Inventory of United Nations Resources on Women, Peace and Security



Guidelines Training Materials Manuals Reports

Inter-Agency Task Force on Women, Peace and Security October 2004



Introduction

This is an inventory of United Nations resources on various thematic areas related to women, peace and security. It includes guidelines, training materials, manuals and reports that entities of the United Nations system have developed in line with the critical area of concern "women and armed conflict" of the Beijing Platform for Action of the Fourth World Conference on Women (Beijing, 1995) and Security Council resolution 1325 (2000). The inventory has been produced to enable Member States, United Nations entities, civil society and non-governmental organizations to have a readily available list of United Nations resources in the field of women, peace and security.

The inventory and the electronic versions of most of the resources are available at: <u>www.un.org/womenwatch/osagi</u>.

This list will be continuously updated and new United Nations resources will be added to the online inventory as they become available.

Structure

The inventory is divided into three sections:

- **Section I** resources specific to women, peace and security, grouped alphabetically within the following themes: disarmament demobilization and reintegration, gender-based violence, humanitarian response, peace operations and post-conflict reconstruction;
- **Section II** general publications on peace and security which include gender and women's issues; and
- Section III a list of related websites.

For each resource, the title, the issuing agency, and a brief description of the content are provided, as well as an internet address where it may be downloaded or ordered.

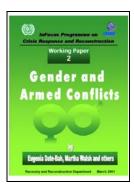
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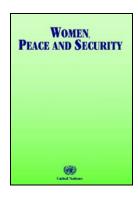
ACCORD	African Centre for the Constructive Resolution of Disputes	
DAW	Division for the Advancement of Women	
DDA	Department for Disarmament Affairs	
DESA	Department of Economic and Social Affairs	
DPA	Department of Political Affairs	
DPKO	Department of Peacekeeping Operations	
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations	
GENDERNET	Network on Gender Equality of OECD-DAC	
IANWGE	Inter-Agency Network on Women and Gender Equality	
IASC	Inter-Agency Standing Committee	
ILO	International Labour Organization	
NGO	Non-Governmental Organization	
OECD-DAC	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development-Development Assistance Committee	
OSAGI	Office of the Special Adviser on Gender Issues and Advancement of Women	
OSAGI UN	Office of the Special Adviser on Gender Issues and Advancement of Women United Nations	
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UN	United Nations	
UN UNAIDS	United Nations Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS	
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Section 1: Resources Specific to Women, Peace and Security

General Publications on Women, Peace and Security

- 1. Conflict Trends: Women, Peace and Security (ACCORD and UNIFEM, 2003) seeks to illustrate and analyze why women are particularly at risk in conflict situations and what achievements have been made to mainstream gender at decision-making levels; covers setbacks in post-conflict recovery due to historical gender-exclusion from peacenegotiating forums and sets out an objective to increase women's participation in peace processes. http://www.accord.org.za/ct/2003-3.htm







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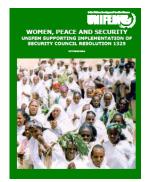
2. Gender and Armed Conflicts: Challenges for Decent Work, Gender Equity and Peace Building Agendas and Programmes (ILO, 2001) provides an analytical synthesis of research and insights based on country studies undertaken by ILO between 1996 and 2000, and seeks to guide policy formulation, effective pursuit of gender-sensitive programming, decent work, and other activities on gender issues in the wake of conflict.

http://www.ilo.org/public/english/employment/recon/crisis/ publ/wp2.htm

- 3. Women, Peace and Security: Study submitted by the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 1325 (UN, 2002) reviews the impact of armed conflict on women and girls; describes the relevant international legal framework; reviews gender perspectives in peace processes, peace operations, humanitarian assistance, reconstruction; includes recommendations for concrete actions and provides recommendations that build on resolution 1325. http://www.un.org/womenwatch/daw/public/eWPS.pdf
- 4. Women War Peace: The Independent Experts' Assessment (UNIFEM, 2002) focuses on voices of women in conflict areas and their experiences in building peace; covers gender dimensions of violence and displacement during conflict, the role of peacekeepers and the need for women to play a central part in peace negotiations and reconstruction, and lists key recommendations to protect and empower women. http://www.unifem.org/index.php?f_page_pid=149

