

Using census data to analyse international migration trends

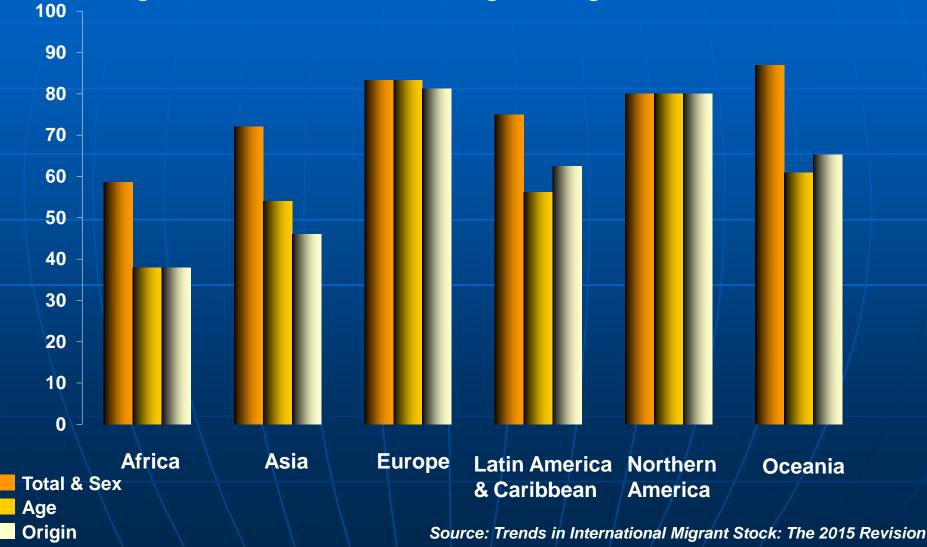
Strengthening collection and use of international migration data for development

African Institute for Economic Development and Planning (IDEP),

Dakar, Senegal, 8 –11 September 2015

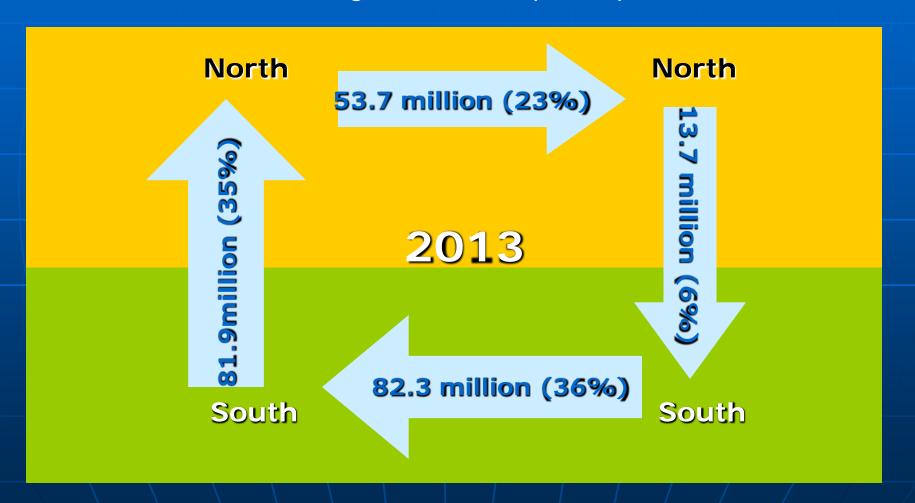
Data availability from 2010 census round

