

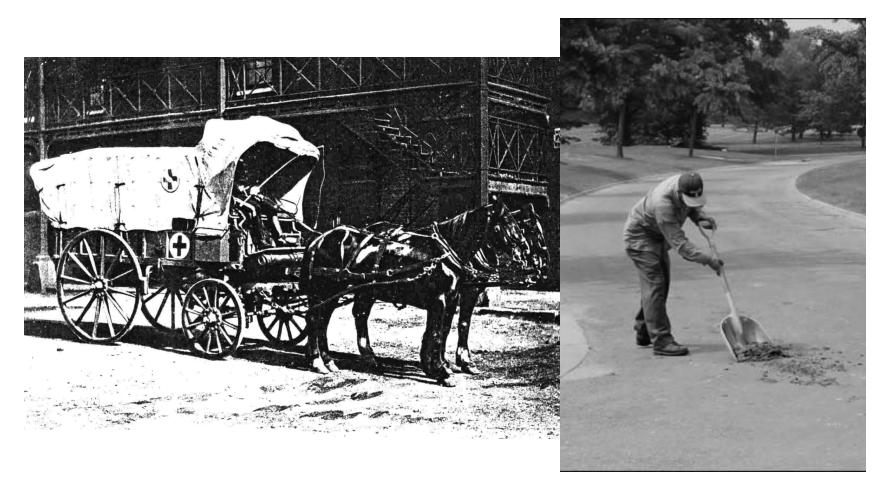
Catalysts for H₂ Iceland's first step towards the hydrogen economy?

