

**SIXTEENTH COORDINATION MEETING
ON INTERNATIONAL MIGRATION
Population Division/UN DESA
New York, 15-16 February 2018**

**Hand-out Session V and Session VI
(Friday 16 February, 10 a.m.)**

Introduction

The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development ([A/70/1](#)) contain several targets that are related to migration. One target requires relevant SDG indicators to be disaggregated by migratory status (SDG 17.18). These two sessions will focus on indicators that are **relevant to migration**, which are either **migration-related indicators** (Session V) or **relevant for disaggregation by migratory status** (Section VI). The purpose of these sessions is to (a) promote a common understanding of the SDG indicators that are relevant to migration, and (b) assess progress in developing and measuring these indicators.

Session V

Custodian (and co-custodian) agencies for **10 migration-related indicators** (Annex I) have been invited to make a presentation, which should not last for more than 7 minutes. Presentations should focus on issues such as methodology, measurement and data collection, with a specific focus on indicators currently classified as Tier II and Tier III.¹

Section VI

The Statistics Division of UN DESA will present a tentative list of **24 indicators relevant for disaggregation by migratory status** (Annex II), which was established during an expert group meeting in June 2017.² Participants are invited to provide their feedback on this list. These views and inputs will be useful in the further development of this list by the group of experts.

¹ **Tier 2.** Indicator is conceptually clear, has an internationally established methodology and standards are available, but data are not regularly produced by countries. **Tier 3.** No internationally established methodology or standards are yet available for the indicator, but methodology/standards are being (or will be) developed or tested. Source: [Tier Classification for Global SDG Indicators](#), 15 December 2017.

² [United Nations Expert Group Meeting on Improving Migration Data in the Context of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development](#). United Nations, New York, 20 to 22 June 2017.

Table 1. Indicative list of 10 migration-related SDGs targets and indicators

SDG target	Indicator	Tier	Custodian agency/agencies	Partner agency/agencies
3.c Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries , especially in least developed countries and small island developing States.	3.c.1 Health worker density and distribution.	Tier I	WHO	
4.b By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education [...] in developed countries and other developing countries.	4.b.1 Volume of official development assistance flows for scholarships by sector and type of study.	Tier I	OECD	UNESCO-UIS
8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers , in particular women migrants , and those in precarious employment.	8.8.1 Frequency rates of fatal and non-fatal occupational injuries, by sex and migrant status.	Tier II	ILO	
	8.8.2 Level of national compliance with labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining) based on International Labour Organization (ILO) textual sources and national legislation, by sex and migrant status.	Tier III	ILO	
10.7 Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies.	10.7.1 Recruitment cost borne by employee as a proportion of yearly income earned in country of destination.	Tier III	ILO/ World Bank	
	10.7.2 Number of countries that have implemented well-managed migration policies.	Tier III	DESA Population Division/ IOM	World Bank, Global Migration Group, UNHCR, UNODC
10.c By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 per cent.	10.c.1 Remittance costs as a proportion of the amount remitted.	Tier II	World Bank	

<p>16.2 End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children</p>	<p>16.2.2 Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation.</p>	<p>Tier II</p>	<p>UNODC</p>	
<p>17.3 Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources</p>	<p>17.3.2 Volume of remittances (in United States dollars) as a proportion of total GDP</p>	<p>Tier 1</p>	<p>World Bank</p>	
<p>17.18 By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts</p>	<p>17.18.1 Proportion of sustainable development indicators produced at the national level with full disaggregation when relevant to the target, in accordance with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics.</p>	<p>Tier III</p>	<p>UNSD</p>	<p>UNEP, UNFPA</p>

Table 2. Indicative list of 24 SDG indicators relevant for disaggregation by migratory status

1.1.1 Proportion of population below the international poverty line, by sex, age, employment status and geographical location (urban/rural)
1.3.1 Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems, by sex, distinguishing children, unemployed persons, older persons, persons with disabilities, pregnant women, newborns, work-injury victims and the poor and the vulnerable
3.1.1 Maternal mortality ratio
3.2.1 Under-five mortality rate
3.3.1 Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population, by sex, age and key populations
3.4.1 Mortality rate attributed to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes or chronic respiratory disease
3.8.1 Coverage of essential health services (defined as the average coverage of essential services based on tracer interventions that include reproductive, maternal, newborn and child health, infectious diseases, non-communicable diseases and service capacity and access, among the general and the most disadvantaged population)
3.8.2 Proportion of population with large household expenditures on health as a share of total household expenditure or income
4.1.1 Proportion of children and young people: (a) in grades 2/3; (b) at the end of primary; and (c) at the end of lower secondary achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading and (ii) mathematics, by sex
4.3.1 Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months, by sex
4.6.1 Proportion of population in a given age group achieving at least a fixed level of proficiency in functional (a) literacy and (b) numeracy skills, by sex
5.5.2 Proportion of women in managerial positions
8.3.1 Proportion of informal employment in non-agriculture employment, by sex
8.5.1 Average hourly earnings of female and male employees, by occupation, age and persons with disabilities
8.5.2 Unemployment rate, by sex, age and persons with disabilities
8.6.1 Proportion of youth (aged 15-24 years) not in education, employment or training
8.8.1 Frequency rates of fatal and non-fatal occupational injuries, by sex and migrant status
8.8.2 Level of national compliance of labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining) based on International Labour Organization (ILO) textual sources and national legislation, by sex and migrant status
8.10.2 Proportion of adults (15 years and older) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider
10.2.1 Proportion of people living below 50 per cent of median income, by sex, age and persons with disabilities

10.3.1 Proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law
11.1.1 Proportion of urban population living in slums, informal settlements or inadequate housing
16.1.3 Proportion of population subjected to physical, psychological or sexual violence in the previous 12 months
16.9.1 Proportion of children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority, by age