# Linkages between the Means of implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals and the Addis Ababa Action Agenda

Informal Note by the Secretariat

The Addis Ababa Action Agenda (AAAA, A/RES/69/313) contains, in its comprehensive financing framework for sustainable development, the means of implementation as formulated by the Open Working Group for the 17 proposed Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). Their placement in the AAAA is laid out in detail in below table.

SDG Means of Implementation	AAAA Paragraphs
Goal 1. End poverty in all its forms everywhere	
1.a. ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular LDCs, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions	cross-cutting
<b>1.b</b> create sound policy frameworks, at national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gender-sensitive development strategies to support accelerated investments in poverty eradication actions	cross-cutting
Goal 2. End hunger, achieve food security and improve	d nutrition, and promote
sustainable agriculture	
2.a increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development, and plant and livestock gene banks to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular in least developed countries	121: To reach food security, we commit to further investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in earth observation, rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, and technology development by enhancing agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular in least developed countries, for example by developing plant and livestock gene banks.
	<b>13:</b> We will support sustainable agriculture, including forestry, fisheries and pastoralism. We will also take action to fight malnutrition and hunger among the urban poor.
<b>2.b.</b> correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets including by the parallel elimination of all forms of agricultural export subsidies and all export measures with equivalent effect, in accordance with the mandate of the Doha Development Round	<b>83:</b> In accordance with one element of the mandate of the Doha Development Agenda, we call on WTO members to correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets, including through the parallel elimination of all forms of agricultural export subsidies and disciplines on all export measures with equivalent effect.

108: We will adopt measures to ensure the proper 2.c. adopt measures to ensure the proper functioning of food commodity markets and their derivatives, and functioning of food commodity markets and their facilitate timely access to market information, including derivatives and call for relevant regulatory bodies to adopt on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food measures to facilitate timely, accurate and transparent price volatility access to market information in an effort to ensure that commodity markets appropriately reflect underlying demand and supply changes and to help limit excess volatility of commodity prices. Goal 3. Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages 3.a strengthen implementation of the Framework 77: Parties to the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control will also strengthen Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries as implementation of the Convention in all countries, as appropriate appropriate, and will support mechanisms to raise awareness and mobilize resources. 32: We recognize, in particular, that, as part of a comprehensive strategy of prevention and control, price and tax measures on tobacco can be an effective and important means to reduce tobacco consumption and health-care costs, and represent a revenue stream for financing for development in many countries; **3.b.** support research and development of vaccines and **121**: We will support research and development of medicines for the communicable and nonvaccines and medicines, as well as preventive measures communicable diseases that primarily affect developing and treatments for the communicable and non countries... communicable diseases, in particular those that disproportionately impact developing countries. **3.b. cont.:** ... provide access to affordable essential 86: We reaffirm the right of WTO members to take advantage of the flexibilities in the WTO Agreement on medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration which affirms the right of developing Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS) and reaffirm that the TRIPS Agreement does not countries to use to the full the provisions in the TRIPS agreement regarding flexibilities to protect public and should not prevent members from taking measures to health and, in particular, provide access to medicines protect public health. To this end, we would urge all WTO for all members that have not vet accepted the amendment of the TRIPS Agreement allowing improved access to affordable medicines for developing countries to do so by the deadline of the end of 2015 121: We will support research and development of vaccines and medicines... We will support relevant initiatives, such as Gavi, the Vaccine Alliance, which incentivizes innovation while expanding access in developing countries. 3.c. increase substantially health financing and the 77: We commit to... substantially increase health financing recruitment, development and training and retention and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, of the health workforce in developing countries, especially especially in LDCs and SIDS in least developed countries and small island developing

States.

developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction, and management of national and global health risks

3.d. strengthen the capacity of all countries, particularly 77: We commit to strengthening the capacity of countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks... in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States.

### Goal 4. Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote life-long learning opportunities for all

4.a. build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all

78: Achieving sustainable development of delivering quality education to all girls and boys... will require... providing safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all. We will scale up investments and international cooperation to allow all children to complete free, equitable, inclusive and quality early childhood, primary and secondary education, including through scalingup and strengthening initiatives, such as the Global Partnership for Education. We commit to upgrading education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive..., including through international cooperation, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States.

4.b. by 2020 expand by x% globally the number of scholarships for developing countries in particular LDCs, SIDS and African countries to enrol in higher education, including vocational training, ICT, technical, engineering and scientific programmes in developed countries and other developing countries

119: We will increase the number of scholarships available to students in developing countries to enrol in higher education.

