Calibrated Spline Graduation of Age-Group Fertility Rates

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Objective

For age-group fertility data $\{nF_x\}$ find a continuous fertility schedule f(x) that

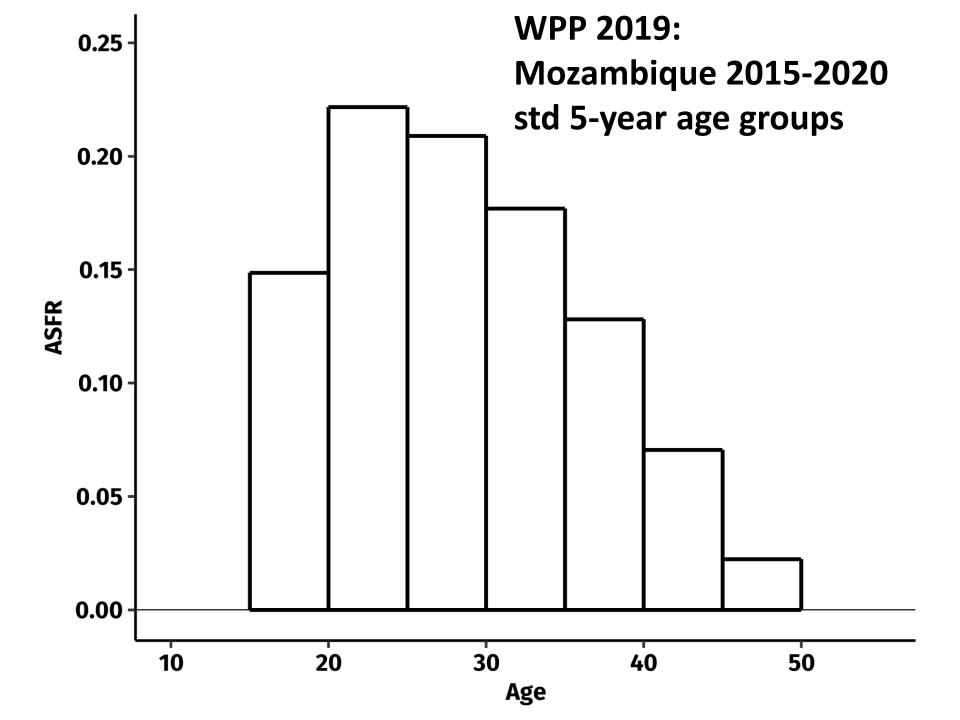
- Matches age-group data*
- Looks like schedules from a large calibration database*

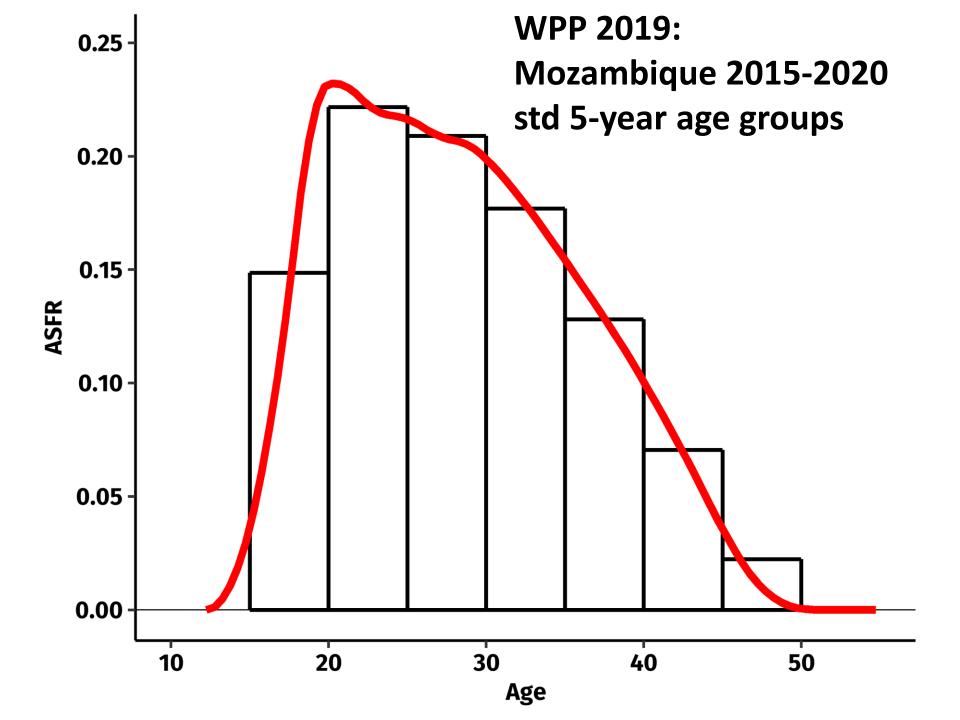
* = cannot *exactly* meet both objectives

