Gender and Water: Reference Materials June 2006

PUBLICATION	DESCRIPTION	
United Nations		
UN DESA, GWTF. Gender, Water and Sanitation: A Policy Brief. 2006.	Outlines issues of concern in gender, water and sanitation with case studies and recommendations for action.	
UN DESA, GWTF. <u>Gender, Water and Sanitation: Case Studies on Best Practices</u> . 2006.	Summaries of 15 case studies of best practices in securing sustainable safe drinking water and sanitation for communities by engaging both men and women as critical stakeholders.	
UN DESA, GWTF. A gender perspective in water resources and sanitation. CSD-13 (11-22 April 2005). Revised version is available at: A Gender Perspective on Water Resources and Sanitation, Wagadu, a Journal of Transnational Women's and Gender Studies, Feb 06.	Background paper on gender and equitable access to water, land, and sanitation, capacity development, indigenous perspective, resource mobilization, pricing and privatization, and emergencies.	
UN DESA, DAW. Women 2000 and beyond: Women and Water. 2005.	Gender perspectives, natural resources, rights, access, sanitation, health, economics	
UN DESA, DSD. Special section on Gender Perspectives in Natural Resources Management. Natural Resources Forum. Blackwell Publishing. Vol. 28, No. 3, August 2004.	Special section of journal includes case studies in South Africa, Trinidad, Kenya, and Brazil, involving issues of women, water, democracy, community, participatory research, fish farming, and prospects for co-management.	
UN Economic Commission for Africa (ECA), South Africa office. Water 4 Life: Report of the Seminar on Gender and Water Resources Management in Africa. 2005. Seminar held 9 March 2005 in Pretoria, South Africa. ECA/SA/S/Gender/2005/05.	Seminar background/proceedings Priority areas for action adopted by African Ministers Council on Water (AMCOW)	
United Nations. <i>Briefing Notes: Gender Perspectives on Sustainable Development</i> . 2003. Available on request from dsd@un.org .	Freshwater resources, Small Island Developing States, forestry, energy	
United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)		

UNDP Cap-net, Gender and Water Alliance (GWA). Why Gender Matters: A tutorial for water managers (CD-ROM, in English and Spanish March 2006. Email requests for CD to info@cap-net.org Email requests for other CDs available from Cap-net to info@cap-net.org	General concepts about gender Gender perspectives in water supply, sanitation, agriculture and environment References and tools Case studies	
UNDP Cap-net, GWA. Gender and Water short course training materials. 2004. CD available from http://cap-net.org , Email requests to info@cap-net.org .	Gender and Water short course training materials Mainstreaming Gender in Water Management resource guide IWRM ToolBox	
United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)		
UNEP Policy Series. Women and the Environment. 2004.	Explores the often hidden links between women and the environment, with focus on the gender-related aspects of land, water and biodiversity conservation and management.	
United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)		
Aureli, A. and C. Brelet. <u>Women and Water: an ethical issue</u> . UNESCO series on Water and Ethics, Essay 4. Paris, France: UNESCO, 2004.	Examines the ethical issues arising from the special role of women in water use, including the role of women in natural resource management, and fresh water as a fundamental human right.	
United Nations Development Fund for Women (UNIFEM)		
Amenga-Etego, Rudolf. Water Privatization in Ghana: Women's Rights Under Seige. Case Study Commissioned by UNIFEM for the 2003 World Social Forum. New York: UNIFEM, 2003.	Covers the process of water privatization in Ghana, the main actors, the key legal and contractual issues, and the overall social implications for workers, women and children.	
Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)		
FAO, SEAGA. Hill, C.L.M. <u>Guide for Gender-Disaggregated Data in Agriculture and Rural Development</u> . 2003.	A manual of facilitation materials for building capacity of those involved in producing agricultural data and statistics.	
FAO. Water and People: Whose Right Is It? 2000.	Global inequities, water resource management, irrigated and rainfed agriculture, food processing and marketing	
Water Supply and Sanitation Collaborative Council (WSSCC)		