General Publications on Women, Peace and Security

5. Women, Peace and Security: UNIFEM supporting implementation of Security Council resolution 1325: (UNIFEM 2004) highlights UNIFEM's programmes and advocacy on women, peace and security, and its efforts to ensure that the international commitments made in resolution 1325, the Beijing Platform for Action and the Convention to Eliminate All Forms of Discrimination against Women are not hollow words, but that they are translated into action. http://www.womenwarpeace.org/supporting1325.pdf



Disarmament Demobilization and Reintegration (DDR)

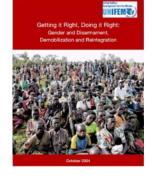
- 6. Disarmament Forum. Women, Men, Peace and Security (UNIDIR, 2003) explores gender aspects of early warning, the role of gender in DDR programmes, masculine behaviour and violence; considers specific UN efforts concerning gender mainstreaming, including the Gender Action Plan of DDA, and stresses limited effectiveness of peace and security work that does not involve the incorporation of gender perspectives. <u>http://www.unidir.ch/bdd/fiche-</u> periodigue.php?ref periodigue=1020-7287-2003-4-en
- 7. Gender Mainstreaming Action Plan (DDA, 2003) provides excerpts from DDA's action plan to implement a gender mainstreaming strategy in the disarmament area; identifies ways and opportunities to work for disarmament and gender equality; includes an overview of underlying themes, accomplishments, and areas of work where incorporating gender perspectives are particularly relevant and covers concrete entry points for DDA to mainstream gender. http://disarmament2.un.org/gender/gmap.pdf
- 8. Gender Perspectives on Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration (DDA and OSAGI/DESA, 2003) provides a comprehensive analysis of root causes of conflict and identifies differing impacts of conflict on women and men in the areas of weapons of mass destruction, peace and disarmament, small arms, DDR, disarmament and development and landmines. <u>http://disarmament2.un.org/gender/note4.htm</u>

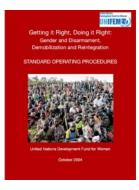




Disarmament Demobilization and Reintegration (DDR)

- 9. Getting it Right, Doing it Right: Gender and Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration (UNIFEM, 2004) targets decision makers and practitioners; intends to influence policy and procedure in order to foster inclusive transitions to peace in post-conflict societies, and includes findings and recommendations from a desk review, case studies on Liberia and Bougainville-Papua New Guinea and UNIFEM's Standard Operating Procedures on Gender and DDR. <u>http://www.womenwarpeace.org/issues/ddr/gettingitright.p</u> <u>df</u>
- 10. Standard Operating Procedures: Getting it Right, Doing it Right: Gender and Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration. (UNIFEM, 2004) assists planners in designing and implementing gender-sensitive short-term goals and in envisioning future-oriented long-term peace support measures; focuses on practical ways in which women -- ex-combatants, wives of soldiers, war widows and others -- can be included in disarmament, demobilization and reintegration processes. http://womenwarpeace.org/issues/ddr/sop.pdf

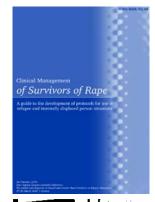




Gender-Based Violence (GBV)

- 11. Clinical Management of Survivors of Rape. A guide to the development of protocols for use in refugee and internally displaced persons situations (UNHCR and WHO, 2002) describes best practices in clinical management of people who have been raped, and suggests adaptations to each situation, while taking into account national policies and practices, and availability of materials and drugs. <u>http://www.who.int/reproductive-health/publications/rhr 02 8/clinical management.pdf</u>
- 12. Not a Minute More: Ending Violence Against Women (UNIFEM, 2003) highlights many of the achievements over the past few decades in combating gender-based violence and outlines what must be done to build on these achievements; provides examples of good practices as well as of efforts that did not meet the goals set out for them -- and explains why not; looks at the challenges ahead and asks what the most fruitful next steps might be.

http://www.unifem.org/index.php?f page pid=207





Gender-Based Violence (GBV)

