

Climate change and French NSDS

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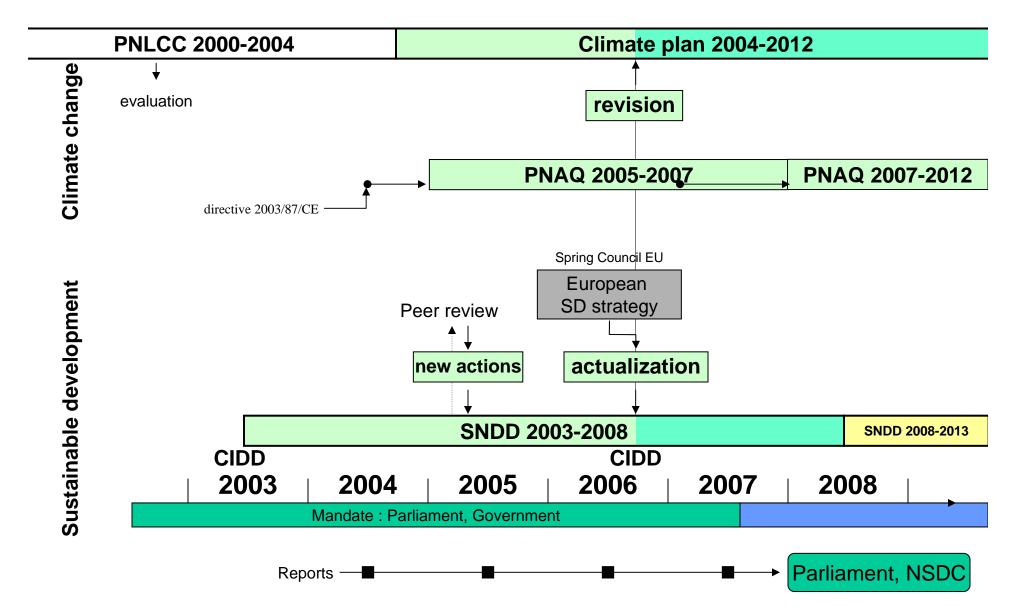
MINISTÈRE DE L'ÉCOLOGIE, DU DÉVELOPPEMENT ET DE L'AMÉNAGEMENT DURABLES Integrating Climate Change into National Sustainable Development Strategies

Expert Group Meeting – UN DESA DSD New York, 12 – 13 November 2007

Session 3: Mitigation and the Scope for Co-Benefits for Sustainable Development



France: processes 2002-2007

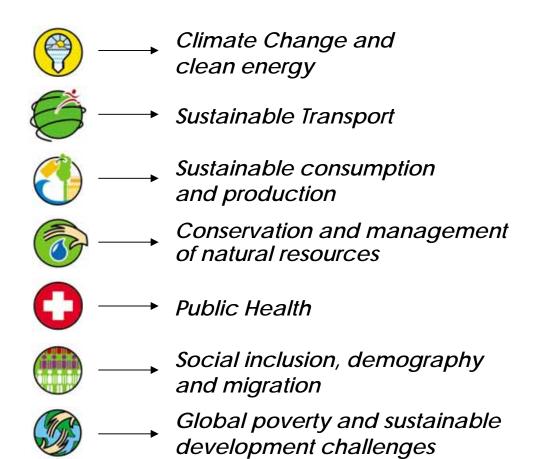


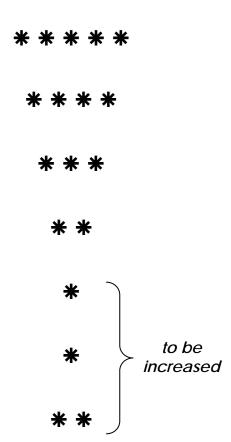


Europe & France SDS: content

7 key challenges SEDD SNDD European strategy for sustainable development national strategy for sustainable development