**4.c.** by 2030 increase by x% the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially LDCs and SIDS

78: We commit to ... increasing the percentage of qualified teachers in developing countries, including through international cooperation, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States.

#### Goal 5. Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls

5.a. undertake reforms to give women equal rights to services, inheritance, and natural resources in accordance with national laws

41: We resolve to undertake legislation and administrative economic resources, as well as access to ownership and reforms to give women equal rights with men to economic control over land and other forms of property, financial resources, including access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, credit, inheritance, natural resources and appropriate new technology.

> 6: We recommit to adopting and strengthening sound policies and enforceable legislation and transformative actions... to ensure women's equal rights, access and opportunities for participation and leadership in the economy and to eliminate gender-based violence and discrimination in all its forms;

E.b. anhance the use of anabling technologies in	114. We will promote the development and use of
<b>5.b.</b> enhance the use of enabling technologies, in particular ICT, to promote women's empowerment	114: We will promote the development and use of information and communications technology (ICT) infrastructure, as well as capacity-building We will promote access to technology and science for women, youth and children.
<b>5.c.</b> adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels	<b>6:</b> We recommit to adopting and strengthening sound policies and enforceable legislation and transformative actions for the promotion of gender equality and women's and girls' empowerment at all levels
Goal 6. Ensure availability and sustainable managemen	nt of water and sanitation
for all	
<b>6.a.</b> by 2030, expand international cooperation and capacity-building support to developing countries in water and sanitation related activities and programmes, including water harvesting, desalination, water efficiency, wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies	establishment of multi stakeholder partnerships for implementing effective and targeted capacity-building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all the sustainable development goals It is also critical to reinforce national efforts in capacity-building in developing countries in such areas as water and sanitation related activities and programmes.
	<b>34.</b> We will support cities and local authorities of developing countries, particularly in least developed countries and small island developing States, in implementing resilient and environmentally sound infrastructure, including energy, transport, water and sanitation
<b>6.b.</b> support and strengthen the participation of local communities for improving water and sanitation management	<b>34 (cont):</b> In these efforts, we will encourage the participation of local communities in decisions affecting their communities, such as in improving drinking water and sanitation management.
Goal 7. Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainab	le, and modern energy
for all	
7.a. by 2030 enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy research and technologies, including renewable energy, energy efficiency, and advanced and cleaner fossil fuel technologies, and promote investment in energy infrastructure and clean energy technologies	<b>49:</b> We will promote both public and private investment in energy infrastructure and clean energy technologies including carbon capture and storage technologies We will enhance international cooperation to provide adequate support and facilitate access to clean energy research and technology
<b>7.b.</b> by 2030 expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, particularly LDCs and SIDS	<b>49 cont:</b> We will expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services to all developing countries, in particular least developed countries and small island developing States.

#### Goal 8. Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all 8.a. increase Aid for Trade support for developing 90: We will focus Aid for Trade on developing countries, in countries, particularly LDCs, including through the particular least developed countries, including through the **Enhanced Integrated Framework for LDCs** Enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade-Related Technical Assistance to Least Developed Countries. We will strive to allocate an increasing proportion of Aid for Trade going to least developed countries, provided according to development cooperation effectiveness principles. 8.b. by 2020 develop and operationalize a global 16: We also commit to developing and operationalizing, by strategy for youth employment and implement the ILO 2020, a global strategy for youth employment and **Global Jobs Pact** implementing the International Labour Organization (ILO) Global Jobs Pact. Goal 9. Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation 9.a. facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure 14: To bridge the global infrastructure gap, including the \$1 development in developing countries through trillion to \$1.5 trillion annual gap in developing countries, enhanced financial, technological and technical support we will facilitate development of sustainable, accessible to African countries, LDCs, LLDCs and SIDS and resilient quality infrastructure in developing countries through enhanced financial and technical support... As a key pillar to meet the sustainable development goals, we call for the establishment of a global infrastructure forum.. to identify and address infrastructure and capacity gaps in particular in least developed countries, landlocked developing countries, small island developing States and African countries. 34. We will support cities and local authorities of developing countries, particularly in least developed countries and small island developing States, in implementing resilient and environmentally sound infrastructure 116: We will craft policies that incentivize the creation of 9.b. support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries new technologies, that incentivize research and that support innovation in developing countries. We recognize including by ensuring a conducive policy environment for inter alia industrial diversification and value addition the importance of an enabling environment at all levels, to commodities including enabling regulatory and governance frameworks, in nurturing science, innovation, the dissemination of technologies, particularly to micro, small and medium-sized enterprises, as well as industrial diversification and value added to commodities. 9.c. significantly increase access to ICT and strive to 114: We will promote the development and use of provide universal and affordable access to internet in information and communications technology (ICT) LDCs by 2020 infrastructure, as well as capacity-building, particularly in least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States, including rapid universal and affordable access to the Internet.

