

# UNITED NATIONS YEAR IN REVIEW final 2013 RT: 13'16"

### <u>VIDEO</u>

### <u>AUDIO</u>

Title 2013 – over opening collage	2013 – Amid continuing turmoil and crises, it was a year of major strides for diplomacy as the United Nations worked to negotiate peace, instill hope and define a sustainable future for all. (15 sec)
SYRIA violence refugees	Civil War in SYRIA (2,5") – After two years, more than 120.000 people have been killed, 2 million people left the country and millions more are running out of food and water inside. The UN and its agencies did everything to assist the people – despite tremendous security and logistical challenges. The World Food Program, for example, used brief lulls in the fighting to send food to the trapped civilians. (25")
Security Council Sep 2013	In August, the world was shocked to hear about a large-scale chemical weapons attack, killing civilians and even children. After months of deadlock, the Security Council finally united to endorse the

1

expeditious destruction of Syria's chemical

weapons program and to call for all parties

#### <u>AUDIO</u>

to negotiate a political solution to the crisis. (21")

Ban Ki-moon on cameraUN Secretary-General Ban Ki-moon: (2,5")"This is not a licence to kill with<br/>conventional weapons. All the violence<br/>must end. All the guns must fall silent."<br/>(10,5")William Hague on cameraUK Foreign Secretary, William Hague: (3")

"The failure of the council to tackle the crimes committed on a daily basis has resulted in a culture of impunity in which a brutal regime believed it could get away with murdering its own men, women and children." (13,5")

Syrian ambassador on cameraSyrian Ambassador Bashar al-Ja'afari: (3")"All states have to abide by this resolution.All states including those neighbouring<br/>countries of Syria who are providing haven<br/>and supporting the terrorists and armed<br/>groups into my country."

OPCW inspectors The UN established a joint mission with the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons, OPCW, to secure and destroy Syria's arsenal – an operation on a scale that had never been tried before. The deadly chemicals would be shipped outside Syria for destruction – yet finding a country

#### <u>AUDIO</u>

to TAKE them was no easy task at all. (20") Inspector reads letter Just before starting their dangerous mission, the inspectors woke up to a surprise: (5") Inspector on camera OPCW inspector Kieran Carey: (3") "The OPCW as an organization has been awarded this year's Nobel Prize, Peace Prize. Congratulations! Now get back to your tasks, there are tight deadlines to meet." (10,5")GA Special on Nuclear The first-ever high-level Meeting of the Disarmament General Assembly on Nuclear Disarmament heard a keynote address by Iranian President Hassan Rouhani: (8,5") President Rouhani on camera "The world has waited too long for nuclear disarmament. The indefinite possession of nuclear weapons cannot be tolerated, nor can their complete elimination be further delayed." (13") Obama in GA US President Barack Obama urged that words must be matched by actions: (5,5") Obama on camera: "But I do believe that if we can resolve the issue of Iran's nuclear program that can serve as a major step down a long road

### VIDEO

#### <u>AUDIO</u>

towards a different relationship – one based on mutual interests and mutual respect." (15,5")

Iran-3+3 meetings After lengthy negotiations, six world powers and Iran reached an initial agreement in November that calls on Iran to limit its nuclear activities in return for limited relief from sanctions. (12")

Treaty Vote in GA – old system,Another Historic Landmark: The adoption ofnot HDthe International Arms Trade Treaty, aimedat reducing the illicit flow of weapons to warTreaty Signinglords and criminals. More than half of themember states have signed the treaty,including the largest arms exporting countryin the world, the United States.(19")

John Kerry on camera US Secretary of State, John Kerry: (2,5")

"This is about keeping weapons out of the hands of terrorists and rogue actors. This is about reducing the risk of international transfers of conventional arms that will be used to carry out the world's worst crimes." (18")

Terror aftermath in BostonTerror attacks from Boston to Nairobishocked and saddened the world. Fear ofterror led to distrust and provided anexcuse for widespread internet and cell

