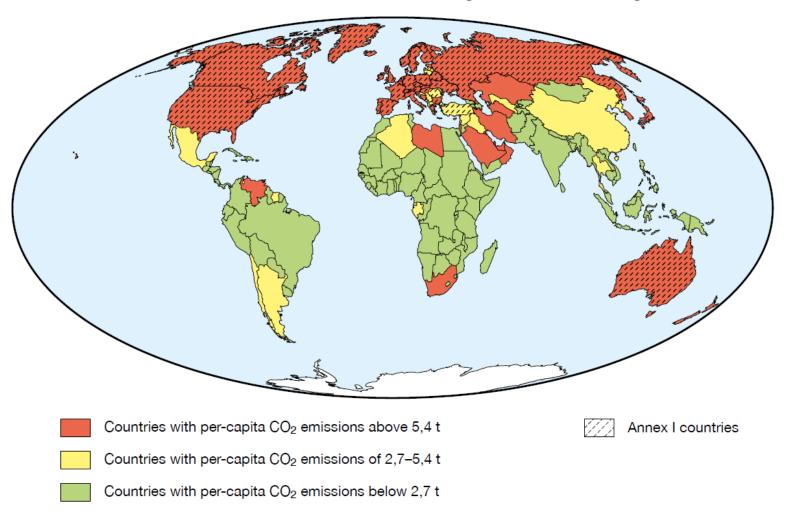
CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in 2008 (light green) and permissible average annual budgets (dark green) according to the WBGU approach for selected countries.

### **Examples of theoretical emission trajectories**



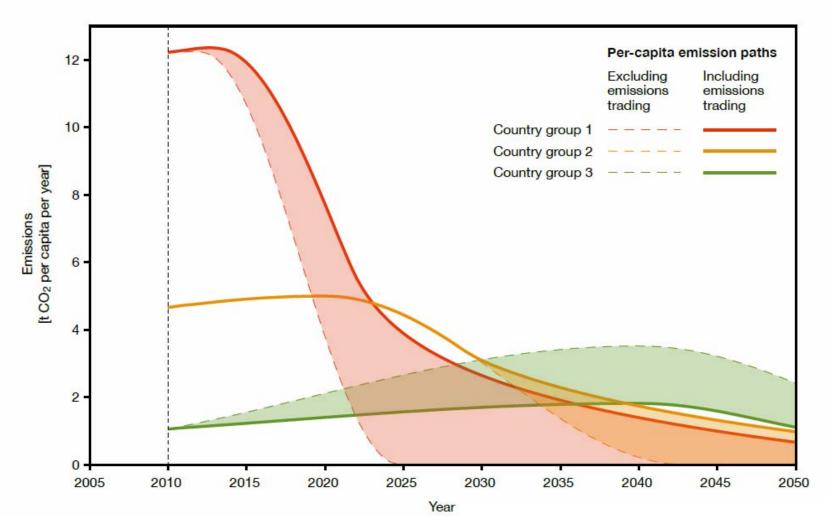
Examples of equal per-capita emissions of selected countries for 2010 - 2050, without emissions trading. Trajectories start from current emission levels.

## CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by country



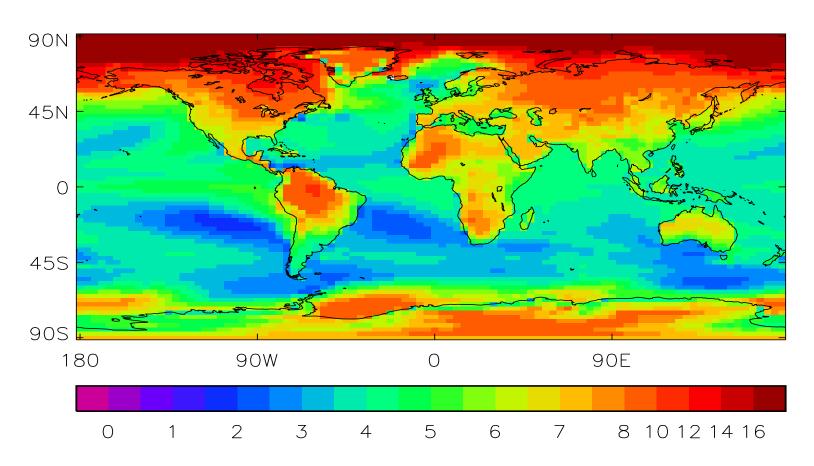
Per-capita CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in 2005, differentiated by emission levels and country.