Jón Björn Skúlason General Manager Icelandic New Energy

May 2006

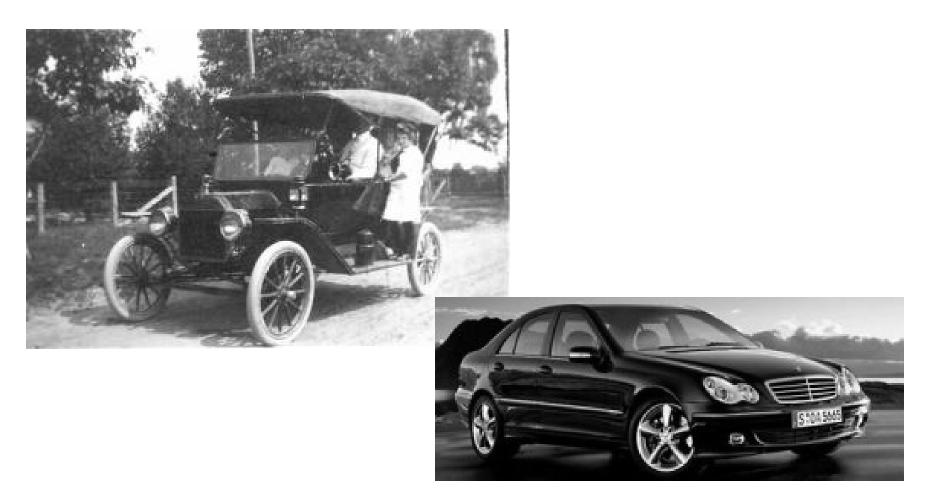


The first problem of urban transportation



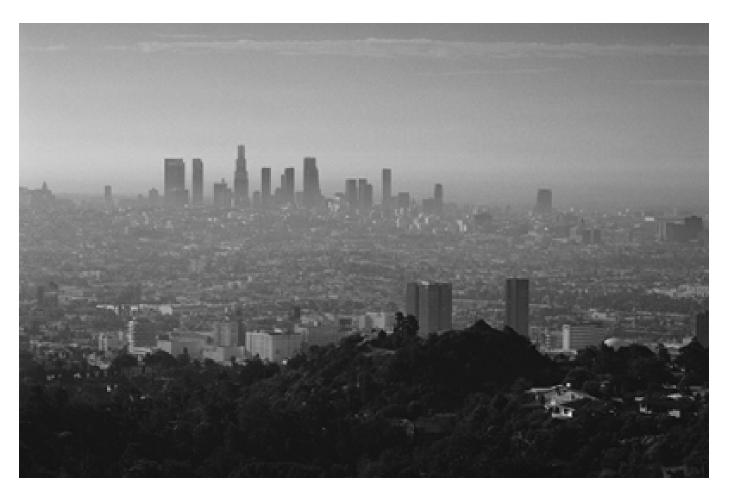


The solution



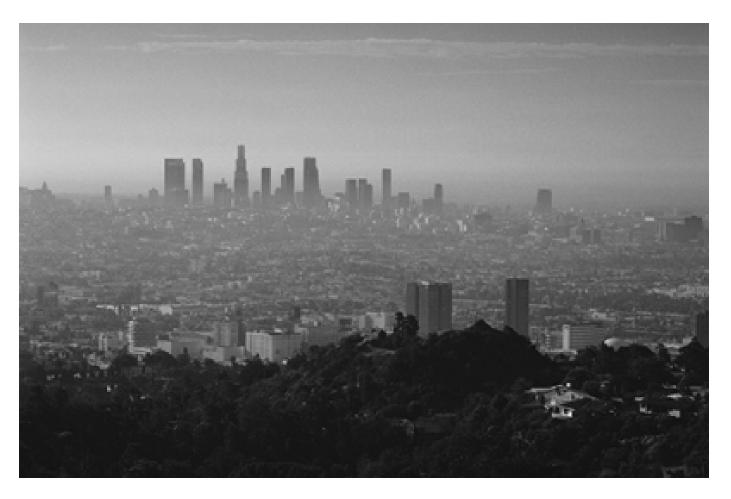


The new problem





Does this cause global warming (GHG)?

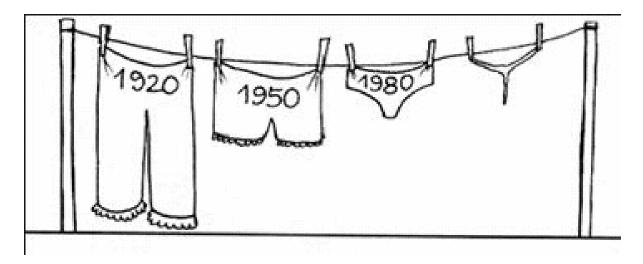




Does this cause global warming (GHG)?

• It is debated!

However it is happening





Does this cause global warming (GHG)?

- It is debated!
- Does it matter what causes global warming
- Continued use of hydro carbon fuels will lead to:
 - Increased pollution
 - Declining quality of life
 - Depleation of resources
 - New generations should be able to use hydro carbons
 - Less energy security
 - Instable political climate

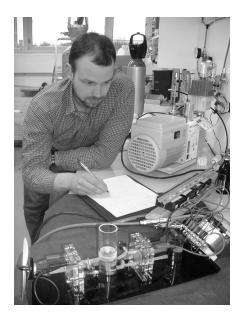


Government of Iceland



- First policy measures towards hydrogen in 1998
- Current position:
 - Iceland an international platform for hydrogen research
 - Create the worlds first hydrogen economy
- H₂ policy of the government:
 - Favourable framework for business and research
 - International cooperation
 - Education and training
- First major steps:
 - Taxation incentives (no taxes on hydrogen vehicles)
 - Financial and international support (IPHE)
 - Roadmapping and hydrogen policy