# <u>AUDIO</u>

	phone surveillance programs which affected ordinary citizens and world leaders alike. (15,5") Brazil called on the UN to play a leading role in protecting privacy in cyber space: (5")
Dilma Rousseff on camera	President Dilma Rousseff: (2")
	"Tampering in such a manner in the affairs
	of other countries is a breach of
	international law and is an affront to the
	principles that must guide the relations
	among them, especially among friendly
	nations." (15")
SG in Middle East	Middle East Peace Talks – Secretary-
	General Ban Ki-moon returned from the
	region encouraged by the seriousness of
	Israelis and Palestinians to resume direct
	negotiations. Palestinian President
	Mahmoud Abbas called on the UN to stop
	Israeli settlement building on Palestinian
	soil: (18,5")
Mahmoud Abbas on camera	"Time is running out. The window of peace
	is narrowing. Opportunities are diminishing.
	The current round of negotiations is to be a
	last chance to realize a just peace." (20")
Celebration in Goma	Progress in the Democratic Republic of the
	Congo:
Burned out villages	New fighting displaced 100.000 people in

### <u>AUDIO</u>

People fleeing with chicken under	the Kivu province, the ongoing crisis left 6
arm	million people in need of food and
	assistance. (12,5")
Security Council	The Security Council approved the creation
Robust force in training	of the first ever robust intervention brigade
	to neutralize the notorious M23 movement
	and allow UN peacekeepers to concentrate
	on protecting civilians. After the defeat of
	the M23 rebels, the Congolese army
SC travels to DRC	regained control over the area.
	Council members travelled to Goma to
	show their support for a UN brokered peace
	accord for the region. (24")
Somalia	Political progress in SOMALIA – after 20
	years of anarchy. Two years after the
	Islamic militants of Al-Shabaab were forced
	out of Mogadishu, increased security and a
	democratically elected president have
	brought more stability to <b>a</b> formerly failed
	state. (16,5")
Memorial for UN Peacekeepers,	Still there are setbacks – like an Al-
blue flags on coffins	Shabaab suicide attack on the UN
	compound in Mogadishu, which claimed the
	lives of 15 people. (8")
AU peacekeepers	The UN Security Council authorized to
	increase the African Union Peacekeeping
	force to 22.000 soldiers and expand

#### AUDIO

logistical support to combat insurgency in the Horn of Africa. (11")Explosions!! Shots of bombs in The UN Mine Action Service trained the the beach Somali police to detect and safely destroy 15.000 bombs and other remnants of war. Businesses and foreign investments now boom in Mogadishu – and Somalia has City scenes, crowds officially begun to export livestock again -CAMELS !!! for the first time in 20 years. (19") Mali elections Progress in MALI – Massive turnout in presidential elections showed the will of the Malians to move on after the recent Tuaregs sign peace accord occupation of the North. In June, government and rebel Tuaregs signed a peace accord and the UN's integrated stabilization Mission helped to protect civilians in a still volatile security situation on the ground. (21") Sahel – SG and Kim visiting In the fragile SAHEL region, people need peace, development - and jobs. Secretary-General Ban Ki-moon and World Bank President Jim Yong Kim travelled to the area and pledged 1.5 billion dollars in investments for an integrated Sahel strategy. (17") Forgotten Crisis in the CENTRAL AFRICAN CAR footage REPUBLIC – the complete breakdown of