Principles

Construct f(x) such that it can be estimated

- 1. from any age grouping $\{nF_x\}$
- 2. for ages outside available $\{nF_x\}$ e.g. <15 or >50
- 3. using simple spreadsheet arithmetic

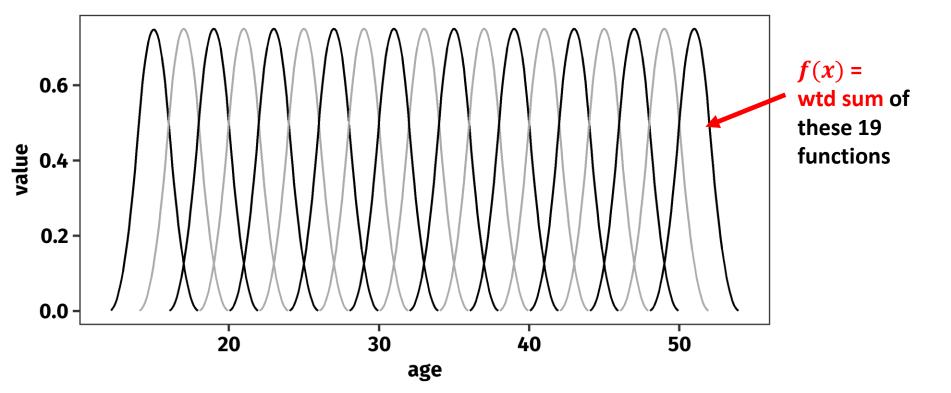




Main Ideas

f(x) is a continuous, high-dimensional B-spline

$$f(x) = \sum_{k} \theta_{k} b_{k}(x)$$



Main Ideas

Discretize over a fine grid of A ages such as $(x_1...x_A) = (12.25, 12.75,..., 54.75)$

$$f = egin{bmatrix} f_1 \ dots \ A imes 1 \end{bmatrix} = B ilde{ heta}$$
A x 1 f_A A x 19 19 x 1

Main Ideas

Observed rates for groups are averages of the detailed rates

$$\{{}_{n}F_{x}\}=G$$
 $f=G$ B θ
7 x 1 7 x A A x 1 7 x A A x 19 19 x 1

- → 19 parameters to fit 7 targets
- needs <u>regularization</u>

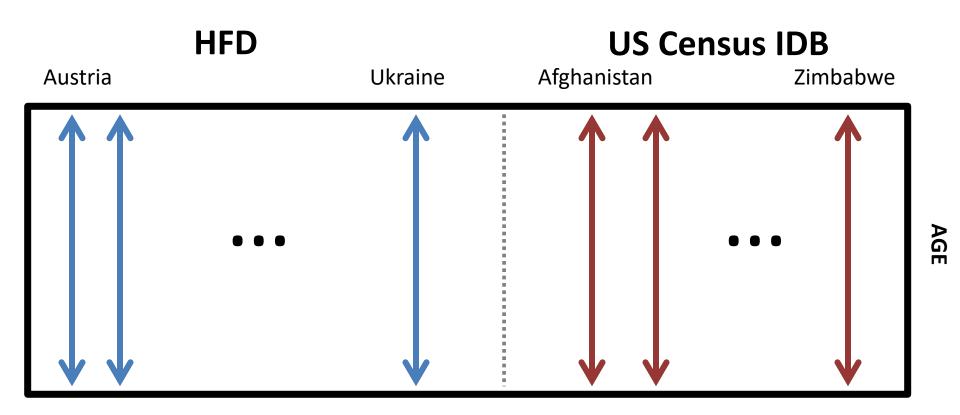
Any particular θ implies spline fitting errors

$$oldsymbol{arepsilon}_{fit} = \{_n F_x\} - G \quad B \quad oldsymbol{ heta}$$
7 x 1 7 x A A x 19 19 x 1