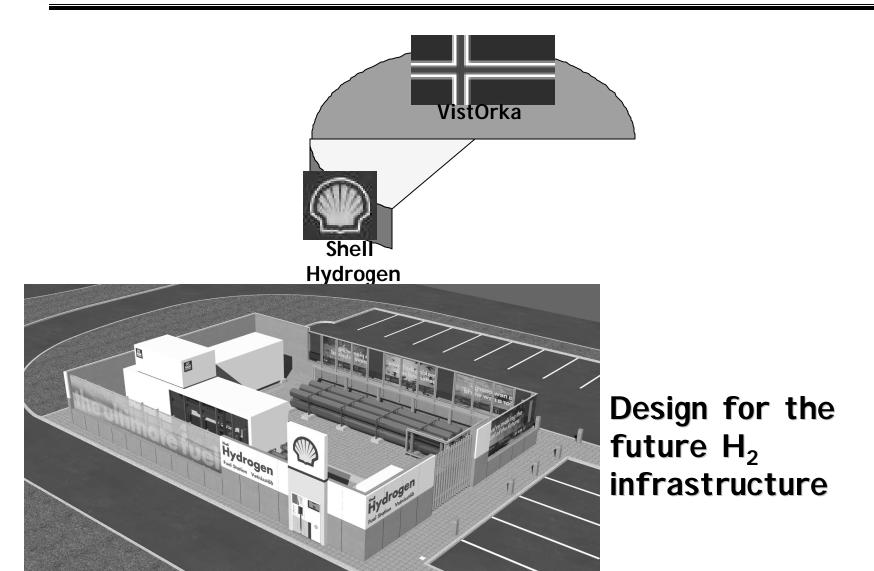


Energy, know-how and an exellent H₂ research platform

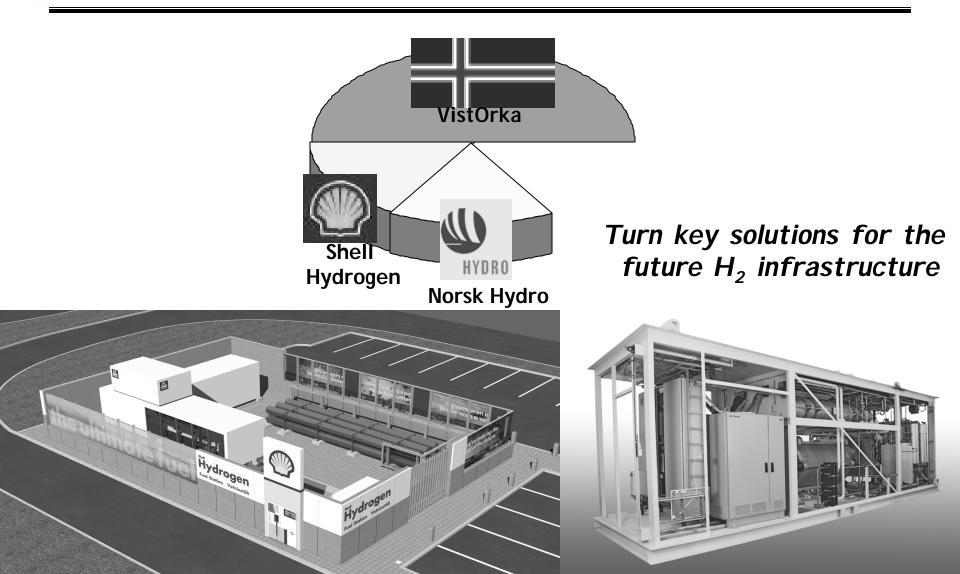


Icel. New Business Venture Fund, Reykjavik Energy, The National Power Company, Hitaveita Sudurnesja, University of Iceland, The Technological Institute of Iceland, Fertilizer Plant, Reykjavik Resources, Government of Iceland

