

UNITED NATIONS NATIONS UNIES

21st Century

Producer: Sandra Miller Script version: FINAL

Duration: 8:30"

GEORGIA: PEDESTRIAN POWER IN GEORGIA

INTRO:

In most of the world, road traffic has increased massively in recent years - but protections for pedestrians don't always keep pace. In the former Soviet Republic of Georgia, a new campaign is focusing on pedestrian power.

<u>VIDEO</u>	<u>AUDIO</u>
WIDE SHOT TBILISI CITY, GEORGIA	NARRATION
	Tbilisi, the capital of Georgia, home to 1.4 million
GEORGIAN FLAG	people. The city's architecture reflects the country's
	past as part of the Soviet Union. (9")
ARCHIVE FOOTAGE OF GEORGIA DURING SOVIET TIMES (Archive by GEORGIAN PUBLIC BROADCASTER)	Georgia gained independence in 1991, and is now
	striving to become a member of the European
	Union. But it is still a country in transition.
	The Tbilisi-based pedestrian rights organization,
	lare Pekhit, is working to promote the rights of
(STREETS WITH ALMOST NO CARS)	pedestrians in Georgia. In Georgia and other
	Soviet states, the United Nations Democracy Fund,
MORE GEORGIA GVS	UNDEF, supports the transition to democracy by
	funding local civil society organizations, such as
	lare Pekhit. (30")

ANNIKA SAVILL ON CAMERA

INTV ANNIKA SAVILL, Executive Head, UN Democracy Fund: (In English)
"This is not a project about road safety. This is a project about giving people power, particularly pedestrian power. It's about putting people at the

centre of society rather than cars." (10")

NARRATION

MORE TRAFFIC

In recent years the volume of traffic on the streets of Tbilisi has grown at an alarming rate. But legislation to meet the increased road use hasn't moved at the same pace. The majority of people don't own cars but pedestrians, including the elderly and people with disabilities, are never given priority on the streets. (21")

PEDESTIANS CROSSING

TRAFFIC ON RUSTAVELI AVENUE

PEOPLE WALKING THROUGH UNDERPASS Traffic on Rustaveli Avenue, the central road that runs straight through the heart of the city, literally never stops. At each end, there is a badly lit, insecure and urine-infested underpass— the only option for pedestrians to cross. The same situation is true in several capital cities in post-Soviet states. (21")

ANNIKA SAVILL (in English)

ANNIKA ON CAMERA

HORSE DRAWING

Trying to separate a post-Soviet man from his car is like trying to separate Ghengis Khan from his horse. He will not do it willingly. But what we hope is if we start from the young generation up a new mindset can take hold. (14")

<u>NARRATION</u>

MORE PEDESTRIANS CROSSING

According to the latest statistics from the Ministry of Internal Affairs, road accidents in Georgia have been increasing steadily over the past three years, and many of the victims are pedestrians. As in most of the former Soviet Union, there is a lingering tendency to subjugate humans to machines -- because owning a machine means having power. Walking or using public transport is considered inferior to driving. (26")

ITV EREKLE URUSHADZE, Board member of lare Pekhit: (In English)

ITV EREKELE ON CAMERA

"Georgia has not significantly updated its traffic laws since the Soviet time so you could say a lot of it is outdated and the Soviet city planning, in general urban design, and traffic regulations was more kind of authorities oriented and did not emphasize the rights of the pedestrians". (15")

NARRATION

STREET SIGNS

Erekle Urushadze (ERIK-UL OO-ROO-SHADZ) is on the board of lare Pekhit, which means 'go by foot' in English. With support from the UN Democracy Fund, lare Pekhit identifies urban planning priorities and represents pedestrian interests in the city's planning processes. (16")

NATSOT

"Here you can see different city planning from

UPSOUND GUIDE:

different political eras" (4")

NARRATION

IARE SHOWING TOURISTS AROUND STREETS

lare Pekhit regularly organizes so-called 'Ugly Walk Tours' for concerned citizens to show how difficult it can be navigating the streets of Tbilisi and discuss how to bring about solutions.

BABY BEING CHANGED

Erekle is the father of an eight-month-old baby girl, Ana, living in an apartment building in the centre of

BABY IN STROLLER

Tbilisi. Moving around the city with a stroller is beset with difficulties. Erekle wants the streets to

be safer for his daughter's future. With lare Pekhit,

IARE WITH BABY ON STREET

he's encouraging support for new legislation to improve road regulations – and therefore make it easier for pedestrians negotiating the city's streets.

