

UNITED NATIONS NATIONS UNIES

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INDIA: EMBRACING GIRLS

<u>VIDEO</u> <u>AUDIO</u>

NARRATION

FAMILY It should be a happy event having a daughter in

the family, but for some women in India and a few

other Asian countries it is seen as a burden. (8)

WOMEN Most parents view having a boy as more

desirable. They believe that sons will take care of

them in their later years while daughters will join

their husband's family when they get married.

After that, they'll seldom contribute to their

parents' needs. In addition to that, parents face

an economic burden with girls as they have to

come up with a dowry when they marry. (21)

Due to these prejudices, many pregnant women

experience intense pressure from family members

to find out the sex of their foetuses and to abort

the females. (9.5)

DAXA AT HOME Daxa Patel is from a small village in Gujarat in

western India. When she learned that she was

pregnant with a girl, she was deeply concerned.

DAXA PATEL ON CAMERA

NIMBU ON CAMERA

PATEL: (local dialect) F

"When we got the test results, my in-laws

immediately insisted I should go for an abortion.

My husband also wanted me to do it." (8)

NARRATION

WOMEN'S MEETING But Daxa resisted and kept the baby.

Driven by her experience, she joined a local campaign against testing to determine the sex of

foetuses. (10)

SEMINAR Daxa met other women there with similar stories

to hers. Nimbu was thrown out of her in-law's

house when she refused to abort her fourth

daughter. Her husband also left in support of her

decision against his parents' wishes. (16)

<u>NIMBU</u>: (local dialect) **F**

'We manage. I would rather be poor than to be

without my daughters." (4)

NARRATION

MEETING WITH ACTIVISTS

Nimbu's and Daxa's attitudes are signs there is

hope in tackling existing prejudices against girls.

(6)

These negative views are affecting Indian society

in a profound way. Because parents have

favoured males for such a long time, there is now

a severe gender imbalance in many States. The

national government has introduced legislation to

curb this harmful trend. Joint Secretary of the Ministry of Health and Welfare, Pravir Krishn. (21)

PRAVIR KRISHN ON-CAMERA

KRISHN: (English) M

"The tools that we need to use are strong laws,

punishment. Without the fear of the law catching

up with you, nobody will really fall in line. And

then incentives, social action, mobilization to

ensure that it is sustained and the society takes

this issue as its own problem." (18)

OVER HER SOUNDBITE

NARRATION

Radha Sharma is a journalist from the Times of India. She has been supporting the campaign in

Gujarat to change attitudes. (7.5)

RADHA SHARMA ON CAMERA

SHARMA: (English) F

".....Basically the idea is to keep on telling the

society that it's not necessary to have a son to be

a happy family." (6)

COMMUNITY MEETING /

CLASSROOM

NARRATION

The UN Population Fund is working hard in India

to educate people about gender equality. It

supports an awareness campaign in communities

and schools. It is hoped that students will bring

the message home to their parents. (14)

UN LOGO

This report was prepared by William Ryan for the

United Nations.