Government Views and Policies

Population policy variable	1976	1986	1996	2011
Population size and growth				
View on growth	Too high	Too high	Too high	Too high
Policy on growth	No intervention	Lower	Lower	Lower
Population age structure				
Level of concern about working-age population				Major concern
Level of concern about ageing of the population				Minor concern
Measures to address population ageing*				Neither
Fertility				
View on fertility level	Too high	Too high	Too high	Too high
Policy on fertility level	No intervention	Lower	Lower	Lower
Level of concern about adolescent fertility		LOWE!	Major concern	Major concern
Policies to reduce adolescent fertility			Yes	Yes
•			163	163
Reproductive health and family planning				
Government support for family planning	No support	Direct support	Direct support	Direct support
Grounds on which abortion is permitted**			1	1
Level of concern about violence against women				Major concern
Policies to prevent domestic violence***				1,2
Health and mortality				
View on life expectancy at birth	Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Unacceptable
View on under-five mortality			Unacceptable	Unacceptable
View on undernutrition in children				Unacceptable
View on maternal mortality				Unacceptable
Level of concern about overweight and obesity				Minor concern
Level of concern about non-communicable diseases				Major concern
Level of concern about tuberculosis				Major concern
Level of concern about malaria				Major concern
Level of concern about HIV/AIDS			Major concern	Major concern
Measures to address HIV/AIDS****				1,2,3,4,5,6
Spatial distribution and internal migration				
View on spatial distribution	Major change desired	Minor change desired	Major change desired	Major change desired
Policy on migration from rural to urban areas				Lower
Policy on migration into urban agglomerations	Lower	No intervention	Lower	Lower
International migration				
View on immigration	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactory
Policy on immigration	Maintain	Maintain	No intervention	No intervention
Policy on permanent settlement			No intervention	No intervention
Policy on temporary workers			No intervention	No intervention
Policy on highly-skilled workers				No intervention
Policy on family reunification			No intervention	No intervention
Policy on integration of non-nationals			Yes	
Policy on naturalization				Restricted
Level of concern about irregular migration				Minor concern
Prgms. to facilitate migrants' return to home countries				
rigins. to lacilitate migrants return to nome countries		Catiofactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactory
5	Satisfactory	Salistaciony		
View on emigration	Satisfactory Maintain	Satisfactory Maintain	No intervention	Maintain
View on emigration Policy on emigration	Satisfactory Maintain	Maintain	No intervention	
View on emigration Policy on emigration Policy to encourage the return of citizens	•	Maintain	•	Yes
Prignal to racinate inigrants return to nome countries View on emigration Policy to encourage the return of citizens Acceptance of dual citizenship Special governmental unit dealing with diaspora	Maintain	Maintain	No intervention Yes	

^{*} Measures to address population ageing: (1) change in statutory retirement age in the last 5 years; (2) pension system reform in the last 5 years.

^{**} Grounds on which abortion is permitted: (1) to save a woman's life; (2) to preserve a woman's physical health; (3) to preserve a woman's mental health; (4) in case of rape or incest; (5) because of foetal impairment; (6) for economic or social reasons; (7) on request.

^{***} Policies to prevent domestic violence: (1) legal provision; (2) policy.

^{****} Measures to address HIV/AIDS: (1) blood screening; (2) information/education campaigns; (3) antiretroviral treatment; (4) non-discrimination policies (legal measures); (5) distribution of condoms; (6) prevention of mother-to-child transmission (PMTCT).

^{*****} Measures to attract investment by diaspora: (1) tax exceptions or breaks; (2) reduction of tariffs on goods or import duties for diaspora companies; (3) preferential treatment in providing credit; (4) preferential treatment in allotment of licenses; (5) streamlined bureaucratic procedures for investment; (6) diaspora bond/mutual fund.