## Examples of Per-Capita Emissions Paths of CO<sub>2</sub> for Three Compape for Continue is so it into the Emissission of Tradiating g



Source: WBGU Special Report 2009

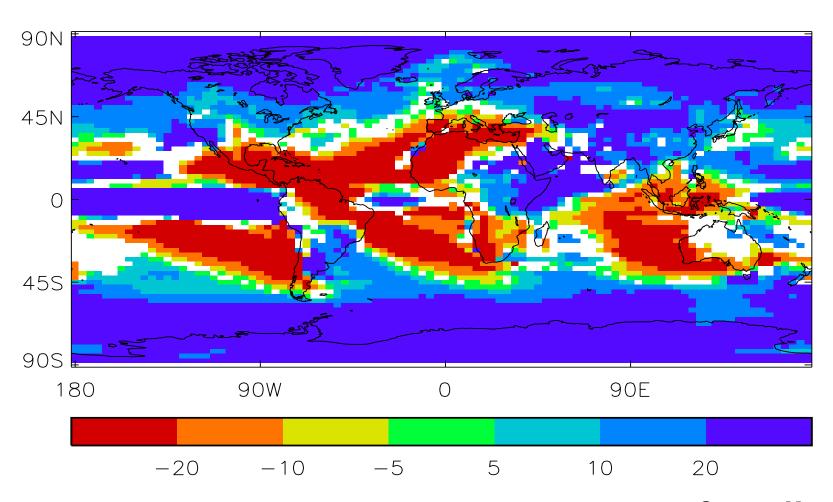
#### Pattern of warming by 2090s, A1FI Mean of "highend" MOHC simulations (14 simulations, mean global warming 5.4°C)



Temperature change (°C) relative to 1961-1990

Source: Met Office Hadley Centre

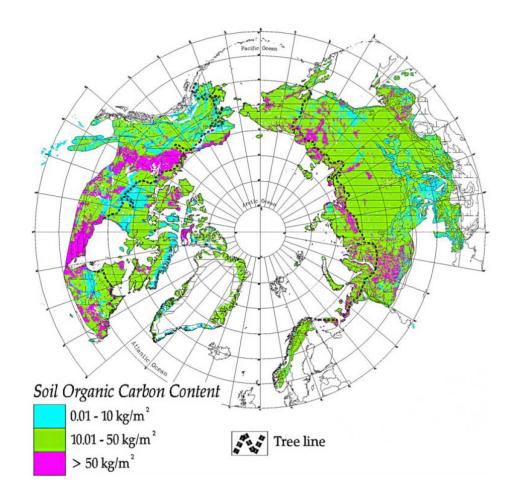
# Precipitation changes by 2090s, A1FI Mean of "high-end" MOHC simulations (14 simulations, mean global warming 5.4°C)



Source: Met Office Hadley Centre



## Carbon Stored in Permafrost Soils Estimates Corrected Upwards

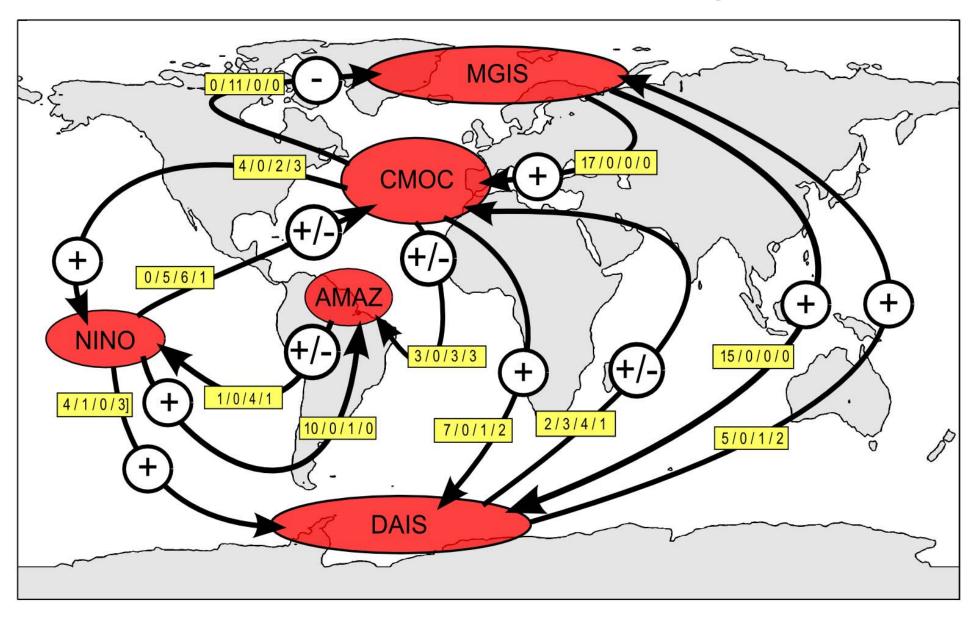


The new estimate of frozen carbon stored in permafrost soils of the circumpolar region is over 1.5 trillion tons, about twice as much carbon as contained in the atmosphere.