Evidence Report: For Her It's the Big Issue: Putting Women at the Center of Water Supply, Sanitation and Hygiene. Launched in March 2006.	Collects and analyses examples that demonstrate the widespread impacts of women's contributions to water supply, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) activities.	
Gender and Water Alliance (GWA)		
Resource Guide on Gender and IWRM (or Resource Guide: Mainstreaming Gender in Water Management) (CD-ROM). March 2006. Available in four languages: Arabic, English, French, and Spanish. This is the second version of the Resource Guide. The first version is available at: http://www.undp.org/water/docs/resource_guide.pdf	Guide to existing tools and materials Case studies and good practices Guide to gender mainstreaming within the project cycle	
Appleton, B. and Smout, I. (Eds.). <i>The Gender and Water Development Report 2003: Gender Perspectives on Policies in the Water Sector.</i> Delft, Netherlands: Gender and Water Alliance, 2003.	Water for nature, sanitation for people, water for people, water for food, case studies	
Lidonde, R. A., de Jong, D., Barot, N., Nahar, B. S., Maharaj, N., and Derbyshire, H. <i>Advocacy Manual for Gender & Water Ambassadors</i> . Delft, Netherlands: Gender and Water Alliance, 2003.	Guidelines for lobbying, speeches, and conferences Training module Case studies	
Maharaj, N. <i>The Gender Approach to Water Management: Lessons Learnt around the Globe</i> . Findings of an electronic conference series convened by the Gender and Water Alliance. Delft, Netherlands: Gender and Water Alliance, 2003. The booklet will also be available in French, Portuguese and Spanish (http://www.genderandwater.org/page/725 , June 2006)).	Examine emerging lessons from 82 case studies on gender mainstreaming in the water sector.	
Khosla, Prabha. <i>Tapping into Sustainability: Issues and trends in gender mainstreaming in water and sanitation</i> . A background document for the Gender and Water Session, 3 rd World Water Forum, Kyoto, Japan, 2003. Netherlands: International Water and Sanitation Center, 2003. A copy can be obtained by contacting the GWA Secretariat Joke Muylwijk (http://www.genderandwater.org/page/156/offset/10, June 2006).	Major issues and trends in water and sanitation Major issues and trends in methods and tools towards mainstreaming gender Implementation priorities	
Results of the GWA e-conferences on successes and failures in gender mainstreaming in IWRM in four languages (English, French, Spanish and Portuguese) as well produced by GWA members. (June 2006)		
World Health Organization (WHO)		

WHO, UNICEF, UN-HABITAT, UN/DESA, UNEP. <u>The sanitation</u> <u>challenge: turning commitment into reality</u> . 2004.	International sanitation/development targets, legislation and commitments, building capacity, gender and equity issues, monitoring progress	
WHO, UNICEF. Water for Life: Making it Happen. 2005.	Action decade, monitoring water supply and sanitation WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme for Water Supply and Sanitation, gender, HIV/AIDS	
Women's Environment and Development Organization (WEDO)		
Khosla, Prabha and Pearl, Rebecca. <u>Untapped Connections: Gender, Water and Poverty.</u> New York: Women's Environment and Development Organization, 2003.	Key issues, government commitments Actions and tools for implementation of sustainable development	
Anna Grossman, Nadia Johnson, Tina Johnson, Doris Mpoumou, Gretchen Sidhu. <i>Beijing Betrayed: Women Worldwide Report that Governments Have Failed to Turn the Platform into Action</i> . 2005. Executive summary available in English, Spanish, French, Arabic, Russian.	Global overview and regional summaries of status of women and women's rights	
Anna Grossman, Nadia Johnson, Gretchen Sidhu, eds. <u>Diverting the Flow: A</u> <u>Resource Guide to Gender, Rights and Water Privatization</u> . 2003.	Privatization, water as human right, democracy	
Pearl, R. Common Ground: Women's Access to Natural Resources and the United Nations Millennium Development Goals. 2003.	Water, land & food security, mobilizing resources, Involvement of women	
Other		
Asian Development Bank (ADB). Gender Checklist: Water Supply and Sanitation. 2002.	Key questions and action points in project cycle, gender analysis, project design, policy dialogue	
<u>Practical Guide to Mainstreaming Gender in Water Projects: Guidelines for Water Engineers and Managers.</u> WEDC, Loughbourough University, UK, 2001.	User-friendly guide for engineers and managers, together with a training pack and set of case studies to enable design of projects that meet the needs of women, men and children.	
AusAID. <u>Gender Guidelines: Water Supply and Sanitation—Supplement to</u> <u>the Guide to Gender and Development</u> . March 2000.	References and resources Guidelines	
Gender 21: Women's Recommendations to the 2 nd Ministerial Conference on Water. March 2000. This project was supported by the World Water Vision, the Netherlands Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the International	Recommendations Projects	

Information Center and Archives for the Women's Movement (IIAV). The document is available at http://www.iiav.nl/eng/ic/water/index.html (also available in French and Spanish).	
Maharaj, N. <u>Mainstreaming Gender in Water Resources Management: Why</u> <u>and How</u> . Background paper for the World Vision process. Paris: World Water Vision Unit, World Water Council, 1999.	Gender Approach Sustainable water management Examples from the field
World Bank. Toolkit on Gender in Water and Sanitation. August 1996.	Lessons and case studies from World Bank projects
UN "Water for Life" Decade Website: "Reference Materials", "Related Links"	Links to resources and materials

Members of the Interagency Task Force on Gender and Water (GWTF): UN Department of Economic and Social Affairs (DESA), Division for Sustainable Development, Division for the Advancement of Women, the Office of the Senior Adviser on Gender Issues, and the Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues; the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO); the International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD); the International Telecommunications Union (ITU); International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women (INSTRAW); the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF); United Nations Development Programme (UNDP); United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP); United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO); UN-Habitat; the United Nations Development Fund for Women (UNIFEM); the UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR); the World Bank; the World Health Organization (WHO); and regional Economic and Social Commissions for Africa (ECA), Western Asia (ESCWA), Asia and the Pacific (ESCAP), and Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC). Non-UN organizations include: the Gender and Water Alliance (GWA); the Women's Environment and Development Organization (WEDO); the Water Supply and Sanitation Collaborative Council (WSSCC); the UN Foundation; and Women for Water Partnership (WfW). Observers are: the Freshwater Caucus for the CSD and Plan International.