Percentage of countries with data on sex, age and origin since 2010 census round



South-South migration is as common as South-North migration

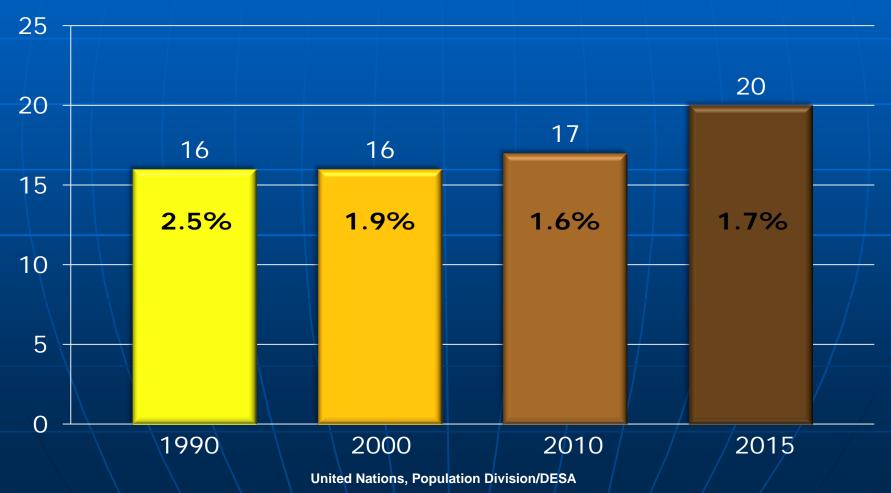
International migrant stock, 2013 (millions)



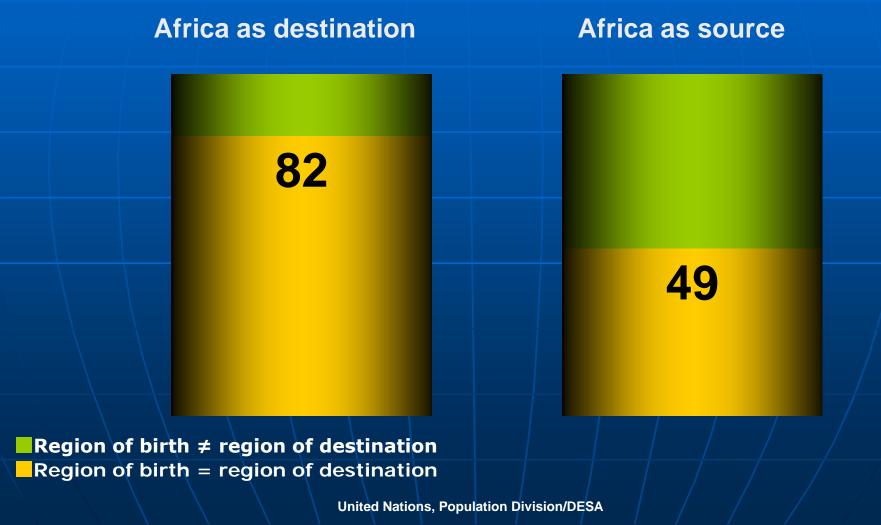
Migrant stock as percentage over total population in Africa (1990-2015)

International migrant stock, 1990-2015 (millions)

