



**Permanent Mission of the Democratic Republic of Timor-Leste  
to the United Nations**

**Statement**

**by**

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Ambassador and Permanent Representative  
of the  
Democratic Republic of Timor-Leste to the United Nations**

**To the  
Third Committee  
of the 65<sup>th</sup> General Assembly  
On  
Agenda Item 28: Advancement of Women**

**New York  
13 October 2010**

*Check Against Delivery*

Mr. Chairman, Distinguished Delegates, Ladies and Gentlemen,

As this is the first time Timor-Leste is taking the floor this session, let me first begin by congratulating you and the other members of the Bureau on your well-deserved election. Let me assure you of the full support and cooperation of the Timor-Leste delegation during the sixty-fifth session. We thank the Secretary-General, the Department of Economic and Social Affairs, the Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights, and the Development Fund for Women for their substantial and detailed reports on this agenda item.

Timor-Leste associates itself with the statement made Monday by the distinguished representative of Yemen on behalf of the G-77 and China.

Timor-Leste would also like to warmly welcome the recent establishment of UN Women, initiated through the adoption of General Assembly 64/289. We offer our full support and commitment to its launching, and wholeheartedly embrace Ms. Michelle Bachelet, Former President of Chile as the first head of UN Women. We are confident in her ability to advance and empower women.

Timor-Leste is dedicated to promoting gender equality. Gender equality is a principle enshrined in our Constitution, which states that women and men share the same rights in all aspects of family and societal life.

Mr. Chairman,

2010 marks not only the 15<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the Fourth World Conference on Women, but also the establishment of the United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women (UN Women). Furthermore this year is the 10<sup>th</sup> anniversary of Security Council resolution 1325, on women peace and security. As noted by the Security Council, the marginalization of women and girls has serious implications on the advancement of sustainable peace, and security, as well as on national development and human rights. Pursuant to Security Council Resolution 1325 my delegation wishes to highlight the trilateral cross-learning partnership between Ireland, Liberia, and Timor-Leste on women, peace, and security. The goal of which is to learn from and better understand the plight of women directly affected by conflict. Learning from others and sharing ideas and strategies on how to move forward promoting and protecting women, their leadership, and interests in both conflict resolution and peace building.

Timor-Leste remains committed to the promotion and protection of women and intense and ongoing efforts are underway in the implementation of the CEDAW Convention. Timor-Leste is proud to have Ms. Maria Helena Lopes de Jesus Pires as a member of the Committee serving the 2011- 2014 term. Her election brings an opportunity for a mutually reinforcing experience; allowing Timor-Leste to give back and share our post conflict/peace building experience and the chance to advocate and promote women's rights at home.

Timor-Leste has already submitted its initial report to the CEDAW Committee and is serious about implementing the Committee's concluding observations. Additionally, we are working on policies with a goal to mainstream gender equality. To date significant legislative action has taken place matching CEDAW with national legislation, specifically targeting sexual and gender based violence.

Mr. Chairman,

The prevention of violence and discrimination is a very serious concern for Timor-Leste. In this regard, the Law Against Domestic Violence was adopted in 2009 and along with the Penal Code passed last

March it criminalizes most sexual crimes. Currently work is being done to address the oft-unreported stigmatized crimes of gender-based violence. Sexual and gender based violence training for police forces is being carried out, along with sensitivity training. Women currently comprise 20% of the police force with efforts underway to recruit more women.

Mr. Chairman,

The active and meaningful participation of women in society and government at all levels is being addressed through the Gender Mainstreaming Policy and Gender Focal Points in our Ministries. A 2009 campaign on new laws regarding decentralization and local elections concurrently targeted women, encouraging and supporting their involvement in government. Currently our Secretary of State for the Promotion of Equality (SEPI) is implementing a five-year plan for 2010 to 2015 in accordance with the mandate to design and execute policies mainstreaming gender equality across all nine ministries.

Mr. Chairman

Women are key contributors to the establishment of peace and security, and are vital to stable sustainable economies. As such the concurrent Security Council debate on women, peace and security is both timely and necessary. Despite the important role women play they have and continue to be disproportionately affected by the current ongoing global crises. The financial, economic, food, and energy crises, compounded with the challenges of climate change threaten progress on the advancement of women by shrinking resources and diverting efforts.

To conclude, Mr. Chairman I wish to stress the importance the Government of Timor-Leste places on the advancement of women and gender equality. We fully recognize and appreciate the valuable work the CEDAW committee has accomplished, and note our strong commitment to the advancement of human rights. My delegation reiterates its commitment to UN Women, and look forward to its ability to synergize with the CEDAW committee.

Thank you.