# <u>AUDIO</u>

	law and order left millions of people cut off from assistance. The African Union sent an African-led support mission in October and in December, the Security Council authorized the deployment of new forces to stem suffering, insecurity and violence. (21,5")
Angelina Jolie in Jordan	Angelina Jolie, Special Envoy of the High Commissioner for Refugees, urged the Security Council to have zero tolerance for sexual violence: (9")
<u>Angelina Jolie on camera</u>	"Rape, as a weapon of war, is an assault on security and the world in which these crimes happen is one in which there is not, and never will be peace." (16,5")
Security Council	Special Representative on Sexual Violence in Conflict, Zeinab Bangura: (4")
<u>Zeinab Bangura on camera</u>	"Today it is still largely cost-free to rape a woman, child or man in conflict. Sexual violence has been used through the ages precisely because it is such a cheap and devastating weapon." (16")
Malala – Malala Day	Women and girls are raising their voices for their rights – <u>MALALA Yousoufzai</u> , the Pakistani girl who was shot by the Taliban a year ago for claiming her right to go to

### **VIDEO**

#### <u>AUDIO</u>

school, celebrated her 16<sup>th</sup> birthday, now called Malala Day, at the United Nations. (16,5)

Malala on camera"Let us pick up our books and our pens,<br/>they are our most powerful weapons, One<br/>child, one teacher, one book and one pen<br/>can change the world."

Lampedusa ship capsizing Tragedy in the Mediterranean – Hundreds of African Migrants died when their ship sank near the island of <u>Lampedusa</u>. The UN General Assembly adopted a resolution to call for countries to protect the human rights of migrants and stop abuse and exploitation. (16 ")

Generic food and hunger scenesProgress against hunger – 20 million<br/>people reached food stability in 2013 – yet<br/>one in eight humans still faces chronic<br/>hunger. And yet each year, according to a<br/>UN report, more than a billion tons of food<br/>goes to waste, worth 750 billion dollars, the<br/>equivalent of the GDP of a developed<br/>country. (22,5")

World Toilet Day –mobile toilet –<br/>people on cell phones, IndianThe first World TOILET Day was celebrated<br/>in November to remind that 2.6 billion<br/>people live without proper sanitation. More<br/>people have access to cell phones than to<br/>a toilet. India's "Total Sanitation" campaign

#### <u>AUDIO</u>

uses the winning slogan: "No Toilet – no bride!" (18,5")

<u>Indian bride on camera</u>: "When my parents decided on my marriage, they made sure my husband has a toilet in his house." (5,5")

Solar panels Bangladesh,Roughly a third of the world's countriesprogresshave reached the Millennium DevelopmentGoals to reduce poverty and hunger. A newdevelopment agendaustainable goals with respect to theenvironment and social justice.(13")

 Typhoon Philippines
 The biggest Typhoon ever recorded in

 history hit the Philippines and left a trail of
 death and destruction. Whole cities were

 wiped away, thousands of people lost
 everything they had. Three million people

 need shelter. The World Food program set
 up a logistics base to airlift food and

 supplies, UNICEF and other UN agencies
 created relief hubs to reach as many

 people as fast as possible. With so many
 underfunded emergencies in the world, the

 relief agencies are stretched to the max to
 deliver. (33")

Warsaw climate changeA Small Breakthrough: At the UN ClimateconferenceChange Conference in Warsaw - (4,5")

VIDEO	AUDIO
Philippine Ambassador on camera	"We can fix this, we can stop this madness, right now, right here." (5,5")
	<ul> <li>rich and poor countries fought hard for a consensus on how to finance recovery from climate disasters. Much more needs to be done to achieve the goal to keep global temperature rise below 2 degrees Celsius. (13")</li> </ul>
Flag lowering	Sad news from South Africa – former President and anti-apartheid hero Nelson Mandela passed away in December. His legacy inspires the whole world. (11")
<u>Nelson Mandela on camera</u>	"We feel especially honoured and privileged to have the possibility today to stand at this particular place to speak to all of you who represent the peoples of the world." (21,5)
Collage	Then and now - Only united, nations can find solutions to the problems that affect them all. (7,5)
<u>Ban Ki-moon at GA Opening on</u> <u>camera</u>	"We speak often of hope. Our duty is to turn hope into action through hard work, commitment, skill and integrity. With passion, but most of all with compassion we can build a future your people want and that our world needs." (24")