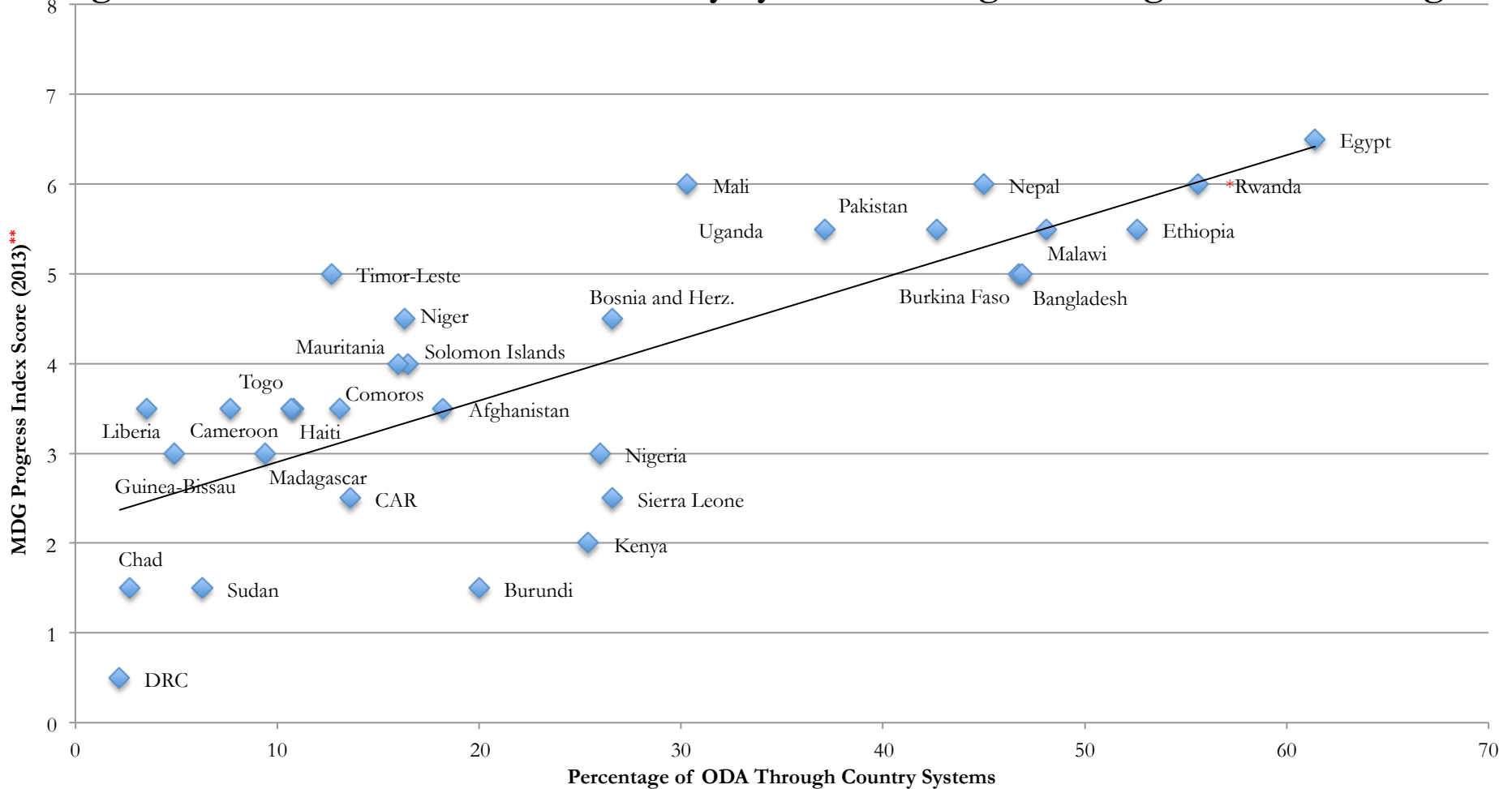


Strong Correlation Between Use of Country Systems in Fragile Settings and MDG Progress



*In 2014, Rwanda transitioned from a fragile to low-income country according to the OECD's report

[Fragile States 2014: Domestic Revenue Mobilisation in Fragile States.](#)

** The MDG Progress Index methodology, created by the Center for Global Development allocates scores (1 for on track, 0.5 for partially on track, and 0 for off track) for eight key targets: 1) Halve extreme poverty (MDG 1a); 2) Halve the proportion of people who suffer from hunger (MDG 1c); 3) Ensure children everywhere complete primary schooling (MDG 2); 4) Eliminate gender disparity in education (MDG 3); 5) Reduce by two-thirds child mortality (MDG 4); 6) Reduce by three-quarters the maternal mortality ratio (MDG 5); Halve and begun to reverse the spread of HIV/AIDs and other diseases (MDG 6); Halve the proportion of the population without access to safe drinking water (7c).