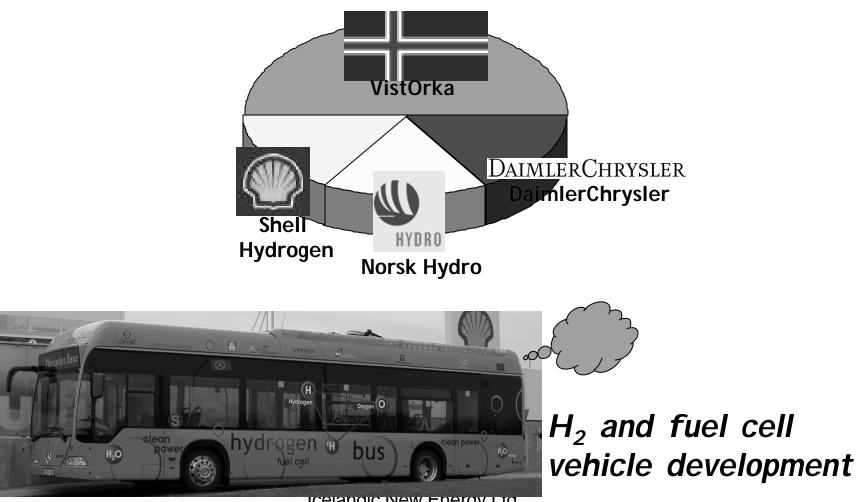






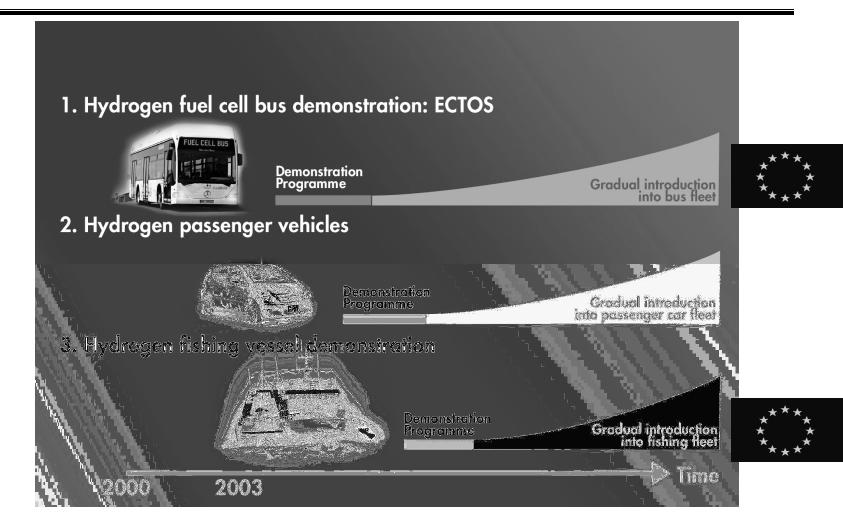




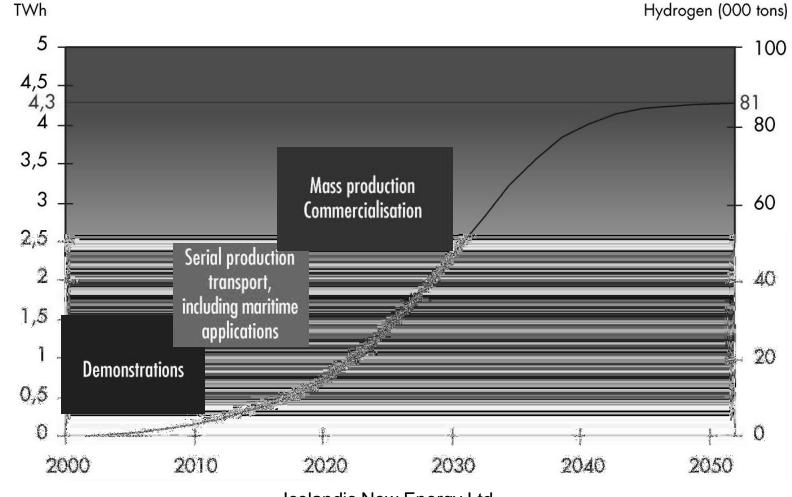








EXAMPLE 1 Energy use in a hydrogen society

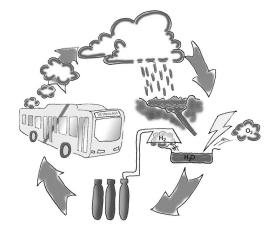




The ECTOS project 2001-2005 (ended August 31st)

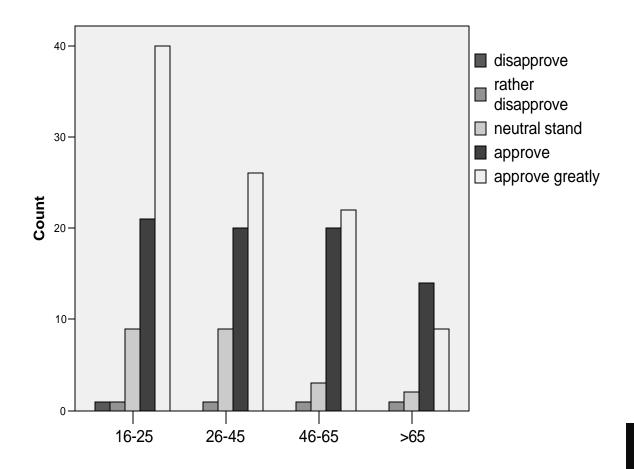
- The ECTOS-project was a 4 year project
- The project can be split into two key phases:
 - The first two years
 - Preparation, establishing infrastructure, maintenance facility, economic/social research, etc.
 - The second two years
 - The actual demonstration of infrastructure and 3 fuel cell buses
 - Has been prolonged until end of 2006; <u>HyFleet:CUTE</u>