Place of climate change





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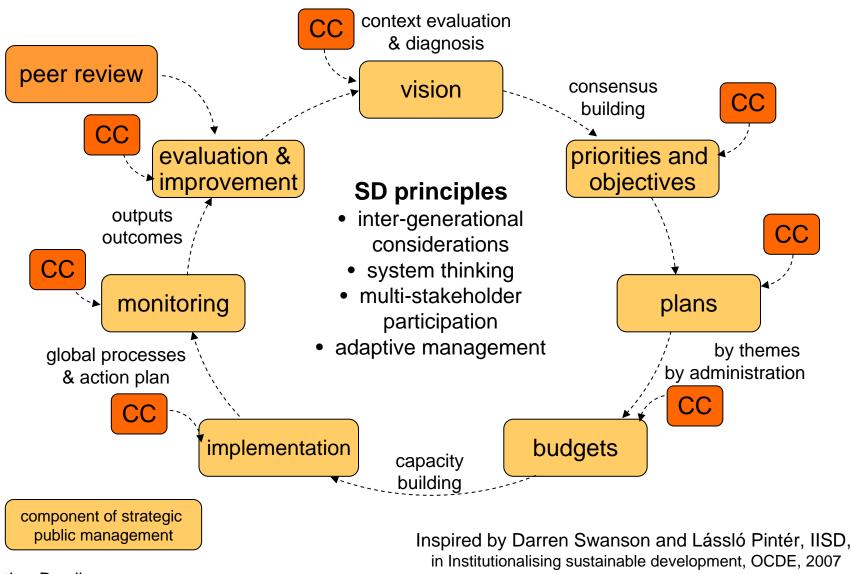


Why NSDS and CC coherence?

- NSDS as: "a coordinated, participatory and iterative process of thoughts and action to achieve economic, environmental and social objectives in a balanced and integrated manner at the national and local levels"
- Guidance in Preparing a National Sustainable Development Strategy: Managing Sustainable Development in the New Millennium, Background Paper, International Forum on NSDS, Accra, Ghana, 7-9 November 2001, n°13, DESA/DSD/PC2/BP13. United Nation, New York
- Major processes: sustainable development, climate change, poverty reduction strategies... should integrate CC
 - Coherence: minimize adverse policies, avoid decision contrary to the CC policy, identify and mobilize the right institutional level (national, local)
 - Synergy: between sectoral policies, between political mechanisms (continuous improvement, indicators...)

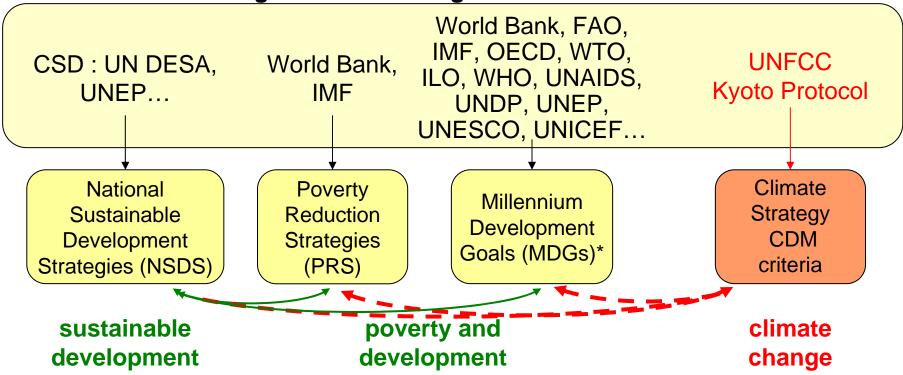


CC at all stage of NSDS process



Developing countries: NSDS mainstreaming strategies and climate processes

International: Linking international organisations



National level

- **Linking processes**: political decision (NSDS authority/Designated National Authority DNA), stakeholder involvement (NSDC), administrative implementation and follow up, information and indicators...
- Linking content: adaptation and mitigation in all sectoral policies and crosscutting issues.

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Difficulties: Asymmetric relationships between climate change and sustainable development

- Apparent urgency of climate change issues / heavy and complex processes of NSDS or other issue (poverty, natural resources management...)
- Organized scientific bases of CC (IPCC) / controversial visions about SD concept, lack of scientific community
- Public opinion and decision makers have intuitive comprehension of CC / SD processes being complex
- Technical content of CC solutions (energy, transportation, technical innovation...) / political and procedural processes
- Easy measurement system (CO₂ equivalent) / complex evaluation (sustainable development indicators)
- Solutions:
 - Prove the efficiency of NSDS and local Agenda 21
 - Exchange of practices on NSDS, including peer review and other information sharing mechanism
 - Use of other paradigms: ecosystem services, ecological foot print...