13. A Practical Approach to Gender- Based Violence: A Programme Guide for Health Care Providers & Managers (UNFPA, 2001) offers step-by-step guidance on how reproductive health facilities can begin GBV projects and details three options on how to deliver services to survivors of violence. http://www.unfpa.org/upload/lib pub file/99 filename gen

http://www.unfpa.org/upload/lib_pub_file/99_filename_gen_ der.pdf

- 14. Prevention and Response to Sexual and Gender-Based Violence in Refugee Situations (UNHCR, 2001) presents conclusions from a Geneva-based conference on sexual and gender-based violence; covers lessons learned on what to do, what not to do, and what is needed to improve prevention and response for protection of refugees and sets out recommendations for a multi-sectoral and coordinated approach to prevention and response to GBV. <u>http://action.web.ca/home/cpcc/attach/prevention%20and%</u> 20responses.pdf
- 15. Sexual and Gender-Based Violence against Refugees, Returnees and Internally Displaced Persons. Guidelines for Prevention and Response (UNHCR, 2003) updates the 1995 guidelines and offers practical advice on how to design strategies and carry out activities aimed at preventing and responding to sexual and gender-based violence and contains information on relevant health, legal, security and human rights issues.

http://www.disaster-

info.net/desplazados/documentos/acnur/genderviolenceag ainstrefugees.pdf

16. UNICEF Training of Trainers on Gender-Based Violence: Focusing on Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (UNICEF, 2003) provides a module for a training workshop on GBV, which focuses on sexual abuse and exploitation and outlines a two-day training: first day focusing on increasing awareness of basic concepts, and second exploring codes of conduct, reporting mechanisms and programmatic responses. <u>http://www.reliefweb.int/library/documents/2003/unicef-tot-25sep.pdf</u>



Humanitarian Response

17. **Enlisting the Armed Forces to Protect Reproductive Health** and Rights: Lessons Learned from Nine Countries (UNFPA, 2003) summarizes key lessons from nine country studies and a global review of emerging programming and policy issues for enlisting the help of the armed forces in reproductive health protection -- including preventing HIV/AIDS and promoting gender equality -- and examines progress and challenges.

http://www.unfpa.org/rh/armedforces/index.html

- 18. Gender and Humanitarian Assistance Resource Kit: Mainstreaming gender in the Humanitarian Response to **Emergencies (IACS 2004)** is an electronic tool kit located on Relief Web which provides a compendium of a variety of gender tools related to humanitarian response developed by the IASC, its members and others; provides resources on policies and standards; analytical documents; best practices; guidelines, checklists and tools for planning and training. http://www.reliefweb.int/library/GHARkit/1 mainstreaming. htm
- 19. **Gender Training Kit on Refugee Protection. Handbook** (UNHCR, 2002) describes the major UNHCR policies and provides guidelines relating to gender and refugee women, as well as training modules; includes handouts for participants, texts to be placed on transparencies for overhead projections, power point presentations, case studies, role-plays and a variety of other training exercises. Contact UNHCR to obtain a copy. http://www.unhcr.ch
- 20. Passport to Mainstreaming a Gender Perspective in **Emergency Programmes. Key Analytical Questions for Designing Gender-Sensitive Humanitarian Interventions** (FAO and WFP, 2000) consists of key questions to be asked in an emergency situation for data collection to help guide the design of emergency interventions toward sensitivity to gender differences and discusses mainstreaming gender perspectives through a participatory approach.

http://www.fao.org/sd/2002/PE1202 en.htm

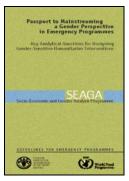


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Windhoek Declaration for the Integration of a gender perspective in humanitarian assistance UNTAG

UN Security Council Resolution 1325 (2008) CAP 2001 Women and War Fact Sheet

gender training kit on refug



Humanitarian Response

- 21. Reproductive Health in Refugee Situations. An Inter-Agency Field Manual (UNHCR et al, 1999) targets field managers in refugee situations; supports the delivery of quality reproductive health services using technical standards set by the World Health Organization and provides programmatic direction with frequent reference to additional resource materials that should be used to ensure comprehensive and reliable reproductive health care for refugees. http://www.ippf.org/resource/refugeehealth/manual/
- 22. Respect our Rights: Partnership for Equality (UNHCR and WCRWC, 2001) reports on 2001 dialogue with refugee women; details particular concerns of refugee women, including access to asylum, basic goods and services, and education; highlights vulnerability of refugee women to sexual violence and takes stock of UNHCR's commitments to, and remaining gaps in, promoting equal rights of refugee women and men. http://www.womenscommission.org/pdf/unhcr_ref.pdf