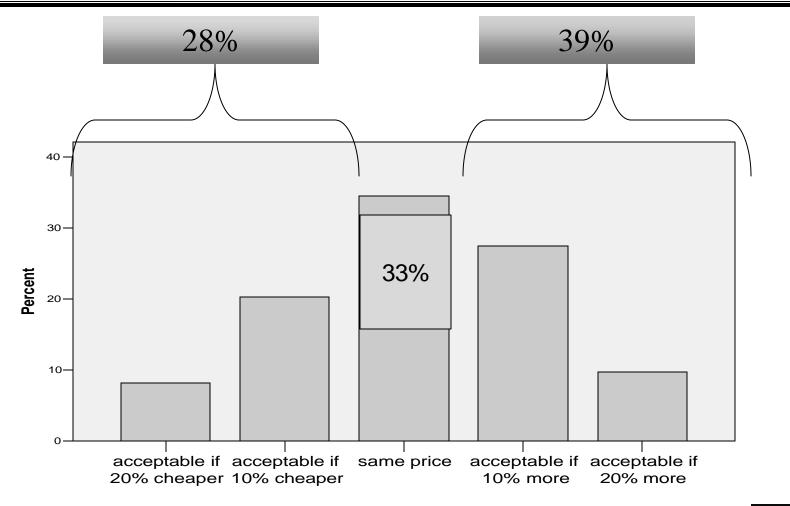
What is your reaction to the idea that hydrogen should replace oil as the main fuel for buses, cars and vessels?



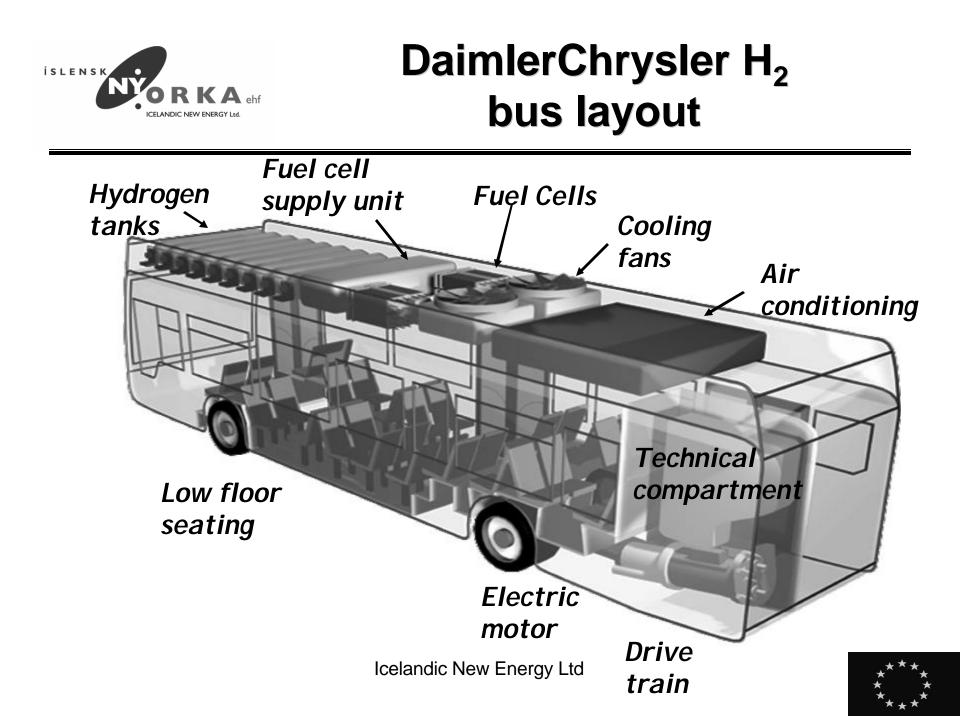




Presumably hydrogen will be more expensive as a fuel than gasoline. Which price would you accept?

