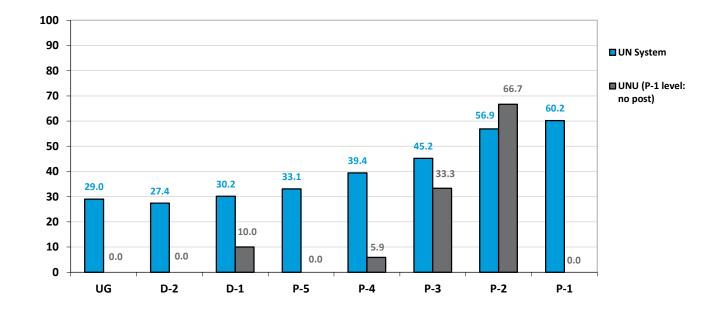


Percentage of women in the professional and higher categories with appointments of one year or more in the United Nations System (Dec. 2011) and UNU (Dec. 2011)



Trends in the Representation of Women in the Professional and Higher Categories – 2001 to 2011

THE UNITED NATIONS SYSTEM						UNITED NATIONS UNIVERSITY (UNU)			
During the period 2001-2011 in the UN System , the proportion of women increased by 6.8 percentage points, from 33.9% (6,533 out of 19,296) in 2001 to 40.7% (12,086 out of 29,665) in 2011.					During the period 2001-2011 in UNU , the proportion of women increased by 10.4 percentage points, from 14.0% (7 out of 50) in 2001 to 24.4% (19 out of 78) in 2011.				
Level	% of women as of 31 December 2001	% of women as of 31 December 2011	Total change 2001-2011 (percentage points)	Avg. annual change 2001-2011 (percentage points)	Level	% of women as of 31 December 2001	% of women as of 31 December 2011	Total change 2001-2011 (percentage points)	Avg. annual change 2001-2011 (percentage points)
UG	15.6	29.0	13.4	1.3	UG	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
D-2	20.8	27.4	6.6	0.7	D-2	12.5	0.0	-12.5	-1.3
D-1	21.3	30.2	8.8	0.9	D-1	0.0	10.0	10.0	1.0
P-5	24.1	33.1	8.9	0.9	P-5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
P-4	31.3	39.4	8.1	0.8	P-4	20.0	5.9	-14.1	-1.4
P-3	40.3	45.2	5.0	0.5	P-3	28.6	33.3	4.8	0.5
P-2	53.3	56.9	3.6	0.4	P-2	33.3	66.7	33.4	3.3
P-1	63.6	60.2	-3.4	-0.3	P-1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Source: CEB (2001), UN System Entities (2011). Prepared by the Focal Point for Women, Coordination Division, UN Women, December 2012. Website: http://www.unwomen.org/en/how-we-work/un-system-coordination/women-in-the-united-nations/

As of 31 December 2011, women in the UN System constituted:	As of 31 December 2011, women in UNRWA constituted:					
• 40.7% (12,086 out of 29,665) of all staff in the professional and higher	• 24.4% (19 out of 78) of all staff in the professional and higher categories with					
categories with appointments of one year or more	appointments of one year or more					
• 29.5% (787 out of 2,672) of all staff D-1 to UG	• 5.3% (1 out of 19) of all staff D-1 to UG					
• 41.9% (11,299 out of 26,993) of all staff P-1 to P-5	• 30.5% (18 out of 59) of all staff P-1 to P-5					
• Gender parity achieved: P-1 : 60.2% (71 out of 118); P-2 : 56.9% (1,746 out of 3,070)	• Gender parity achieved: P-2: 66.7% (10 out of 15)					
• Largest increase: UG: 13.4% (from 15.6% in Dec. 2001 to 29.0% in Dec. 2011)	• Largest increase: P-2: 33.4% (from 33.3% in Dec. 2001 to 66.7% in Dec. 2011)					
• Largest decrease: P-1: -3.4% (from 63.6% in Dec. 2001 to 60.2% in Dec. 2011)	• Largest decrease: P-4: -14.1% (from 20.0% in Dec. 2001 to 5.9% in Dec. 2011)					

Representation of Women in Appointments, Promotions and Separations (P-1 to UG): 1 January 2010 to 31 December 2011

THE UNITED NATIONS SYSTEM	UNITED NATIONS UNIVERSITY (UNU)						
APPOINTMENTS							
 All Appointments (P-1 to UG): 42.1% (2,899 out of 6,885) D-1 to UG Appointments: 29.1% (123 out of 422) P-1 to P-5 Appointments: 43.0% (2,776 out of 6,463) Gender parity in Appointments achieved: P-1: 64.1% (59 out of 92); P-2: 58.0% (728 out of 1,255) Highest proportion of female Appointments: P-1: 64.1% (59 out of 92) Lowest proportion of female Appointments: D-2: 28.5% (35 out of 123) 	 All Appointments (P-1 to UG): 28.6% (10 out of 35) D-1 to UG Appointments: 20.0% (1 out of 5) P-1 to P-5 Appointments: 30.0% (9 out of 30) Gender parity in Appointments achieved: P-1: 100.0% (2 out of 2); P-2: 75.0% (3 out of 4); D-1: 50.0% (1 out of 2) Highest proportion of female Appointments: P-1: 100.0% (2 out of 2) Lowest proportion of female Appointments: D-2: 0.0% (0 out of 3) 						
PRC	PROMOTIONS						
 All Promotions (P-2 to D-2): 42.6% (1,495 out of 3,507) D-1 and D-2 Promotions: 29.1% (141 out of 485) P-2 to P-5 Promotions: 44.9% (1,354 out of 3,013) Gender parity in Promotions achieved: P-1: 66.7% (6 out of 9); P-2: 58.6% (116 out of 198); P-3: 54.0% (379 out of 702) Highest proportion of female Promotions: P-1: 66.7% (6 out of 9) Lowest proportion of female Promotions: D-2: 25.5% (28 out of 110) 	 All Promotions (P-2 to D-2): 50.0% (4 out of 8) D-1 and D-2 Promotions: NONE P-2 to P-5 Promotions: 50.0% (4 out of 8) Gender parity in Promotions achieved: P-2: 60.0% (3 out of 5); P-4: 100.0% (1 out of 1) Highest proportion of female Promotions: P-4: 100.0% (1 out of 1) Lowest proportion of female Promotions: P-5: 0.0% (0 out of 2) 						
SEPARATIONS							
 Women constituted 39.8% (2,583 out of 6,488) of all Separations (P-1 to UG), which is lower than their representation in the UN System (40.7%) The proportion of female separations was higher than the proportion of women at these levels: P-2: 46.8% separations vs. 45.2% representation; P-3: 60.7% vs. 56.9% 	 Women constitued 13.3% (2 out of 15) of all Separations (P-1 to UG), which is lower than their representation in UNU (24.4%) The proportion of female separations was higher than the proportion of women at these levels: P-4: 33.3% separations vs. 5.9% representation 						
Major causes of separations at these levels: At the P-2 level 61.2% (131 out of 214) of women separated because of appointment expirations and 30.8% (66 out of 214) because of resignation; At P-3, 62.0% (258 out of 416) because of appointment expirations, and 25.7% (107 out of 416) because of resignation.	<u>Major causes of separations at these levels</u> : At the P-4 level 100.0% (1 out of 1) of women separated because of appointment expirations.						