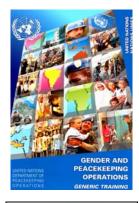


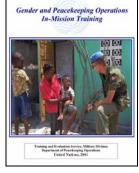




Peace Operations

- 23. Gender and Peacekeeping Operations: Generic Training (DPKO, 2002) enables instructors to prepare and deliver basic training on the meaning and implications of gender in peace support operations and gives practical, concrete and useful advice based on real experiences/situations to allow participants to test their understanding of concepts and to discover responses and ideas for resolution. <u>http://www.un.org/Depts/dpko/training/tes_publications/pu bli.htm</u>
- 24. Gender and Peacekeeping Operations: In-Mission Training (DPKO, 2001) enables instructors to prepare and deliver basic training on the meaning and implications of gender perspectives in peacekeeping operations, and provides numerous examples, based on real experiences/situations to allow participants to test their understanding of the concepts and their ability to discover responses and ideas for resolution. http://www.reliefweb.int/training/trainingmaterial/dpkogender-2001.pdf





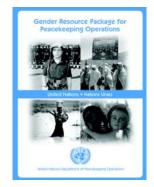
Peace Operations

25. Gender Resource Package for Peacekeeping Operations (DPKO, 2004) addresses all peacekeeping personnel, UN political missions, partners and NGOs working in conflict and post-conflict environments; provides guidance on the mainstreaming of gender perspectives in all aspects of a peacekeeping operation, including military and civilian police, political and civil affairs, HIV/AIDS, DDR, human rights, elections, etc.

http://pbpu.unlb.org/pbpu/Document.aspx?docid=495

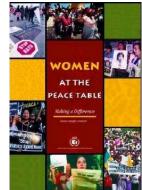
- 26. Mainstreaming a Gender Perspective in Multidimensional Peace Operations (DPKO, 2000) reviews UN principles and guidelines related to gender balance and mainstreaming; presents findings drawn principally from case studies, interviews and analysis of documents, and concludes women's participation has demonstrable effect on peacekeeping efforts, often with the result of reducing conflict and confrontation. http://www.un.org/Depts/dpko/lessons/Gender%20Mainstre aming.pdf
- 27. Peace agreements as a means for promoting gender equality and ensuring participation of women A framework of model provisions (DAW/DESA and DPA, 2003) discusses and analyzes the gender dimensions of peace agreements, specifically the obstacles, lessons learned and good practices in the negotiation, content and implementation of peace agreements, and presents a framework of model provisions on promoting gender equality which provides a set of standards for mediators, facilitators and funding entities involved in preparing peace agreements. http://www.un.org/womenwatch/daw/egm/peace2003/
- 28. Women at the Peace Table: Making a Difference (UNIFEM, 2000) finds that negotiations on peace and security remain an almost exclusively male domain; discovers ways in which women of all regions are challenging their exclusion and lobbying for an equal place at the peace table, and reports on a series of interviews with leaders that reveals that women who do participate in peace talks make substantial contributions to the process.

http://www.unifem.org/filesconfirmed/8/226 peacebk.pdf

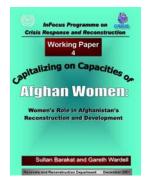








29. Capitalizing on Capacities of Afghan Women. Working Paper No. 4 (ILO, 2001) considers the status of women in Afghan society through the prism of war and changing regimes, urban and rural distinctions, ethnicity, internal and external population displacements and different coping strategies within Afghan families and draws conclusions concerning the most effective approach to reconstruction and development activities. <u>http://www.ilo.org/public/english/employment/recon/crisis/</u> download/afghanwomen.pdf



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30. Enhancing women's participation in electoral processes in post-conflict countries (DPA and OSAGI/DESA, 2004) reports on an expert group meeting which analyzed the obstacles, lessons learned and good practices on women's participation in all aspects of electoral processes in post-conflict countries and recommended actions to remove barriers to women's full participation. http://www.un.org/womenwatch/osagi/meetings/2004/EGMe

