

# **U.N. IN ACTION**

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## **FISTULA IN AFGHANISTAN**

<u>VIDEO</u> <u>AUDIO</u>

<u>NARRATION</u>

CU. FATIMA IN BED Fatima, from a poor village in eastern

Afghanistan, suffered two miscarriages in her early 20s. But when she got pregnant again, she could not afford medical care. Like most Afghan

women, she went into labour at home with no

skilled assistance. (14")

<u>FATIMA</u>: (Afghani) **F** 

FATIMA WITH NURSE ON "I had pains for two days. Then the baby's head came out but the shoulder got stuck. No one

could do anything. Eventually, four people

picked up my bed and carried me to the hospital.

It took three hours." (13")

NARRATION

Cu. FATIMA Fatima's life was saved, but by the time she got proper care, a hole had formed between her birth

canal and bladder: a condition known as

obstetric fistula. She constantly smelled of urine.

(11")

<u>FATIMA</u>: (Afghani) **F** 

FATIMA ON CAMERA "My life was awful. I had to stay in another room,

apart from my family. It made me so sad."

(6.15")

<u>NARRATION</u>

BURKHA WOMEN ON DONKEYS Fistula is common in Afghanistan, where

IN DARAYIM DISTRICT motherhood is more dangerous then almost

anywhere else in the world: one out of eight

women's deaths is related to pregnancy and

childbirth. (9.8")

PAN REMOTE VILLAGE

There are many reasons: early and frequent

IN DARAYIM DISTRICT childbearing, and a lack of midwives, accessible

health facilities, decent roads and affordable

WOMEN IN BURKHA IN transport. Poverty, conflict and conservative

FAIZABAD attitudes also contribute. (12.7")

IN MALALAI HOSPITAL, KABUL Most cases of fistula can be repaired, but

treatment was not an option in Afghanistan until

OUTSIDE HOSPITAL last year. Now there is a surgery unit at Kabul's

Malalai Maternity Hospital, supported by UNFPA,

FISTULA WARD the UN Population Fund. The news is starting to

get around. (16")

CU. FATIMA'S HUSBAND W/ SON In Ghazni province, Fatima and her husband,

Mohammed, learned about the new facility. They

WS. WITH NURSE decided she should go to Kabul, even though

they had no money. (8")

MOHAMMED: (Afghani) **M** 

MOHAMMED ALI, FATIMA'S HUSBAND, ON CAMERA

"We sold our land to pay for the journey. Bandits robbed us on the way. We had to return home and borrow money... I am so worried about this operation. What if my wife dies? Who will take care of our children?" (11.5")

### NARRATION

CU. MONITOR/PAN TO DOCTOR

SURGERY

Hospital director Dr. Nasrin Oryakhil led the team that operated on Fatima. The procedure was relatively simple, lasting less than an hour, and the surgeon was relieved. (10.2")

DR. ORYAKHIL: (English) **F** 

DR. ORYAKHIL ON CAMERA

"This operation was very successful. The dye test was negative. This is a good achievement when we operate on the patient – dye is not coming from the hole. The dye test was negative, and we are very happy and now we have hope." (13")

#### <u>NARRATION</u>

MOHAMMED W/ SON Mohammed Ali was also relieved. (1.7")

MOHAMMED: (Afghani) **M** 

MOHAMMED ALI ON CAMERA

"I am so grateful that my wife is okay." (1.7")

#### NARRATION

MALALAI HOSPITAL SCENES /
POST-OP TREATMENT

Staff at Malalai have performed more than 72 fistula operations this year, giving women like Fatima a new chance to lead productive lives.

There is no charge for the surgery or hospital stay. Surgeons from other provinces are being

FATIMA IS ROLLED OUT OF THE ROOM

SURGERY OPERATION

trained here. And a series of TV and radio ads is making more women with fistula aware of the services. (20.2")

PATIENTS IN BED

Fistula surgery is also now available in the provincial hospital in Badakhshan, which has the highest maternal mortality in Afghanistan. (7.8")

PAN. FAISABAD HOSPITAL

BASBEBE B-ROLL

BASBEBE W/ GRANDCHILDREN

BASBEBE ON CAMERA

NEW BORN W/ MOTHER

WOMAN SITTING W/ BABY

HOSPITAL TRAINING SESSION

CU. FATIMA

FATIMA ON CAMERA

One beneficiary suffered from fistula for 20 years. In the few months since her surgery,

Basbebe has gone from pariah to community

leader, chosen by her neighbours to head the village women's council. (11.4")

BASBEBE: (Afghani)

"I'm doing very well. I can walk around, visit other families, and go to other villages." (5.4")

F

**NARRATION** 

UNFPA is also helping the Afghan Government mount a campaign to make motherhood safer

and prevent fistula. It aims to end early marriage

and encourage wider use of health services by promoting the value of women's lives and well-

being. Fatima, who got married at 13, now has a

chance to start over. (20.4")

FATIMA: (Afghani) **F** 

"I'll be so happy to go home." (1.5")

<u>NARRATION</u>

**UN LOGO** 

This report was prepared by William Ryan and Marc Westhof for the United Nations. (5)