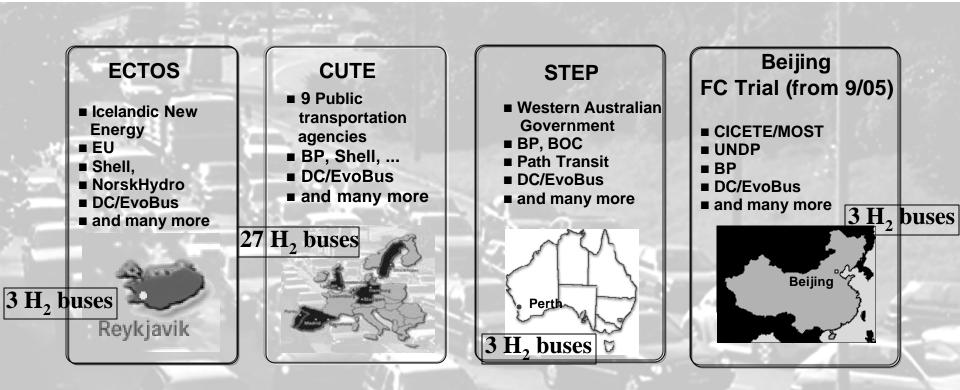








Global bus trial: clean and quiet urban transport



 Each city is operating three Mercedes-Benz Fuel Cell Citaro
Each city is operating its own hydrogen refuelling station, some with its own hydrogen production facility Icelandic New Energy Ltd



Hydrogen station

First station in the world operating at a conventional gasoline station (has full commercial license)

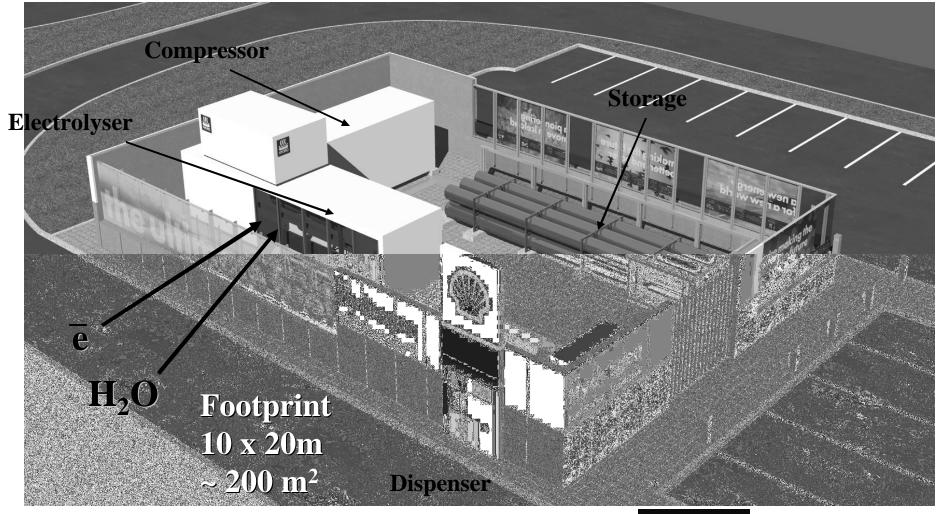






The ECTOS-hydrogen station,

An example of pre-commercial filling station







Learning

- New material development
- Underground storage has been approved
- Higher efficiency
- Smaller footprint
- Technological maturity closer to commercialisation