Lower SSE \rightarrow better Θ

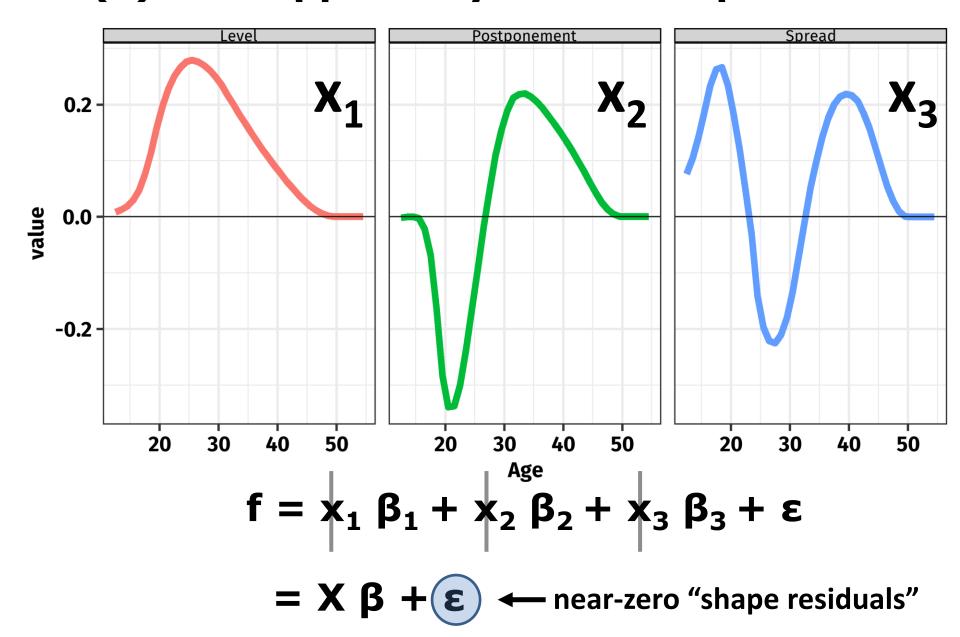
$$SSE_{fit}(\theta) = \varepsilon'_{fit}\varepsilon_{fit}$$

Singular Value Decomposition find principal components of single-year age schedules over *CALIBRATION DATA*



SCHEDULES

f(x) well approx. by three components



Any particular θ implies spline "shape residuals"

$$\varepsilon_{shape} = f - Proj_X(f)$$

$$= M_X f$$

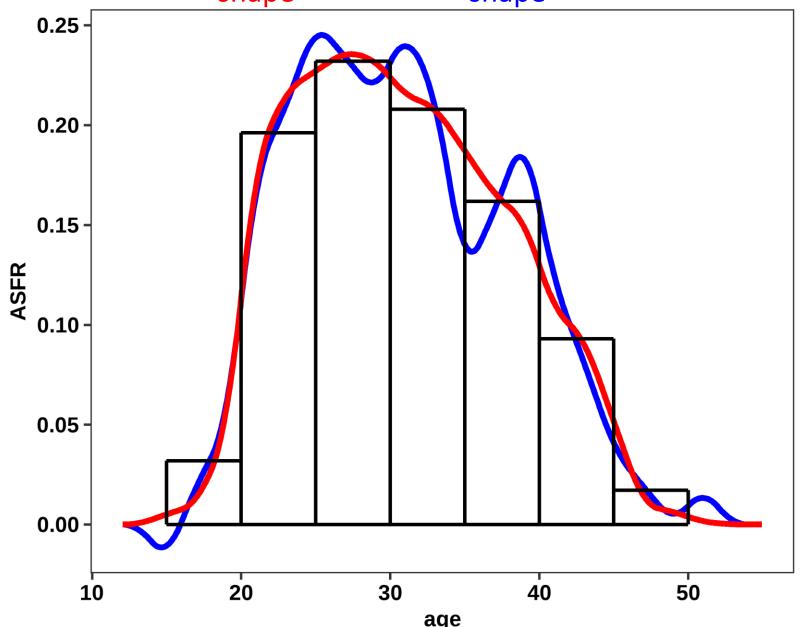
$$= M_X B \theta$$

Lower SSE \rightarrow better shape \rightarrow better θ

$$SSE_{shape}(\theta) = \varepsilon'_{shape} \Omega^{-1} \varepsilon_{shape}$$

Estimated covar. matrix from calibration data

Same fit. $SSE_{shape} = 91$, $SSE_{shape} = 1050$



Objective Function:

select θ to minimize

$$Q(\theta) = \lambda \cdot SSE_{fit}(\theta) + SSE_{shape}(\theta)$$
quadratic in θ , quadratic in θ includes $\{_nF_x\}$

