

SOCIAL PROTECTION, INCLUSION AND SUSTAINABLE SOLUTIONS IN THE SYRIA CRISIS

Commission for Social Development High-level side-event

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BUSINESS CASE: RATIONALE

- Protracted Displacement:
 - UNHCR will deliver a comprehensive protection and solutions strategy which provides: support to host governments/communities; protection, assistance and self-reliance for refugees, resettlement and complementary pathways and, when conditions allow, voluntary return.
- Alignment with UN-wide commitments to:
 - Global Compact for Refugees Seeking sustainable solutions by linking national and local humanitarian and development strategies and investing in resilience of both communities to lessen aid dependency
 - UN Reforms: 'new way of working' across development and humanitarian activities, with a focus on collective outcomes at the country level
 - 2030 Agenda and the SDGs (1.3): Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all – 'leave no one behind'
 - The Grand Bargain Humanitarian/development approaches and strengthening resilience against shocks
- Diminishing humanitarian resources (OL) and the need to secure more predictable and sustainable financing for displaced populations



OPPORTUNITY

- National social protection/safety net systems fragmented, badly targeted, inefficient (only 16% of poorest quintile receive SA) and underfunded.
- With fiscal constraints, many are undergoing reform (NPTP Lebanon; NAF Jordan, MOLSA Iraq)
- Meanwhile, humanitarians have implemented innovative and impactful assistance programs combining multi-purpose cash integrated with protection services, support to livelihoods and policy changes allowing for work permits etc.

OPPORTUNITY – Humanitarian programs as catalysts for advances towards more inclusive and sustainable social protection



ENTRY POINTS

- ■Expand use of common platforms LOUISE, CCF, targeting for improved *alignment*, coordination and enhanced *efficiency*, *transparency and accountability*
- Leverage use of new technologies biometrics, digital delivery systems, blockchain for greater transparency, efficiency, and data protection
- *Joint piloting of tools/schemes with national stakeholders WFP e-vouchers, IrisScan with MODM facilitating scale-up
- •Investing in shock-responsive social protection introducing features for rapid response in case of emergencies.

A common crisis but very unique country contexts:

Different commitment levels to integration of refugees in national systems

A WIDE SPECTRUM OF ALIGNMENT OPTIONS





INCENTIVES FOR GOVERNMENTS

- Benefit from tested and innovative tools and mechanisms that contribute to improved performance reduce leakages, enhance transparency and accountability (biometrics, cash cards).
- •Improve efficiencies and reduce cost and fiscal burden (eg. use of the CCF)
- Knowledge transfer and capacity building social workers, referral systems, quality standards
- Expand access to development financing for own population

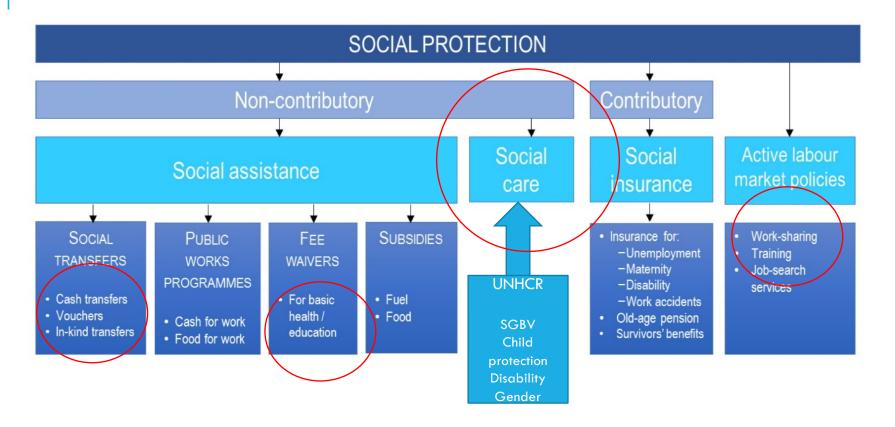




- Interest in reforming humanitarian system:
 - The Grand Bargain humanitarian-development nexus; transparency; efficiency; multi-year financing.
- Greater focus on protracted displacement and long term solutions
- ■Commitment to 2030 Agenda and SDGs joint outcomes and 'no one left behind'
- Improved targeting towards the most vulnerable, avoid duplication, and enhanced performance and efficiency of national systems
- Attention to prevention and risk preparedness
- Potential reduction in overhead costs due to scale
- Bias towards cash (dignity, boosting local markets, cheaper delivery)



THE BROADER PROTECTION ECO-SYSTEM







- Health Care: Subsidizing PHC and tertiary services, health insurance.
 Use of common third-party monitoring for government and UN subsidized referrals (Lebanon)
- Education: MAKANI Access to integrated social protection services for all (Jordan)
- School Feeding Programs: WFP Public primary school snack programs (benefiting Lebanese and Syrians)
- Community centers and referrals to specialized service centers (psychosocial, SGBV). Use of UNHCR E-Card (Lebanon)
- Access to labor markets/livelihoods mainstreaming refugees in existing national/donor funded programs (Jordan – Joint ILO/UNHCR/World Bank engagement under the Compact)



FINANCING OPTIONS

- Development financing for UN technical support to national institutions
 - Training social workers/expanding outreach (Iraq); strengthening social centers (Lebanon)
- Pooling resources through Regional/National Social Assistance Multi-Donor Trust Funds (national/refugee windows)
 - Potential use of GCFF or existing MDTFs
- Channeling funds through one bank (multiple fund managers based on comparative advantage)
 - Remove overhead cost /fund mangers cost based on cost