ITV EREKLE URUSHADZE, Board member of lare

(38")

Pekhit: (In English)

IARE NAVIGATING PARKED CARS

"It is important to have this new law in order to avoid having situations where there is no side walk left, no place left for pedestrians to walk, where sidewalks all around Tbilisi are occupied by cars. And this is the result of the fact that our current regulations and penalties are too mild ". (14")

NARRATION

MORE TRAFFIC SIGNS

The current system relies on a private company, CT Park, to manage parking in the capital. But critics say the mild financial penalties for parking illegally make it largely ineffective.

CARS BEING TOWED **AWAY**

The new legislation, currently under discussion in

parliament, would introduce a penalty points system so that once a driver accumulates a certain number of points their driving license is revoked.

(22")

GURAM IN HIS WHEELCHAIR NAVIGATING PARKED CARS Guram Chkhaidzeavaza (CHK-HAID-ZE AVAZA) has used a wheelchair since he was paralyzed following a road traffic accident in 1990. Once outside his home, he struggles to manoeuvre around the streets of Tbilisi. He often finds himself in situations like this. (17")

ITV GURAM CHKHAIDZEAVAZA,

Activist for Wheelchair users on Georgian streets: (In English)

"Now the passage is entirely blocked, cars are parked in a way that stops people with special needs from passing.—The police should react quickly and the drivers must be fined." (16")

GURAM ON CAMERA

NARRATION

Resorting to calling the police to simply move around the streets is a daily reality for Guram.

GURAM IN WHEELCHAIR AROUND THE STREETS

Activists hope that this can be changed by lobbying authorities to listen to the voice of the people and by campaigning for citizens' rights.

PHOTOS OF PROTESTS IN PARK

One notable success was when a citizens' protest in 2013 stopped a large development in Vake Park, the largest green area in the centre of Tbilisi. (28")

(Photos by Erekle Urushadze)

ITV EREKLE URUSHADZE, Board member of lare

Pekhit: (In English)

LIVE ON CAMERA

"People set up a camp here in the woods. So eventually the company that was trying to start the

construction they backed off and eventually a couple of months ago the court ruled that the construction permit was illegal, so the construction would no longer take place." (17")

NARRATION

OFFICE OF IARE PEKHIT

UNDEF SIGN

Sunday morning at the lare Pekhit Office in Tbilisi. Elene Margvelashvili, (MARG-VELASH-VILI) the organization's director and her team are getting ready for a demonstration in front of the Georgian Parliament. (12")

ELENE ON CAMERA POSTERS

4

ITV Elene Margvelashvili, Executive Director lare Pekhit: (In English)

"Today we are protesting with a group of different organizations all working on different road safety issues.

PEOPLE PROTESTING

The poster says 'Make road safety legal", so make it a law, turn it into a law, and this law has been stuck between two tiers and no one is taking care of it, so our main request is to pressure the government, to pressure the parliament, to pass this road safety law." (21")

VOX POP:

"There are people who are getting paid to manage road safety, they should take care of it". (5")

NARRATION

MORE GVS OF TBILISI rea

Decision makers at Tbilisi City Hall are now realising that urban planning must become a priority. But now they face a new challenge: changing people's mindsets: (11")

GIORGI ON CAMERA

ITV Giorgi Gurgenidze: Head of transport department at Tbilisi Municipality City Hall (In English)

FONT

Giorgi Gurgenidze: Transport Department Head Tbilisi Municipality City

PEOPLE ON TRAINS

"It is not only the law and the enforcement that is maybe our problem, but it is also the behaviour of the participants of our cities. But again it must be done coupled with the media campaigns that aims at raising public awareness, in a way to impact positively all participants and their mobility." (19")

NARRATION

CHILDREN IN PLAY CAR

PEOPLE WAITING AT SUBWAY STATION

CARS / PEDESTRIANS

ANNIKA ON CAMERA

PEOPLE WITH POSTERS
CAMPAIGNING

The vision for the future of Tbilisi's younger generation is one where pedestrians won't fear moving around the city; where public transportation is improved, where it's safe to cross the road and where drivers respect other road users. One where the municipality is responsive to the needs of its citizens and is able to listen to their voices for the benefit of all. (23")

INTV Annika Savill, Executive Head, UN Democracy Fund: (In English)

"When we started this project, there wasn't an organised movement for pedestrian empowerment in Georgia. And, I think, very little in the post-Soviet space as a whole. What we hoped in generating this project was that it could only not give the people of Tiblisi the voice they need to empower themselves but also to serve as a model for similar projects in other countries of the region." (24")

NARRATION

KIDS MAKING POSTERS

Through awareness raising activities by civil society organizations, such as lare Pekhit,

Georgia's future generations will be better informed

and more mindful about traffic rules and

pedestrian's rights. And humans will be considered

the masters of the machines, not vice versa. (18")

TEXT ON SCREEN
SIDEWALK IS FOR
PEDESTRIANS