Proportion of international migrants in total population

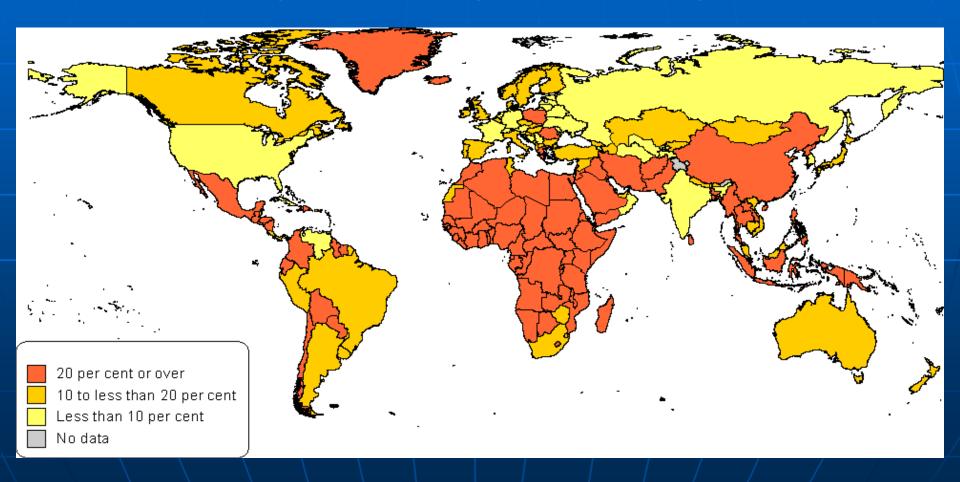


About 80% of migrants in A are from A About 50% of migrants from A live in A

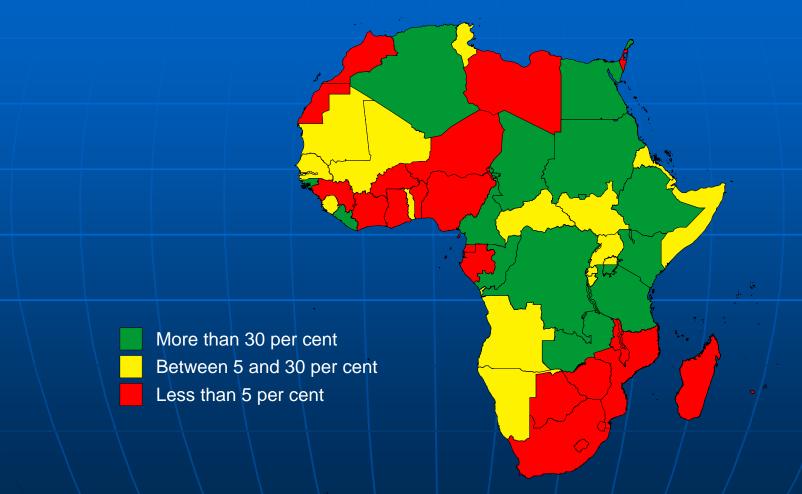


The proportion of young migrants (<20) among all migrants is highest in Africa

Migrant stock under age 20, 2013 (percentage)

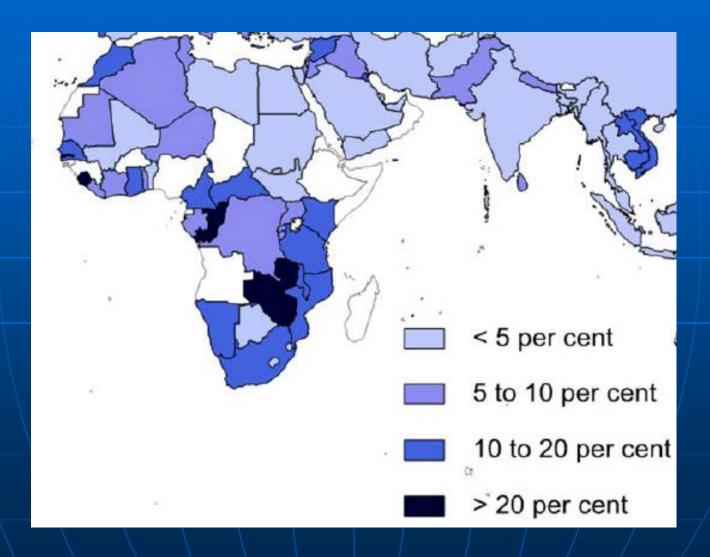


Refugees as a percentage of the international migrant stock - 2013

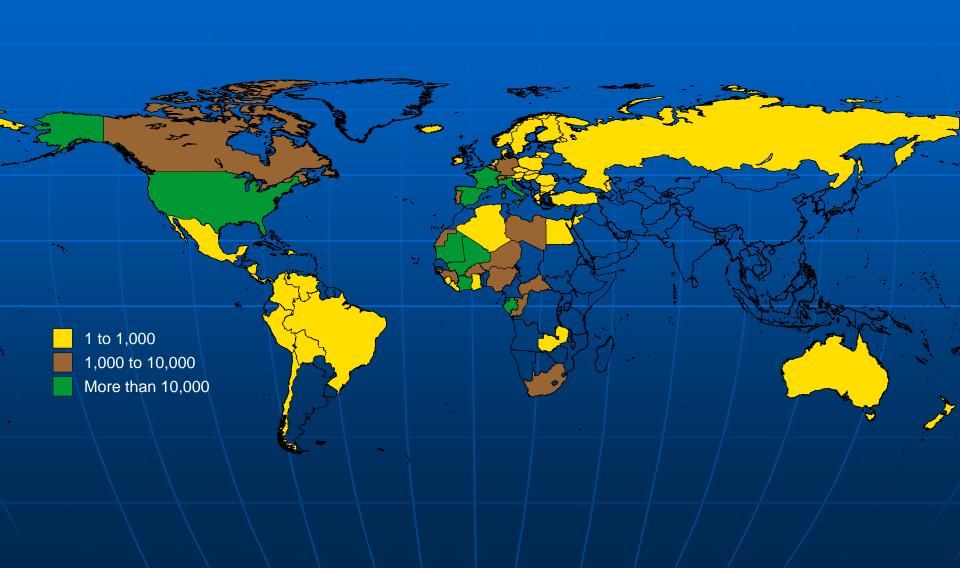


Source: Trends in International Migrant Stock: The 2013 Revision

One in every nine tertiary educated persons born in Africa resides in OECD countries

