

Table A7. Maternal health: maternal mortality and births attended by skilled health personnel

	Maternal mortality ratio, per 100,000 live births		Births attended by skilled health personnel, %	
	2000		1990	1995-2002 ²
Africa				
Angola	1700	¹	...	45
Benin	380	⁴	...	66
Burkina Faso	850	⁶	...	31
Burundi	1000	⁶	...	25
Cape Verde	1000	¹	...	89
Central African Republic	150	¹	...	44
Chad	1100	⁶	...	16
Comoros	1100	⁶	...	62
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	480	¹	...	61
Djibouti	990	¹	...	
Equatorial Guinea	730	¹	...	65
Eritrea	880	¹	...	21
Ethiopia	630	⁶	...	6
Gambia	850	⁶	...	55
Guinea	540	¹	...	35
Guinea-Bissau	740	⁶	...	35
Lesotho	1100	¹	...	60
Liberia	550	¹	...	51
Madagascar	760	¹	...	46
Malawi	550	⁶	...	56
Mali	1800	⁶	...	41
Mauritania	1200	⁶	...	57
Mozambique	1000	⁶	...	44
Niger	1000	¹	...	16
Rwanda	1600	¹	...	31
Sao Tome and Principe	1400	⁶	...	79
Senegal	690	¹	...	58
Sierra Leone	2000	¹	...	42
Somalia	1100	¹	...	34
Sudan	590	¹	...	86
Togo	570	⁶	...	49
Uganda	880	⁶	...	39
United Rep. of Tanzania	1500	⁶	...	36
Zambia	750	⁶	...	43
Unweighted average	946			46
Latin American & the Carribbean				
Haiti	680	⁶	...	24

Asia			
Afghanistan	12
Bangladesh	1900	¹	12
Bhutan	420	¹	24
Cambodia	450	⁶	32
Lao People's Rep. Rep.	650	¹	19
Maldives	110	¹	70
Myanmar	360	¹	56
Nepal	740	⁶	11
Timor-Leste	130	⁷	24
Yemen	570	⁶	22
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Unweighted average	592		28
Oceania			
Kiribati	85
Samoa	130	⁷	100
Solomon Islands	130	¹	85
Tuvalu	660	¹	99
Vanuatu	89

Source: United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Statistics Division, *Millennium Indicators Database*, available from <http://millenniumindicators.un.org>, based on data from United Nations Children's Fund and World Health Organization.

¹ No national data on maternal mortality available. Estimates derived from model.

² Data refer to the most recent year available during the period 1995-2002.

³ Data refer to years or periods prior to 1995.

⁴ Data from household surveys or census.

⁵ Data derived from the Reproductive Age Mortality Study -RAMOS. This method involves identifying and investigating the causes of all deaths of women of reproductive age.

⁶ Data derived from the direct sisterhood method adjusted estimates :The direct sisterhood method is a variant of the sisterhood method-a survey-based technique that obtains information by interviewing respondents on the survival of all their adult sisters.

⁷ For countries with less than 300,000 population or no data, estimates from 1995 were used.