#### Goal 10. Reduce inequality within and among countries

- treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with WTO agreements
- 10.a. implement the principle of special and differential 84: Members of WTO will continue to implement the provisions of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with WTO agreements.
- 10.b. encourage ODA and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to states where the need is LLDCs, in accordance with their national plans and programmes
- **52:** We recognize the importance of focusing the most concessional resources on those with the greatest needs greatest, in particular LDCs, African countries, SIDS, and and least ability to mobilize other resources. In this regard we note with great concern the decline in the share of ODA to least developed countries and commit to reversing this decline.
  - **45:** We recognize the important contribution that direct investment, including foreign direct investment, can make to sustainable development, particularly when projects are aligned with national and regional sustainable development strategies... We will... incentivize foreign direct investment to developing countries, particularly least developed countries, landlocked developing countries, small island developing States and countries in conflict and post-conflict situations;
- 10.c. by 2030, reduce to less than 3% the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5%
- **40:** We will work towards reducing the average transaction cost of migrant remittances by 2030 to less than 3 per cent of the amount transferred. We are particularly concerned with the cost of remittances in certain low volume and high cost corridors. We will work to ensure that no remittance corridor requires charges higher than 5 per cent by 2030, mindful of the need to maintain adequate service coverage, especially for those most in need.

#### Goal 11. Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

- 11.a. support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning
- 34: We will enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and strengthen economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning, within the context of national sustainable development strategies.
- 11.b. by 2020, increase by x% the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, develop and implement in line with the forthcoming Hyogo Framework holistic disaster risk management at all levels
- 34: By 2020, we will increase the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, and resilience to disasters. We will develop and implement holistic disaster risk management at all levels in line with the Sendai Framework. In this regard, we will support national and local capacity for prevention, adaptation and mitigation of external shocks and risk management.

11.c. support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, for sustainable and resilient buildings utilizing local materials

34: We therefore commit to scaling up international cooperation to strengthen capacities of municipalities and other local authorities. We will support cities and local authorities of developing countries, particularly in least developed countries and small island developing States, in implementing resilient and environmentally sound infrastructure, including energy, transport, water and sanitation, and sustainable and resilient buildings using local materials.

#### Goal 12. Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns

**12.a.** support developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacities to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production

**120:** We will continue to support developing countries to strengthen their scientific, technological and innovative capacity to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production, including through implementation of the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production patterns.

- 12.b. develop and implement tools to monitor sustainable development impacts for sustainable tourism which creates jobs, promotes local culture and products
- 129: We will seek to develop and implement tools to mainstream sustainable development, as well as to monitor sustainable development impacts for different economic activities, including for sustainable tourism.
- 12.c. rationalize inefficient fossil fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption by removing market distortions, in accordance with national circumstances, including by restructuring taxation and phasing out those harmful subsidies, where they exist, to reflect their environmental impacts, taking fully into account the specific needs and conditions of developing countries and minimizing the possible adverse impacts on their development in a manner that protects the poor and the affected communities
- **31:** We reaffirm the commitment to rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption by removing market distortions, in accordance with national circumstances, including by restructuring taxation and phasing out those harmful subsidies, where they exist, to reflect their environmental impacts, taking fully into account the specific needs and conditions of developing countries and minimizing the possible adverse impacts on their development in a manner that protects the poor and the affected communities.

#### Goal 13. Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts

13.a. implement the commitment undertaken by developed country Parties to the UNFCCC to a goal of all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation and fully operationalize the Green Climate Fund through its capitalization as soon as possible

60: We recognize that, in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation, mobilizing jointly USD100 billion annually by 2020 from developed countries committed to a goal of mobilizing jointly \$100 billion a year by 2020 from a wide variety of sources to address the needs of developing countries;

61: We welcome the successful and timely initial resource mobilization process of the Green Climate Fund, making it the largest dedicated climate fund and enabling it to start its activities in supporting developing country parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change. We welcome the decision of the Board of the Green Climate Fund to aim to start taking decisions on the approval of projects and programmes no later than its third meeting in 2015 as well as its decision regarding the formal replenishment process for the Fund.

