

SELECTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

France

- Blanchet, Didier (1989). Regulating the age structure of a population through migration. *Population* (Paris), English Selection, vol. 44, No. 1 (September), pp. 23-37.
- Bourgeois-Pichat, Jean (1978). Répartition du revenu national entre capital et travail: application au financement des systèmes de retraite. *Population* (Paris), vol. 34, No. 1 (January), pp. 43-64.

Germany

- Feichtinger, Gustav, and Gunter Steinmann (1992). Immigration into a population with fertility below replacement level - the case of Germany. *Population Studies* (London), vol. 46, No. 2 (July), pp. 275-284.
- Schulz, Erika (1999). *Zur langfristigen Bevölkerungsentwicklung in Deutschland – Modellrechnungen bis 2050*. DIW Wochenbericht 42/99. Berlin: Deutsches Institut für Wirtschaftsforschung.
- Steinmann, Gunter (1991). Immigration as a remedy for birth dearth: the case of West Germany. In *Future demographic trends in Europe and North America: what can we assume today?*, Wolfgang Lutz, ed. Laxenburg, Austria: International Institute for Applied Systems Analysis, pp. 337-357.
- Ulrich, Ralf E. (1998). Grau oder bunt? Zuwanderungen und Deutschlands Bevölkerung im Jahre 2030. In *Migration und Gesundheit: Zustandsbeschreibungen und Zukunftsmodelle*, Matthias David, Theda Borde and Heribert Kentenich, eds. Frankfurt am Main, Germany: Mabuse. pp. 17-27.

Italy

- King, Russel (1993). Italy reaches zero population growth. *Geography* (Sheffield), vol. 78, No. 338 (January), pp. 63-69.
- Van Leeuwen-Maillet, Anne-Marie (1991). Tendances démographiques de la population italienne d'après le recensement de 1991. *Méditerranée* (Aix-en-Provence, France), vol. 81, No. 1.2, pp. 29-34.

Japan

- Cornelius, W. A. (1994). Japan: the illusion of immigration control. In *Controlling Immigration: A Global Perspective*. Philip L. Martin and James F. Hollifields eds., Stanford, California: Stanford University Press, pp. 375-410.
- Kono, Shigemi (1992). Population aging in Japan. In *Migration, population structure, and redistribution policies*. Calvin Goldscheider, ed. Boulder, Colorado/Oxford: Westview Press, pp. 303-320.
- Schultz, T. Z. (1995). *Aging, Immigration and Women in Labor Force: Japan compared to other OECD countries*. Economic Growth Center Discussion Paper No. 743, New Haven, Connecticut: Yale University, Economic Growth Center.

Republic of Korea

- Kim, Ik Ki (1999). Population ageing in Korea: social problems and solutions. *Journal of Sociology and Social Welfare* (Kalamazoo, Michigan), vol. 26, No. 1 (March), pp. 107-123.
- Park, Young-bum (1994). The turning point in international migration and economic development in Korea. *Asian and Pacific Migration Journal* (Quezon City, Philippines), vol. 3, No. 1, pp. 149-174.

Russian Federation

- Andreev, Evgeni, Sergei Scherbov and Frans Willekens (1997). *The Population of Russia: Fewer and Older*. Demographic Report 22, Groningen, The Netherlands: Faculty of Spatial Sciences, University of Groningen.
- Rutkevich, Mikhail N. (1996). Depopulyatsiya ili vymiranie? *Sotsiologicheskie Issledovaniya* (Moscow), vol. 23, No. 3, pp. 104-110.

Vishnevskii, A.G. (1995). Russia: the demographic situation. *Studies on Russian Economic Development* (Moscow), vol. 6, No. 1 (January-February), pp. 35-45.

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Coleman, D. A. (1995). International migration: demographic and socioeconomic consequences in the United Kingdom and Europe. *International Migration Review* (Staten Island, New York), vol. 29, No. 1 (Spring), pp. 155-206.

Rees, Philip H. (1986). *Components of Elderly Population Change*. School of Geography Working Paper, No. 471, Leeds, England: University of Leeds, School of Geography.

United States of America

Arthur, W. B. and T.J. Espenshade (1998). Immigration policy and immigrants' ages. *Population and Development Review* (New York), vol. 14, No. 2 (June), pp. 315-326.

Coale, Ansley J. (1986). Demographic effects of below-replacement fertility and their social implications. In *Below-replacement fertility in industrial societies: causes, consequences, policies*, Kingsley Davis, Mikhail S. Bernstam and Rita Ricardo-Campbell, eds. Population and Development Review, Supplement to vol. 12, New York: Population Council, pp. 203-216.

Day, Jennifer Cheeseman (1996). Population Projections of the United States, by age, sex, race and Hispanic origin: 1995 to 2050. *U.S. Bureau of Census, Current Population Reports*. Series P25-1130. Washington, D.C.: U.S. Government Printing Office.

Espenshade, Thomas J., L. F. Bouvier and W. B. Arthur (1982). Immigration and the stable population model. *Demography* (Washington, D.C.), vol. 19, No. 1 (February), pp. 125-133.

Espenshade, Thomas J. (1986). Population dynamics with immigration and low fertility. In *Below-replacement fertility in industrial societies: causes, consequences, policies*, Kingsley Davis, Mikhail S. Bernstam and Rita Ricardo-Campbell, eds. Population and Development Review, Supplement to vol. 12, New York: Population Council, pp. 248-261.