http://www.un.org/womenwatch/osagi/meetings/2004/EGMe lectoral/index.html

- 31. Fighting AIDS. HIV/AIDS prevention and care among armed forces and UN peacekeepers: The Case of Eritrea (UNAIDS, 2003) examines the unprecedented response to the HIV/AIDS pandemic undertaken by the UN peacekeeping Mission in Ethiopia and Eritrea (UNMEE) and discusses the need to increase awareness among peacekeeping personnel and to work closely with both troop-contributing and host countries. <u>http://www.unaids.org/Unaids/EN/In+focus/topic+areas/unif</u> ormed+services.asp?StartRow=20
- 32. Gender Approaches in Conflict and Post-Conflict Situations (UNDP, 2002) supports and strengthens the capacity of UNDP and other UN entities' staffs working on recovery and rehabilitation activities in crisis and post-conflict situations to mainstream gender perspectives and examines challenges and opportunities for women's human rights and gender equality in institutional and social frameworks. http://www.undp.org/bcpr/ref/gender_manual_uk.pdf

33. Gender in Crisis Response: A Guide to the Gender-Poverty-Employment Link (ILO, 2003) considers disastrous effects of crises on employment and poverty, as well as the capacity of crisis-affected populations to overcome these devastating effects and ensure return to decent life, and includes specific recommendations to integrate gender analysis into the design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of post-crisis employment projects.

http://www.ilo.org/public/english/employment/recon/crisis/ download/gender3.pdf

34. Gender Guidelines for Employment and Skills Training in Conflict-Affected Countries (ILO, 1998) facilitates the mainstreaming of gender perspectives in policies and programmes; advances discussion, advocacy and action at different levels with regard to women and conflict and contributes to implementation of the Beijing Platform for Action of the Fourth World Conference on Women's critical area of "women and armed conflict." http://www.ilo.org/public/english/employment/recon/crisis/

http://www.ilo.org/public/english/employment/recon/crisis/ papers/gender.htm

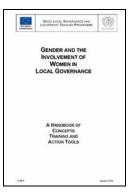
- 35. Gender and the Involvement of Women in Local Governance. A Handbook of Concepts Training and Action Tools (UN-HABITAT, 2004) provides a series of tools and exercises for trainers to train local leaders on gender and local governance issues, and serves as a resource guide for local leaders to involve men and women equally in municipal planning of other activities with a focus on urban environments. http://hq.unhabitat.org/programmes/rdmu/documents/som alia_gender.pdf
- 36. Gender Policy (2003-2007): Enhanced Commitments to Women to Ensure Food Security (WFP, 2002) outlines a combination of positive measures for women and gender mainstreaming measures and proposes eight Enhanced Commitments to Women for the period 2003 to 2007 and considers women's and girls' special nutritional needs, their access to food-assisted activities and supports their effective participation in decision-making.

http://www.wfp.org/policies/policy/policy/











37. Gender and Post-conflict Reconstruction: Lessons Learned from Afghanistan (GENDERNET and IANWGE, 2003) draws on lessons learned in Afghanistan to identify challenges and constraints as well as good practice for achieving gender equality and meeting women's needs more effectively in areas of: humanitarian assistance; political, public and security sectors; economic and social development, and human rights.

http://www.un.org/womenwatch/ianwge/activities/communi gue03.htm

38. The Impact of Conflict on Women and Girls. UNFPA Strategy for Gender Mainstreaming in Areas of Conflict and Reconstruction (UNFPA, 2002) examines and explores the impact of armed conflict on women and girls and formulates strategies and tools to ensure that reproductive health programmes reflect this population's needs, specifically by addressing them through a comprehensive gender-sensitive approach.

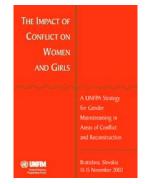
http://www.unfpa.org/publications/detail.cfm?ID=29&filterLi stType

39. Mainstreaming Gender in Unstable Environments (UNICEF, 2003) provides guidance to develop a gendersensitive response strategy to issues that arise in unstable environments and recommends programmes designed to reduce disparities between women and men with regard to access to resources, opportunities, knowledge and information wherever possible.

http://www.reliefweb.int/library/GHARkit/files/GenderInUnst ableEnvironments.pdf

40. SEAGA (Socio-Economic and Gender Analysis) for Emergency and Rehabilitation Programmes (FAO and WFP, 2000) assists managerial and operational staff to mainstream gender throughout the project cycle and in all aspects relating to emergency interventions including, food aid, nutrition, household food security and agricultural policy in crisis and aims to ensure gender analysis in planning and practice of emergency and rehabilitation interventions. http://www.fao.org/sd/dim pe1/pe1 040701 en.htm









42.