**13.b.** Promote mechanisms for raising capacities for effective climate change related planning and management, in LDCs, including focusing on women, youth, local and marginalized communities

establishment of
multi-stakeholder partnerships for implementing effective
and targeted capacity-building in developing countries,
including least developed countries, landlocked developing
countries, small island developing States, African countries,
and countries in conflict and post-conflict situations, to
support national plans to implement all the sustainable
development goals... It is also critical to reinforce national
efforts in capacity-building in developing countries in such
areas as... climate services, including planning and
management for both adaptation and mitigation purposes.

## Goal 14. Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development

14.a. increase scientific knowledge, develop research capacities and transfer marine technology taking into account the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission Criteria and Guidelines on the Transfer of Marine Technology, in order to improve ocean health and to enhance the contribution of marine biodiversity to the development of developing countries, in particular SIDS and LDCs

121: We will increase scientific knowledge, develop research capacity and transfer marine technology, taking into account the Criteria and Guidelines on the Transfer of Marine Technology adopted by the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission, in order to improve ocean health and to enhance the contribution of marine biodiversity to the development of developing countries, in particular small island developing States and least developed countries.

**14.b.** provide access of small-scale artisanal fishers to marine resources and markets

**108:** We will also provide access for small-scale artisanal fishers to marine resources and markets, consistent with sustainable management practices as well as initiatives that add value to outputs from small-scale fishers.

**14.c.** ensure the full implementation of international law, as reflected in UNCLOS for states parties to it, including, where applicable, existing regional and international regimes for the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources by their parties

**64:** We recognize that oceans, seas and coastal areas form an integrated and essential component of the Earth's ecosystem and are critical to sustaining it and that international law, as reflected in the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, provides the legal framework for the conservation and the sustainable use of the oceans and their resources.

Goal 15. Protect, restore and promote sustainable use	of terrestrial ecosystems,
sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, an	d halt and reverse land
degradation and halt biodiversity loss	
<b>15.a.</b> mobilize and significantly increase from all sources financial resources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems	<b>63:</b> We encourage the mobilization of financial resources from all sources and at all levels to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems.
15.b. mobilize significantly resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance sustainable forest management, including for conservation and reforestation	63 cont: We encourage the mobilization of financial resources from all sources and at all levels to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems, including promoting sustainable forest management We commit to supporting the efforts of countries to advance conservation and restoration efforts, such as the African Union Great Green Wall Initiative, and to providing support to countries in need to enhance the implementation of their national biodiversity strategies and action plans.
<b>15.c.</b> enhance global support to efforts to combat poaching and trafficking of protected species, including by increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities	<b>92:</b> We resolve to enhance global support for efforts to combat poaching and trafficking of protected species, trafficking in hazardous waste, and trafficking in minerals, including by strengthening both national regulation and international cooperation, and increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities.
Goal 16. Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for s	ustainable development,
provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive	
institutions at all levels	
16.a. strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacities at all levels, in particular in developing countries, for preventing violence and combating terrorism and crime	112: We will strengthen regional, national and subnational institutions to prevent all forms of violence, combat terrorism and crime, and end human trafficking and exploitation of persons, in particular women and children, in accordance with international human rights law. We will effectively strengthen national institutions to combat money-laundering, corruption and the financing of terrorism, which have serious implications for economic development and social cohesion. We will enhance international cooperation for capacity-building in these areas at all levels, in particular in developing countries.
<b>16.b.</b> promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development	<b>21:</b> We will promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws, social infrastructure and policies for sustainable development.