_____ (1994). Can immigration slow U.S. population aging? *Journal of Policy Analysis and Management* (New York), vol. 13, No. 4, pp. 759-768.

Heer, David M. (1987). Immigration as a counter to below-replacement fertility in the United States. In *Below-replacement fertility in industrial societies: causes, consequences, policies*, Kingsley Davis, Mikhail S. Bernstam and Rita Ricardo-Campbell, eds. Population and Development Review, Supplement to vol. 12, New York: Population Council, pp. 203-216 pp.

Europe

Coleman, David A. (1992). Does Europe need immigrants? Population and work force projections. *International Migration Review* (Staten Island, New York), vol. 26, No. 2 (Summer), pp. 413-461.

Lesthaeghe, R., H. Page and J. Surkyn (1988). *Are immigrants substitutes for births?*, IPD Working Paper 1988-3, Brussels: Interuniversity Programme in Demography.

Lévy, Michel Louis (1984). La population de l'Europe des Dix. *Population et Sociétés* (Paris). No. 181 (June), pp. 1-3.

Sauvy, Alfred, and Anita Hirsch (1987). *L'Europe submergée. Sud-nord dans 30 ans*. L'Œil Economique, Paris : Dunod.

Other countries/developed countries in general

Andorka, Rudolf (1991). Policy responses to population decline in the twenty-first century: pronatalism, migration policy, growing labour force participation or other alternatives? *Demographia* (Budapest), vol. 33, No. 1-2, pp. 7- 23.

Appleyard, Reginald (1991). Immigration and demographic change in Australia. In *Migration. The Demographic Aspects*. Paris: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, pp. 73-37.

Foot, David (1991). Immigration and demographic change in Canada. In *Migration. The Demographic Aspects*. Paris: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, pp. 69-71.

- Gonnot, Jean-Pierre, C. Prinz, and N. Keilman (1995). Adjustments of public pension schemes in twelve industrialized countries: possible answers to population ageing. *European Journal of Population* (Dordrecht, Netherlands), vol. 11, No. 4 (December), pp. 371-398.
- Keyfitz, Nathan (1989). *Measuring in Advance the Accuracy of Population Forecasts*. IIASA Working Paper, No. WP-89-72, Laxenburg, Austria: International Institute for Applied Systems Analysis.
- Le Bras, Hervé (1991). Demographic impact of post-war migration in selected OECD countries. In *Migration. The Demographic Aspects*. Paris: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, pp. 15-26.
- McDonald, Peter and Rebecca Kippen (1999). The impact of immigration on the ageing of Australia's population. Mimeograph.
- Mitra, S. (1990). Long term demographic effect of a constant stream of immigration when the population is not reproducing itself. *International Migration* (Geneva), vol. 28, No. 4 (December), pp. 497-508.
- _____ (1992). Below replacement fertility, net international migration and Canada's future population. *Canadian Studies in Population* (Edmonton), vol. 19, No. 1, pp. 27-46.
- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) (1988). *Le Vieillissement Démographique. Conséquences pour la Politique Sociale*. OECD Demographic Change and Public Policy. Paris.
- _____ (1991). *Migration. The demographic aspects*. Paris.
- _____ (1997). *Ageing in OECD countries: a critical policy challenge*. OECD Social Policy Studies No. 20, Paris.
- Schmertmann, Carl P. (1992). Immigrants' ages and the structure of stationary populations with below-replacement fertility. *Demography* (Washington, D.C.), vol. 29, No. 4 (November), pp. 595-612.
- Sivamurthy, M. (1993). Population ageing and demographic dependency: A global analysis. In *International Population Conference, Montreal 1993, 24 August – 1st September*. Volume 3. Liège, Belgium: International Union for the Scientific Study of Population, pp. 9-23.
- United Nations (1997). Fertility trends among low fertility countries. In *Proceedings of the Expert Group Meeting on Below-replacement Fertility*. New York: 4-6 November 1997. ESA/P/WP.140. pp.19-77.
- _____ (1998). *World Population Monitoring 1997: International Migration and Development*. Sales No. E.98.XIII.4.
- _____ (1999a). *World Population Prospects: The 1998 Revision*, vol. I, *Comprehensive Tables*. Sales No. E.99.XIII.9.
- _____ (1999b). *World Population Prospects: The 1998 Revision*, vol. II, *Sex and Age*. Sales No. E.99.XIII.8.
- _____ (1999c). *World Population Prospects: The 1998 Revision*, vol. III, *Analytical Report*. ESA/P/WP.156.
- Van Praag, B., H. van Dalen and W. Lutz (1994). *Aging populations and social challenges*. IIASA Collaborative Paper, No. CP-94-7, April, Laxenburg, Austria: International Institute for Applied Systems Analysis.
- Wanner, Philippe (2000). Le poids démographique de l'immigration avec l'étranger. Mimeographed. Forum suisse pour l'étude des migrations. Neuchatel.
- Wattelar, Christine and Guido Roumans (1991). Simulations of demographic objectives and migration. In *Migration. The Demographic Aspects*. Paris: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, pp. 57-67.

ANNEX TABLES