The future hydrogen infrastructure

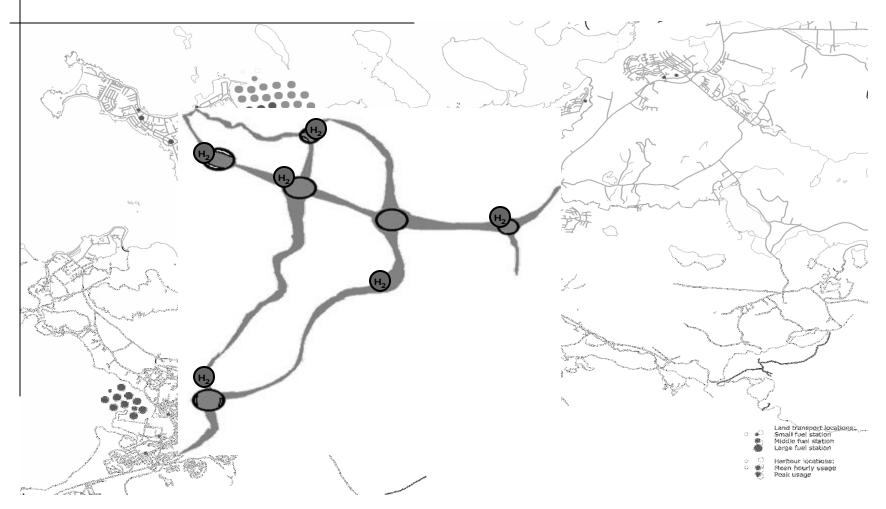
- Evaluating the future economic- and social implications of a full scale H₂ infrastructure
- Optimisation of H₂ filling stations
 - Production capacity vs. storage
 - Production capacity vs. electric prices (off peak power)
 - Regional planning (size of future infrastructure, footprint)
- National impact (cost-benefit)
 - Foreign currency savings (no imports of fuel)
 - Domestic energy
 - Independence (incentives taxation other)
 - Energy security





Iceland First hub for infrastructure

"mini-network





Iceland First hub for infrastructure

"mini-network

- Ring road is only 1400 km
- So by creating a "customer accepted infrastructure for the whole island, reaching up to 90% of the population on daily bases would require 10 more stations
 - Estimated cost of around 20-30 million € / \$





On a H₂ tri-cycle around Iceland (*hydrogen puffin*)

It took a Japanese team only 2 weeks to go on this cycle around whole of Iceland





The Icelandic accomplishment to date

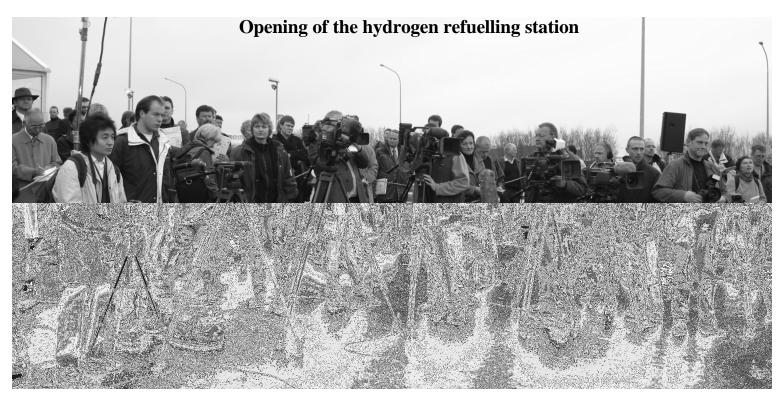
- Results are very promising
- Operation (as of February 2006)
 - >100.000 km to date
 - >6.200 operating hours
- Pumped >19.000 kg of hydrogen
- Saved over >70.000 I. of diesel / and close to 200 tons less greenhouse gas emissions
- Indication that there is over 90% of the public positive towards the new fuel







Dissemination - Iceland



More than 400 media visits ~3000 visitors Number of documentaries (10) >20 study groups Icelandic New Energy Ltd



Dissemination - Iceland



Presidents (Germany, India, Check Republic) Ministers (>20), Senators & MPs (>50), Ambassadors, etc.