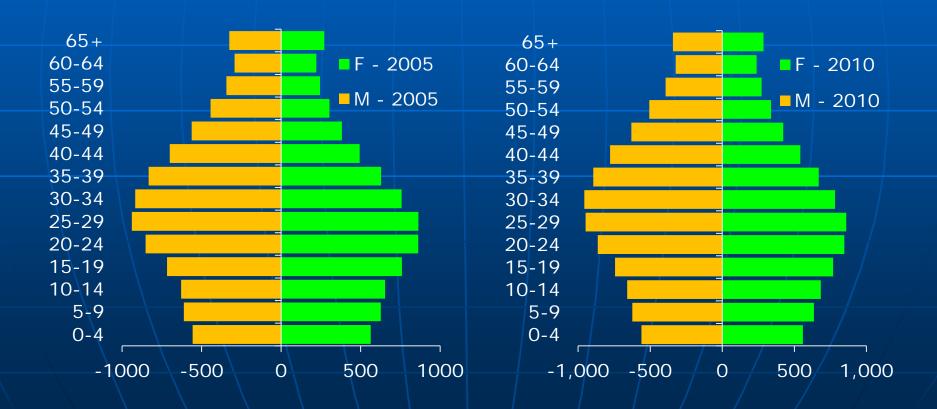


Senegal as origin - 2013



Changes in the stock of migrants 2005-2010 (Africa)

| | 2005 | 2010 |
|--------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Migrant stock in Africa ('000) | 16,358 | 17,125 |



Cohort analysis of international migrants in Africa

| | thousands | Percent |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|---------|
| International migrant stock 2005 | 16,358 | |
| Deaths during 2005-2010 | 906 | |
| Returns based on age distribution | 5,728 | 35.0 |
| Gross change during 2005-2010 | 767 | 4.7 |
| New migrants during period | 7,401 | 45.2 |
| Stock 2010 | 17,125 | |