(Tarposai et al. 2000 Global Biogosphomical

(Tarnocai et al. 2009 Global Biogeochemical Cycles)

#### **Interdependency Between Tipping Points**



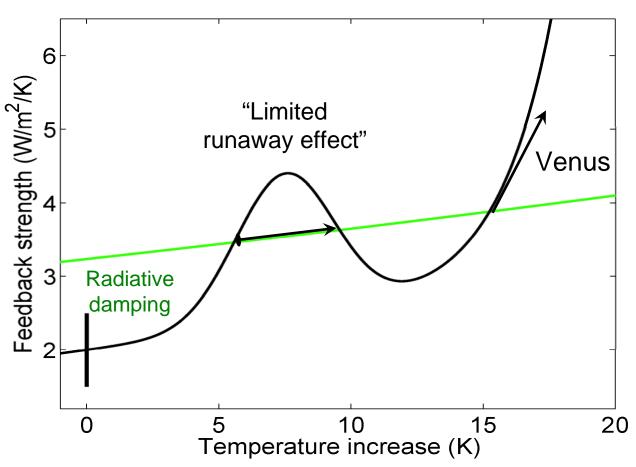
(Kriegler et al. 2009 PNAS)

#### "Runaway Greenhouse Effect"

#### Conceptual approach

Energy gain per additional degree of warming [W/m²/K] vs.

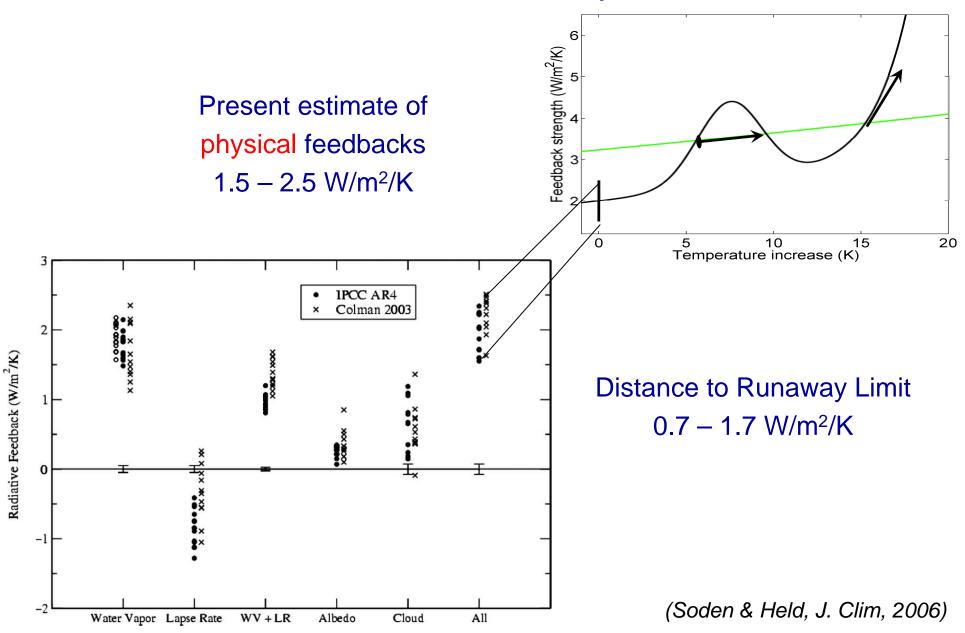
Energy export through thermal radiation



(Levermann & Schneider v. Deimling, pers. comm., 2009)

#### "Runaway Greenhouse Effect"

#### Where do we stand at present?





#### **Potsdam Symposium Series**



#### "Global Sustainability – A Nobel Cause"



















## ST. JAMES'S PALACE NOBEL LAUREATE SYMP©SIUM

#### The St James Palace Memorandum

"Action for a Low Carbon and Equitable Future" London, UK, 26 – 28 May 2009



#### **MILESTONES** of the Great Transformation

An effective and just global agreement on climate change

A low carbon infrastructure

Forest protection, conservation and restoration



- "[…] we should confine the temperature rise to 2°C to avoid unmanageable climate risks. This can only be achieved
  - with a peak of global emissions of all greenhouse gases by 2015
  - at least a 50% emission reduction by 2050 on a 1990 baseline. [...] developed countries have to aim for a 25-40% reduction by 2020.
- [...] a **total carbon budget** [...] should be accepted as the base for measuring the effectiveness of short-term (2020) and long-term (2050) targets"