Current project (key activities)

- ECTOS bus & infrastructure demonstration
 - Preparation underway to extend for 1 year (HyFleetCUTE)
- EURO-HYPORT education, infrastructure and export of H₂
- Storage of H₂
- Geothermal hydrogen
- Hydrogen passenger vehicles (ICEH₂ &/or FC)
- Market assessment of small fuel cells
 - Stationary application (trial at Keflavik airport)
- Social acceptance Economics ((external) cost benefit, (NEEDS))
- Marine interest (NEW-H-SHIP)
- Hydrogen Energy Technology Center (in preparation)
- Infrastructure, etc. (HyApproval)
- Consultancy
- Education

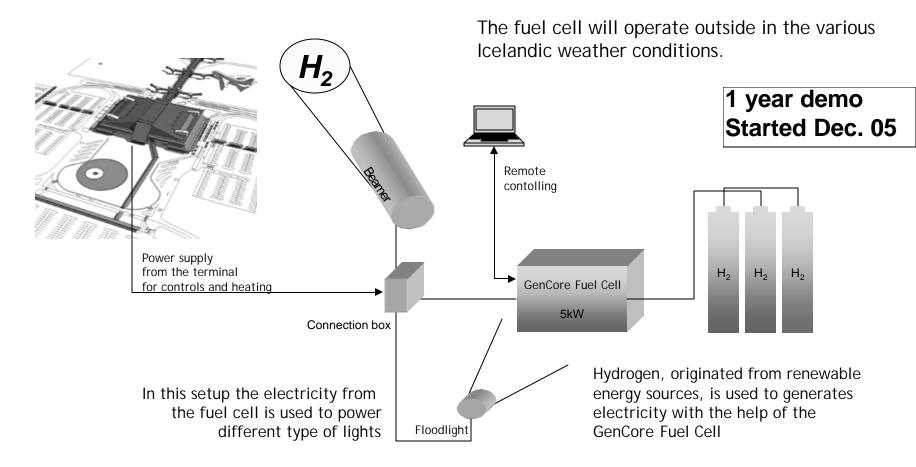




Red = finished projects



Keflavik airport US_e H₂ backup







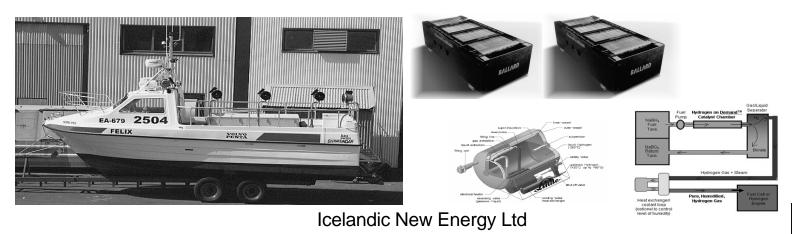
H₂ vehicles

- Vehicles are missing, (cost of vehicles)
 - No infrastructure before vehicles etc.
- Serial produced vehicles are not on the horisan until after 2010, at least if they are fuel cell
- For countries with renewable energy ICEH₂ vehicels could be an option
- INE has been in contact with many of the vehicle manufacturers in trying to set up a project



Hydrogen in marine application

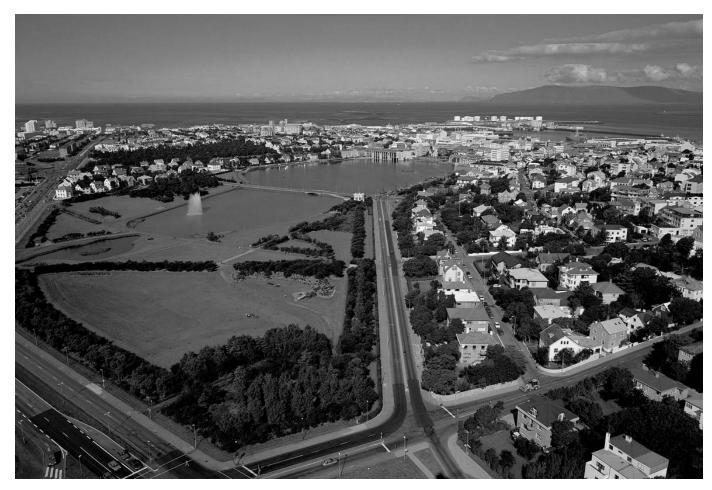
- A few studies have been supported
 - "New-H-Ship" coordinated by INE
- Hydrogen needs a technological validation in marine environment
 - A project like the ECTOS needs to be established, i.e. a marine version
- Studies indicate that there are no technological barriers
 - Needs stronger political support
 - Norway, Iceland, Germany political support
- Emissions are a global issue not only an inner city problem



**** * * ***



Iceland today



& also for future generations



We make it happen