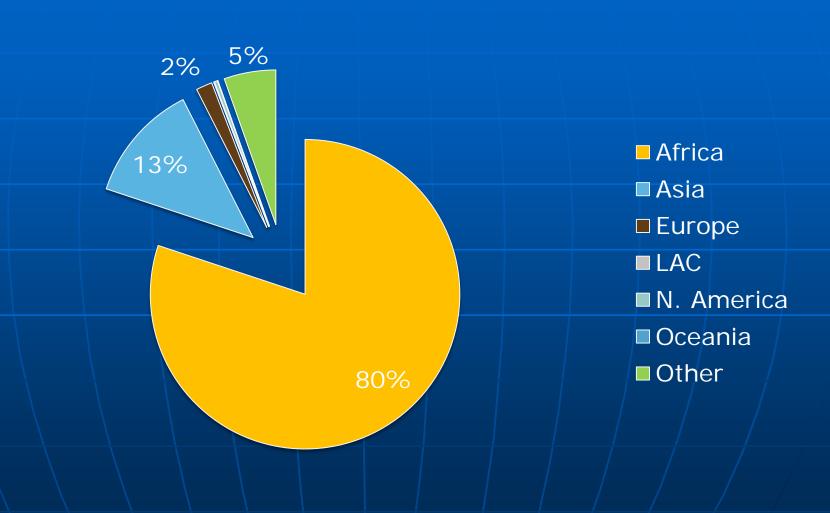
Data availability

| Country | Census dates | Latest available data (to Population Division) |
|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Algeria | Census 1987, 1998, 2008 | No data |
| Benin | Census 1992, 2002, 2013 | Latest available data from 2002 |
| Burkina Faso | Census 1996, 2006 | Latest available data from 2006 (no data on origin) |
| Côte d'Ivoire | Census 1988, 1998, 2014 | Latest available data from 1998 |
| Libyan Arab Jamahiriya | Census 1995, 2006 | Latest available data from 2006 (no data on origin) |
| Mali | Census 1987, 1998, 2009 | Latest available data from 2009 |
| Mauritania | Census 1988, 2000, 2013 | Latest available data from 2000 |
| Morocco | Census 1994, 2004, 2014 | Latest available data from 2014 |
| Niger | Census 1988, 2001, 2012 | Latest available data from 2001 |
| Senegal | Census 1988, 2002, 2013 | Latest available data from 2013 (no data on origin) |
| Togo | Census 1981, 2010 | Latest available data from 2010 |

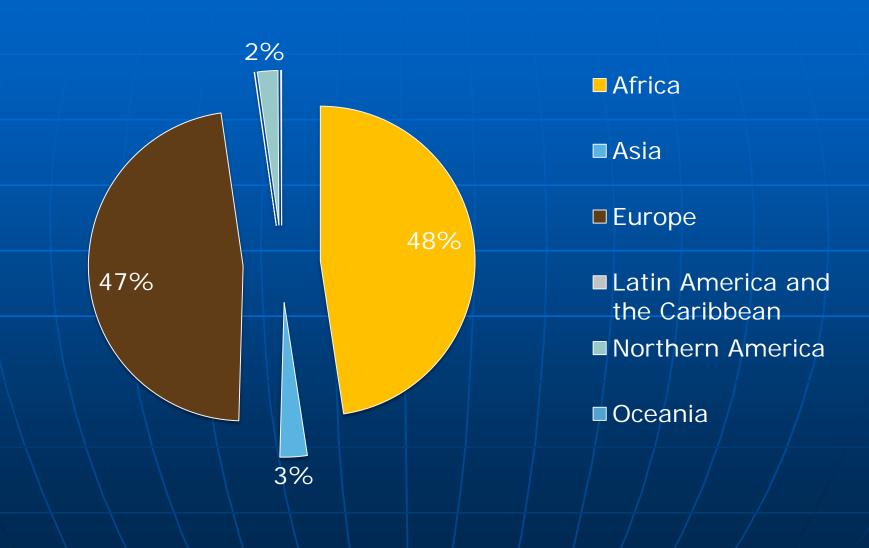
International migrant stock summary for 11 participating countries, 2015

| | 1990 | 1995 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| International migrants (x 1,000) | 3,771 | 4,238 | 4,257 | 4,587 | 5,037 | 5,458 |
| Refugees (x 1,000) | 443 | 684 | 350 | 199 | 214 | 349 |
| Refugees (%) | 11.7 | 16.1 | 8.2 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 6.4 |
| Female (%) | 46.5 | 45.9 | 45.1 | 44.3 | 44.3 | 44.3 |

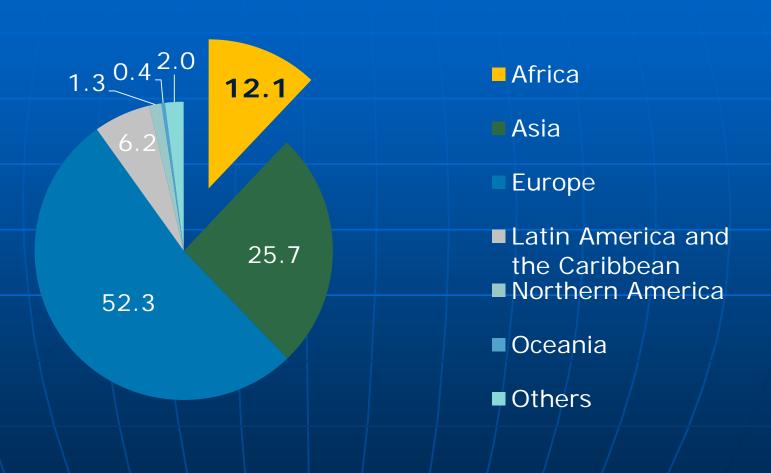
Origin of international migrants by major area – 2013 (in participating countries)



Destination for international migrants – 2013 (from participating countries)



International migrants in Europe by major area of origin (rev. 2013)



Changes in working age population (15-59) and youth (15-29), 2015 - 2050