41. **Toolkit for Mainstreaming Gender in UN-HABITAT Field Programmes. Northern Irag Settlements Rehabilitation** Programme (UN-HABITAT, 2003) provides key resources for use at the field level to incorporate gender perspectives into all levels of Settlements Rehabilitation Programmes and combines practical and conceptual tools for gender mainstreaming in northern Irag.

http://hq.unhabitat.org/programmes/rdmu/documents/iraq gender.pdf

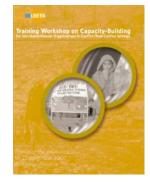
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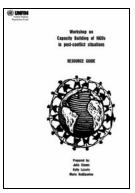
Toolkit for Mainstreaming Gender in UN-HABITAT Field Programmes. Kosovo, Urban Planning and Management	TOOLKIT FOR MAINSTREAMING GENDER IN UN-HABITAT FIELD PROGRAMMES
Programmes (UN-HABITAT, 2003) provides conceptual	
grounding in gender mainstreaming, a strategy for incorporating	
gender into UN-HABITAT's programmes in Kosovo, and tools	DRAFT JUNE 2003
that will assist in turning the strategy into practice.	
http://www.unhabitat.org/programmes/rdmu/documents/ko	Kosovo Lieban Pranimi ann
sovo_gender.pdf	MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME
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43. Training Workshop on Capacity-Building for Non-**Governmental Organizations in Conflict/Post-Conflict** Settings. Report of the Workshop 18-22 November 2002. Bratislava, Slovakia (UNFPA, 2002) seeks to empower participants through skills training to enable them to contribute more effectively to their conflict-torn societies and addresses strategies through a comprehensive gender-sensitive approach. Contact UNFPA to obtain a copy. http://www.unfpa.org/

44. Workshop on Capacity-Building of NGOs in Post-Conflict Situations. Resource Guide (UNFPA, 2003) provides critical capacity-building and empowerment tools and resources for women's groups and non-governmental organizations, toward involving women in all aspects of the peace process and ensuring the incorporation of gender perspectives throughout all aspects of post-conflict reconstruction. Contact UNFPA to obtain a copy.

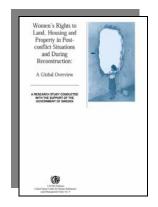
http://www.unfpa.org/





45. Women's Rights to Land, Housing and Property in Postconflict Situations and During Reconstruction: A Global Overview (UN-HABITAT, 1999) discusses formulation of shelter policies recognizing the needs of vulnerable groups; assists governments and civil society partners in adopting strategies for adequate shelter and includes recommendations that women be included in the negotiation of peace agreements and in the reconstruction process.

http://hq.unhabitat.org/register/item.asp?ID=15



Section 2: General References Including Gender Issues

- Guidelines for HIV/AIDS Interventions in Emergency Settings (IASC, 2003) helps individuals and organizations in their efforts to address the special needs of HIV-infected and HIV-affected people living in emergency situations and documents experiences of organizations of the UN system and their NGO partners and the shared vision that success can be achieved when resources are pooled and when all concerned work in a coordinated fashion. http://www.who.int/disasters/repo/11818.pdf
- 2. Handbook on United Nations Multidimensional Peacekeeping Operations (DPKO, 2003) provides field personnel who are new to the UN, or who are being deployed to a multidimensional peacekeeping operation for the first time, with general background on the responsibilities of each component of field operations, including the incorporation of gender perspectives and how these fit together to form the whole. http://www.mil.no/multimedia/archive/00039/Handbook on UN

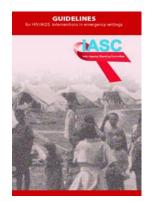
http://www.mil.no/multimedia/archive/00039/Handbook on UN PKOs_39015a.pdf

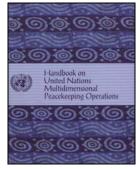
3. Jobs after war: A critical challenge in the peace and reconstruction puzzle (ILO, 2003) includes several in-depth country studies, provides illustrations and reflects women's concerns and other gender challenges in Chapter 5, entitled "Women and other Gender Concerns in Post-Conflict Reconstruction and Job Promotion Efforts."

