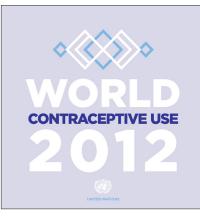
United Nations



Fertility and Family Planning Section

Department of Economic and Social Affairs • Population Division

Recent online publications available at www.unpopulation.org



World Contraceptive Use 2012

Contraceptive prevalence and unmet need for family planning are key indicators for measuring improvements in access to reproductive health. This data set includes country data as of July 2012 on contraceptive prevalence among married or in-union women for 194 countries or areas of the world and unmet need for family planning for 111 countries or areas of the world. Detailed trend data on contraceptive prevalence (total and by type of method) are available from 1950 to 2012. Unmet need for family planning data (total, spacing and limiting) are available from 1986 to 2012. The data set also includes new annual, model-based estimates and short-term projections of family planning indicators from 1990 to 2015.

THE LANCET

The Lancet, Early Online Publication, 12 March 2013 doi:10.1016/S0140-6736(12)62204-1

National, regional, and global rates and trends in contraceptive prevalence and unmet need for family planning between 1990 and 2015: a systematic and comprehensive analysis The article "National, regional, and global rates and trends in contraceptive prevalence and unmet need for family planning between 1990 and 2015: a systematic and comprehensive analysis" explains the methodology and key results of model-based annual estimates and short-term projections of family planning indicators.

http://www.thelancet.com/journals/lancet/article/PIIS0140-6736(12)62204-1/abstract

Article free of charge with registration.



World Marriage Data 2012

This data set contains comparable and up-to-date data on three key indicators on marital status of the population by age and sex for 221 countries and areas of the world: the percentage currently married, the percentage ever married and the singulate mean age at marriage (SMAM). The data set includes data as of January 2013. For each of these indicators and to the extent that data are available, data are presented for five reference dates: 1970, 1985, 1995, 2005 and the most recent data available. Major sources of data on marital status are censuses, sample surveys and national estimates based on population register data or on estimation methods using census data.



United Nations • Department of Economic and Social Affairs • Population Division www.unpopulation.org 2012 Update for the MDG Database: Adolescent Birth Rate

POP/DB/Fert/A/MDG2012
(Annual number of births per 1.000 women aged 15 to 19)

Progress on Millennium Development

Goal 5: Annual updates of data on the adolescent birth rate, contraceptive prevalence and unmet need for family planning.



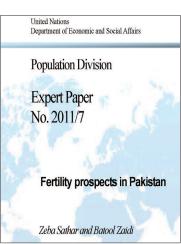


World Fertility Data 2012 provides an up-to-date set of data on fertility and the timing of childbearing for all countries and areas of the world. Six key indicators are covered: the annual number of births, crude birth rate, age-specific fertility rates, total fertility, mean age at childbearing and the mean number of children ever born. Data are presented for five reference dates: 1970, 1985, 1995, 2005 and the most recent data available. Major sources of data are civil registration systems, sample surveys and censuses. The data set includes data as of January 2013.



Child Adoption: Trends and Policies

This report focuses on child adoption policies and resulting trends in 195 countries. Understanding adoption policies and their origins is all the more important today because, as adoption has become global, inconsistencies among the legal principles and traditions regarding adoption in different countries are increasingly coming to the fore. The study provides a solid foundation for furthering research on adoption, including the demographic factors that shape the demand for and availability of adoptable children.



The Expert Paper Series

The series aims at providing access to government officials, the research community, non-governmental organizations, international organizations and the general public to overviews by experts on key demographic issues. The papers included in the series are those presented at Expert Group Meetings organized by the Population Division.

Data and publications available at www.unpopulation.org