### ST. JAMES'S PALACE NOBEL LAUREATE SYMP®SIUM

#### **Memorandum Signatories**

# 1	Name	Prize	Country
	Professor Peter Agre	Chemistry 2003	United States
	Professor Kenneth Arrow	Economics 1972	United States
	Professor Françoise Barré-Sinoussi	Medicine 2008	France
	Dr Paul Berg	Chemistry 1980	United States
	Dr Mario Capecchi	Medicine 2007	United States
	Professor John Coetzee	Literature 2003	South Africa
	Professor Paul Crutzen	Chemistry 1995	Germany
	Professor Johann Deisenhofer	Chemistry 1988	Germany
	Dr Mohamed ElBaradei	Peace 2005	Austria
	Professor Claude Cohen-Tannoudji	Physics 1997	France
	Professor Peter Doherty	Medicine 1996	Australia
	Professor Richard Ernst	Chemistry 1991	Switzerland
	Professor Dr Gerhard Ertl	Chemistry 2007	Germany
	Mr Mikhail Gorbachev	Peace 1990	Russia (Former USSR)
	Ms Nadine Gordimer	Literature 1991	South Africa
	Dr Paul Greengard	Medicine 2000	United States
	Professor David Gross	Physics 2004	United States
	Professor Robert Grubbs	Chemistry 2005	United States
	Dr Roger Guillemin	Medicine 1977	United States
	Dr Lee Hartwell	Medicine 2001	United States
	Professor Alan Heeger	Chemistry 2000	United States
	Professor Dudley Herschbach	Chemistry 1986	United States
	Professor Antony Hewish	Physics 1974	United Kingdom
	Professor Roald Hoffmann	Chemistry 1981	United States
	Professor Gerardus 't Hooft	Physics 1999	Netherlands
	Professor Aaron Klug	Chemistry 1982	United Kingdom
7 1	Professor Walter Kohn	Chemistry 1998	United States
8 1	Professor Masatashi Koshiba	Physics 2002	Japan
9 1	Professor Sir Harold Kroto	Chemistry 1996	United Kingdom
0 1	His Holiness the Dalai Lama	Peace 1989	Tibet
1 1	Professor Yuan Tseh Lee	Chemistry 1986	United States
	Ms Doris Lessing	Literature 2007	United Kingdom
	Professor Wangari Maathai	Peace 2004	Kenya
	Dr Toshihide Maskawa	Physics 2008	Japan
	Professor Eric Maskin	Economic Sciences 2007	United States
	Professor Dr Hartmut Michel	Chemistry 1988	Germany
	Professor James Mirrlees	Economic Sciences 1996	United Kingdom
	Professor Mario Molina	Chemistry 1995	United Kingdom United States
	Professor Roger Myerson	Economics 2007	United States
		Medicine 1991	Germany
	Professor Doctor Erwin Neher Dr Ryoji Noyori	Chemistry 2001	
			Japan United Kingdom
	Sir Paul Nurse	Medicine 2001	United Kingdom
	Professor Douglas Osheroff	Physics 1996	United States
	Dr. Rajendra Pachauri on behalf of IPCC	Peace 2007	India
	Professor Edmund Phelps	Economic Sciences 1996	United States
	Professor John Polanyi	Chemistry 1986	Canada
	Professor David Politzer	Physics 2004	United States
	Professor Burton Richter	Chemistry 1976	United States
	Professor F. Sherwood Rowland	Chemistry 1995	United States
	Professor Carlo Rubbia	Physics 1984	Italy
	Dr Hideki Shirakawa	Chemistry 2007	Japan
	Dr Jens Christian Skou	Chemistry 1997	Denmark
	Professor Wole Soyinka	Literature 1986	Nigeria
4	Professor Jack Steinberger	Physics 1988	United States
5 :	Sir John Sulston	Medicine 2002	United Kingdom
6	Professor Susumu Tonegawa	Medicine 1987	Japan
	Professor Klaus von Klitzing	Physics 1985	Germany
	Professor Sir John Walker	Chemistry 1997	United Kingdom
	Dr Torsten Wiesel	Medicine 1981	United States