Goal 17. Strengthen the means of implementation and	revitalize the global
partnership for sustainable development	
Finance	
<b>17.1.</b> strengthen domestic resource mobilization	<b>20:</b> Building on the considerable achievements in many countries since Monterrey, we remain committed to further strengthening the mobilization and effective use of domestic resources.
17.1. cont.:including through international support to developing countries to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection	<b>22:</b> We recognize that significant additional domestic public resources, supplemented by international assistance as appropriate, will be critical to realizing sustainable development and achieving the sustainable development goals In this regard, we will strengthen international cooperation to support efforts to build capacity in developing countries, including through enhanced official development assistance (ODA).
<b>17.2.</b> developed countries to implement fully their ODA commitments, including to provide 0.7% of GNI in ODA to developing countries of which 0.15-0.20% to least-developed countries	<b>51:</b> ODA providers reaffirm their respective ODA commitments, including the commitment by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of ODA/GNI and 0.15 to 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries.
<b>17.3.</b> mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources	cross-cutting
17.4. assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief and debt restructuring, as appropriate, and address the external debt of highly indebted poor countries (HIPC) to reduce debt distress	94: We recognize the need to assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief, debt restructuring and sound debt management, as appropriate. We will continue to support the remaining HIPC-eligible countries that are working to complete the HIPC process. On a case-by-case basis we could explore initiatives to support non-HIPC countries with sound economic policies to enable them to address the issue of debt sustainability. We will support the maintenance of debt sustainability in those countries that have received debt relief and achieved sustainable debt levels.
<b>17.5.</b> adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for LDCs	<b>46:</b> We resolve to adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for least developed countries.

Technology	
17.6. enhance North-South, South-South and triangular regional and international cooperation on and access to science, technology and innovation, and enhance knowledge sharing on mutually agreed terms	120: We will encourage the development, dissemination and diffusion and transfer of environmentally sound technologies to developing countries on favourable terms, including on concessional and preferential terms, as mutually agreed. We will endeavour to step up international cooperation and collaboration in science, research, technology and innovation, including through public-private and multi stakeholder partnerships, and on the basis of common interest and mutual benefit, focusing on the needs of developing countries and the achievement of the sustainable development goals.
<b>17.6. cont</b> :including through improved coordination among existing mechanisms, particularly at UN level	122: We invite specialized agencies, funds and programmes of the United Nations system with technology-intensive mandates to further promote the development and diffusion of relevant science, technologies and capacity-building through their respective work programmes. We commit to strengthening coherence and synergies among science and technology initiatives within the United Nations system, with a view to eliminating duplicative efforts and recognizing the many successful existing efforts in this space.
<b>17.6. cont.:</b> and through a global technology facilitation mechanism when agreed	123: We decide to establish a Technology Facilitation Mechanism. The Mechanism will be launched at the United Nations summit for the adoption of the post-2015 development agenda in order to support the sustainable development goals.
<b>17.7.</b> promote development, transfer, dissemination and diffusion of environmentally sound technologies to developing countries on favourable terms, including on concessional and preferential terms, as mutually agreed	<b>120:</b> We will encourage the development, dissemination and diffusion and transfer of environmentally sound technologies to developing countries on favourable terms, including on concessional and preferential terms, as mutually agreed.
<b>17.8.</b> fully operationalize the Technology Bank and STI (Science, Technology and Innovation) capacity building mechanism for LDCs by 2017	124: We look forward to the recommendations of the Secretary-General's High-level Panel on the Technology Bank for Least Developed Countries on the feasibility and organizational and operational functions of a proposed technology bank and science, technology and innovation capacity-building mechanism for least developed countries. We will take into account the High-level Panel's recommendations on the scope, functions, institutional linkages and organizational aspects of the proposed bank, with a view to operationalizing it by 2017, and will seek to promote synergies with the Technology Facilitation Mechanism.

17.8. cont:and enhance the use of enabling technologies in particular ICT	114: We will promote the development and use of information and communications technology (ICT) infrastructure, as well as capacity-building, particularly in least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States, including rapid universal and affordable access to the Internet.
Capacity building	
17.9. enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted capacity building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all sustainable development goals, including through North-South, South-South, and triangular cooperation	115: We call for enhanced international support and establishment of multi stakeholder partnerships for implementing effective and targeted capacity-building in developing countries, including least developed countries, landlocked developing countries, small island developing States, African countries, and countries in conflict and post-conflict situations, to support national plans to implement all the sustainable development goals.
Trade	
<b>17.10.</b> promote a universal, rules-based, open, non-discriminatory and equitable multilateral trading system under the WTO	<b>79:</b> We will continue to promote a universal, rules-based, open, transparent, predictable, inclusive, non-discriminatory and equitable multilateral trading system under the World Trade Organization (WTO).
<b>17.10. cont.:</b> including through the conclusion of negotiations within its Doha Development Agenda	83: As a means of fostering growth in global trade, we call on WTO members to redouble their efforts to promptly conclude the negotiations on the Doha Development Agenda and reiterate that development concerns form an integral part of the Doha Development Agenda, which places the needs and interests of developing countries, including least developed countries, at the heart of the Doha Work Programme.
<b>17.11.</b> increase significantly the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the LDC share of global exports by 2020	<b>82:</b> We will endeavour to significantly increase world trade in a manner consistent with the sustainable development goals, including exports from developing countries, in particular from least developed countries with a view towards doubling their share of global exports by 2020 as stated in the Istanbul Programme of Action.
17.12. realize timely implementation of duty-free, quota-free market access on a lasting basis for all least developed countries consistent with WTO decisions, including through ensuring that preferential rules of origin applicable to imports from LDCs are transparent and simple, and contribute to facilitating market access	<b>85:</b> We call on developed country WTO members and developing country WTO members declaring themselves in a position to do so to realize timely implementation of duty-free and quota-free market access on a lasting basis for all products originating from all least developed countries, consistent with WTO decisions.

