Translation

INFORMATION CONCERNING NATIONAL LEGISLATION
ON PIRACY – RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Russian Federation

Federal legislation on the custody of persons suspected of
or charged with committing crimes

Adopted by the State Duma on 21 June 1995


Article 33. Separate accommodation in cells

Persons under suspicion or charge shall be accommodated in cells on the basis of their
personality and psychological compatibility. Smokers should be accommodated separately from
non-smokers as far as possible.

The following conditions must be observed in connection with suspected, charged or convicted
persons:

1) Separate accommodation shall be provided for:

   - men and women;
   - minors and adults; in exceptional cases, by agreement with the public prosecutor, in cells
     where minors are being held permission may be granted for sharing with adults of
     positive character who are being held for the first time under charge of committing petty
     or intermediate criminal offences;

   (Federal Act No. 161-FZ of 8 December 2003)

   - persons charged for the first time with committing a criminal offence and persons who
     have previously been kept in a place of detention;
   - persons under suspicion or charge, and also convicted persons whose sentences have
     taken effect;
   - persons under suspicion or charge in the same criminal case.

2) The following persons shall be held separate from other persons under suspicion or
charge:

   - those suspected of or charged with committing crimes against the foundations of
     constitutional order and national security and crimes against the peace and safety of
     mankind (Federal Act No. 117-FZ of 21 July 1998);
   - those suspected of or charged with committing the following crimes under the Russian
     Federation Criminal Code: murder; murder of a newborn child by its mother; causing
     intentional and serious harm to another’s health; infection with HIV; kidnap; rape; sexual
     assault; trafficking of minors; burglary; robbery; extortion under aggravated circumstances;
     terrorism; taking of hostages; organizing an unlawful armed gathering; banditry; organized
crime; piracy; making an attempt on the life of a person engaged in the pursuit of justice or
in carrying out a preliminary investigation; making an attempt on the life of a law
enforcement officer; disrupting the normal operation of institutions whose task is to ensure
separation from society (Federal Act No. 117-FZ of 21 July 1998).
Russian Federation

Federal Legislation

Russian Federation Criminal Code

Adopted by the State Duma on 24 May 1996

(Federal Act No. 162-FZ of 8 December 2003)

Article 227. Piracy

1. Assault against a maritime or other vessel with intent to capture the property of others and with the use of force or the threat of force.

Punishable by imprisonment from five to ten years.

2. The same act, but involving firearms or objects used in the capacity of firearms (Federal Act No. 162-FZ of 8 December 2003).

Punishable by imprisonment from eight to twelve years, with or without a fine consisting of either 500,000 roubles or loss of salary or other income for a period of not more than three years (Federal Act No. 162-FZ of 8 December 2003).

3. The acts covered by parts 1 and 2 above, if they have been committed by an organized group and have resulted in either the inadvertent death of a person or other serious consequences.

Punishable by imprisonment from ten to 15 years, with or without a fine consisting of either 500,000 roubles or loss of salary or other income for a period of not more than three years (Federal Act No. 162-FZ of 8 December 2003).