Unique, closed-form solution

$$\theta^* = \mathbb{C} \{_n F_x\}$$

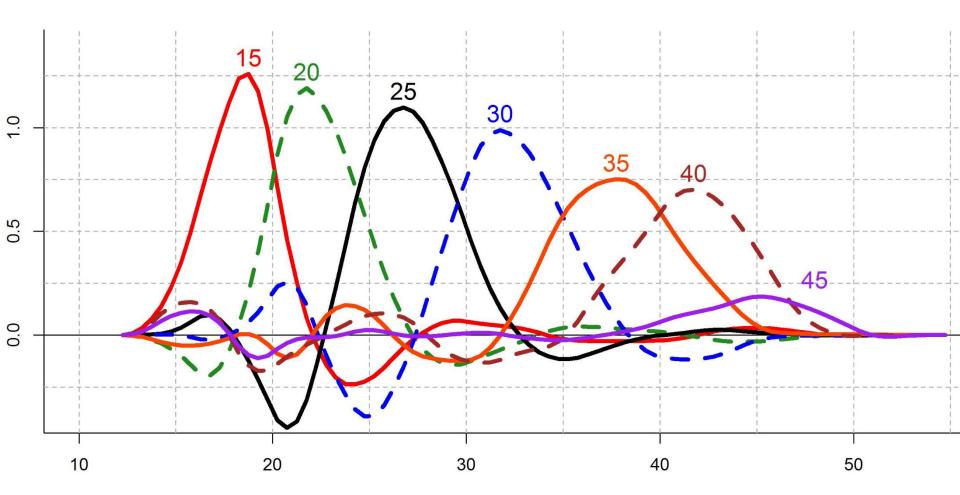
$$f^* = B \theta^* = K \{_n F_x\}$$
A x 1 A x 7 7 x 1

A simple final product

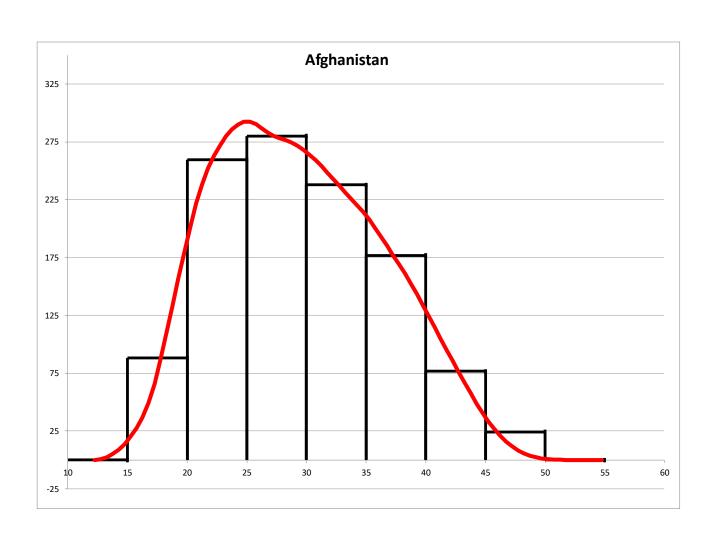
- Fitted schedule is a wtd sum of K's columns
- Weights = observed _nF_x values

$$f = k_1 \cdot {}_5F_{15} \dots + k_7 \cdot {}_5F_{45}$$

Columns of **K** matrix (Calibrated splines)



Examples (change windows, Carl!)



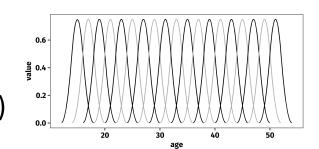
Issues/Problems

 Graduated schedule does not exactly match age-group rates (unless λ → ∞)

 Graduated rates occasionally have (very!) small negative values at highest and lowest ages

WPP Modeling Choices

- Number of spline knots for B
- Order of splines for B (quadratic, cubic, ...)



- Age grid (x₁...x_A) for discretizing f(x)
- CALIBRATION DATA (HFD, HFC, smoothed WPP,...)
- Number of principal shape components (3,4,...)
- Relative weight on fitting errors λ (should vary with sample size, data quality)
- Add a smoothing penalty? (e.g. squared 2nd diffs in rates)

THANKS!



Carl Schmertmann



Article at tinyurl.com/fertility-splines

Data/code at tinyurl.com/fertility-splines-replication

Non-standard age groups (same procedure, different **G** matrix)