Systemic issues	
Policy and institutional coherence	
<b>17.13.</b> enhance global macroeconomic stability including through policy coordination and policy coherence	<b>105:</b> We will continue to strengthen international coordination and policy coherence to enhance global financial and macroeconomic stability.
17.14. enhance policy coherence for sustainable development	<b>9:</b> We commit to pursuing policy coherence and an enabling environment for sustainable development at all levels and by all actors, and to reinvigorating the global partnership for sustainable development;
	<b>103:</b> We recognize the importance of policy coherence for sustainable development and we call upon countries to assess the impact of their policies on sustainable development;
	<b>105:</b> We will continue to strengthen international coordination and policy coherence to enhance global financial and macroeconomic stability.
<b>17.15.</b> respect each country's policy space and leadership to establish and implement policies for poverty eradication and sustainable development	<b>9:</b> We will respect each country's policy space and leadership to implement policies for poverty eradication and sustainable development, while remaining consistent with relevant international rules and commitments.
Multi-stakeholder partnerships	
<b>17.16.</b> enhance the global partnership for sustainable development complemented by multi-stakeholder partnerships that mobilize and share knowledge, expertise, technologies and financial resources to support the achievement of sustainable development goals in all countries, particularly developing countries	<b>9:</b> We commit to reinvigorating the global partnership for sustainable development;
	10: The enhanced and revitalized global partnership for sustainable development, led by Governments, will be a vehicle for strengthening international cooperation for implementation of the post-2015 development agenda. Multi-stakeholder partnerships and the resources, knowledge and ingenuity of the private sector, civil society, the scientific community, academia, philanthropy and foundations, parliaments, local authorities, volunteers and other stakeholders will be important to mobilize and share knowledge, expertise, technology and financial resources, complement the efforts of Governments, and support the achievement of the sustainable development goals, in particular in developing countries.
<b>17.17.</b> encourage and promote effective public, public-private, and civil society partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships	<b>76:</b> We recognize that genuine, effective and durable multistakeholder partnerships can play an important role in advancing sustainable development. We will encourage and promote such partnerships to support country-driven priorities and strategies, building on lessons learned and available expertise;

	<b>46:</b> We encourage the use of innovative mechanisms and partnerships to encourage greater international private financial participation in LDCs, LLDCs, SIDS, many MICs and countries in conflict and post-conflict situations;
	<b>48:</b> We recognize that both public and private investment have key roles to play in infrastructure financing, including through tools and mechanisms such as public-private partnerships;
	117: We will encourage knowledge-sharing and the promotion of cooperation and partnerships between stakeholders, including between Governments, firms, academia and civil society, in sectors contributing to the achievement of the sustainable development goals.
Data, monitoring and accountability  17.18. by 2020, enhance capacity building support to	<b>126:</b> We will seek to increase and use high-quality, timely
developing countries, including for LDCs and SIDS, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts	and reliable data disaggregated by sex, age, geography, income, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, and other characteristics relevant in national contexts. We will enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States, for this purpose and provide international cooperation, including through technical and financial support, to further strengthen the capacity of national statistical authorities and bureaux.
<b>17.19.</b> by 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement GDP,	129: We further call on the United Nations system, in consultation with the international financial institutions, to develop transparent measurements of progress on sustainable development that go beyond per capita income, building on existing initiatives as appropriate. These should recognize poverty in all of its forms and dimensions, and the social, economic and environmental dimensions of domestic output and structural gaps at all levels.
<b>17.19. cont.:</b> and support statistical capacity building in developing countries	126: We will seek to increase and use high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by sex, age, geography, income, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, and other characteristics relevant in national contexts. We will enhance capacity-building support to developing countries for this purpose and provide international cooperation, including through technical and financial support, to further strengthen the capacity of national statistical authorities and bureaux.