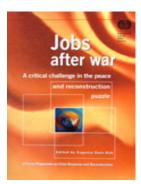
http://www.ilo.org/public/english/support/publ/jobswar.htm

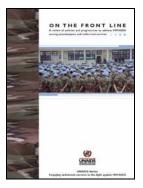
4. On the Front Line. A Review of Polices and Programmes to Address HIV/AIDS among Peacekeepers & Uniformed Services (UNAIDS, 2003) explores theoretical arguments concerning HIV/AIDS as a security issue and the implications for peacekeeping operations and uniformed services and provides an overview of the Global Initiative on HIV/AIDS and Security and of the efforts of UNAIDS. http://www.unaids.org/Unaids/EN/In+focus/topic+areas/uniforme

http://www.unaids.org/Unaids/EN/In+focus/topic+areas/uniforme d+services.asp?StartRow=20









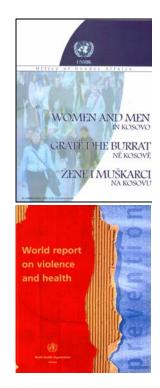
General References Including Gender Issues

5. Women and Men in Kosovo (UNMIK, 2003) results from collaboration between the UNMIK Office of Gender Affairs, the Kosovo Statistical Office and a wide range of local and international organizations and provides an analysis of sex-disaggregated data from different sectors of life in Kosovo in order to redress the present lack of information at the disposal of the Provisional Institutions for Self-Government and other actors.

Contact Office of Gender Affairs UNMIK for a copy. <u>officeofgenderaffairs@unmikonline.org</u>

6. World report on violence and health (WHO, 2002) delivers a comprehensive review of the problem of violence on a global scale -- what it is, whom it affects and what can be done about it -- by drawing on participation of over 160 experts from around the world, peer-review from scientists, and contributions and comments from representatives of all the world's regions.

http://www.who.int/violence injury prevention/violence/world r eport/en/



Section III: Websites on Women, Peace and Security

United Nations Secretariat

- 1. Department of Disarmament Affairs (DDA) <u>http://disarmament2.un.org</u>
- 2. Department of Peacekeeping Operations (DPKO), Peacekeeping Best Practices http://www.un.org/Depts/dpko/lessons
- 3. Department of Political Affairs (DPA) <u>http://www.un.org/Depts/dpa</u>
- 4. Division for the Advancement of Women (DAW/DESA) <u>http://www.un.org/womenwatch/daw</u>
- 5. Office of the Special Adviser on Gender Issues and Advancement of Women (OSAGI/DESA) http://www.un.org/womenwatch/osagi
- 6. United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) <u>http://ochaonline.un.org</u>
- 7. Office of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Children and Armed Conflict (OCAAC) <u>http://www.un.org/special-rep/children-armed-conflict/English/index.html</u>

Other United Nations Entities

- 1. United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) http://www.unicef.org
- 2. United Nations Development Fund for Women (UNIFEM) http://www.unifem.org http://www.womenwarpeace.org
- 3. United Nations Development Programme, Bureau for Crisis Prevention and Recovery (BCPR) <u>http://www.undp.org/bcpr</u>
- 4. International Labour Organization (ILO) http://www.ilo.org
- 5. Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR) <u>http://www.ohchr.org</u>
- 6. United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) http://www.unhcr.ch

Other United Nations Entities

- 7. United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-HABITAT) <u>http://www.unhabitat.org</u>
- 8. United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) http://www.unfpa.org
- 9. United Nations World Food Programme (WFP) http://www.wfp.org

Non-Governmental Organizations: Working Group on Women, Peace and Security

NGO Working Group on Women, Peace and Security http://www.peacewomen.org/un/ngo/wg.html

- 1. Femmes Africa Solidarité http://www.fasngo.org
- 2. General Board of Global Ministries, The United Methodist Church http://gbgm-umc.org
- 3. Hague Appeal for Peace <u>http://www.haguepeace.org</u>
- 4. International Alert http://www.international-alert.org
- 5. International Women's Tribune Centre http://www.iwtc.org
- 6. Women's Action for New Directions http://www.wand.org
- 7. Women's Commission for Refugee Women and Children http://www.womenscommission.org
- 8. Women's Environment and Development Organization http://www.wedo.org
- 9. Women's International League for Peace and Freedom http://www.peacewomen.org

