People Shaping their Sustainable Futures

Sustainable Agriculture and rural Development Initiative

Sustainable Agriculture and Rural Development Initiative (SARD)

led by Civil Society, supported by Governments & Intergovernmental Organizations, convened by FAO

Introduction

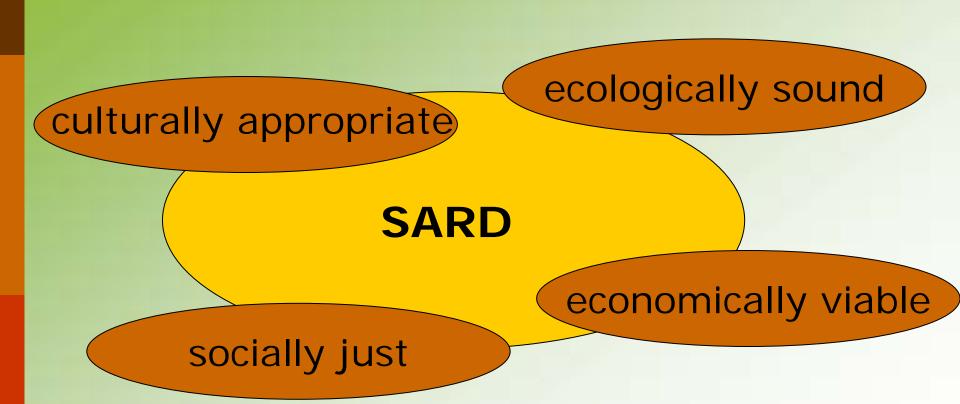
What is SARD?

The SARD Initiative (who, objectives, priorities, history)

What is new?

How the Initiative would work

What is SARD?



Who is involved ?



SARD Initiative-Objective

people centred sustainable agriculture and rural development

to conserve, restore, and improve

- environmental
- economic

social well being

Why do we need an Initiative?

Disadvantaged people often unable to secure or improve livelihood

due to

resource constraints, lack of influence over policies, processes and institutions

SARD Initiative-Priorities

improved access to resources

- fairer conditions of employment in agriculture
 - better sustainable agriculture and rural development practices

SARD Initiative-History?

Themes emerged at CSD-8 Dialogue

SARD-Forum, COAG 16

Multistakeholder process World Food Summit+5

Adelboden 2002

Johannesburg WSSD

CSD 17

What is new?

catalytic support to strengthen capacities

provides a framework for local, regional, national initiatives

SARD Initiative

links resources, expertise, knowledge and technology scales-up successful experiences

> promotes greater use and benefits from existing resources

Documenting successful experiences

- Bolivia
- Honduras
- Guinea
- India
- Kenya
- Peru
- Tanzania
- Vietnam
- Zambia

Documenting successful experiences:

CROP PRODUCTION SYSTEM MANAGEMENT

Conservation Agriculture for smallholder farmers in dryland areas, Laikipia District, Kenya

DISEASES AND PESTS OF ANIMALS AND PLANTS

- Agricultural Workers and Integrated Production and Pest Management, Uganda
- Biocontrol-based IPM for the Diamondback moth (Plutella xylostella), Eastern and Southern Africa
- FISHERIES AND AQUACULTURE MANAGEMENT AND CONSERVATION
- Participatory fisheries Monitoring, Control and Surveillance (MCS) of small scale fishing zone, Guinea
- Efficient post-harvest processing techniques, Africa
- **FOREST MANAGEMENT AND CONSERVATION**
- Forest plantation development system for equitable benefit-sharing, Ghana
- Community based forest management among pastoralist communities, Suledo forest, <u>Tanzania</u>
- Afforestation initiative, Kakamega, Kenya
- LIVESTOCK PRODUCTION SYSTEM MANAGEMENT
- Community-managed pastoralist slaughterhouse Keekonyokie, Kenya

Documenting successful experiences

PROPERTY RIGHTS

- Mapping and documentation exercise on property grabbing among orphans and vulnerable children, Zambia
- Capacity building of local community members in claiming land title deeds, Nyando basin, Kenya
- RURAL LIVELIHOOD AND FOOD SECURITY
- Participatory technology development, Masavengo, Zimbabwe
- Farmer life schools for food security and HIV/AIDS, South Africa
- Reducing human-elephant conflict and ensuring farmers' food security around Kakum Conservation Area, Ghana
- Rural savings and credit scheme, Kiamuhu self help group, Gatundu, Kenya
- Establishment of small and medium forest-based enterprises, The Gambia
- Farmer field school to enhance revenue generation and social cohesion, Democratic Republic of Congo
- Box gardens for vulnerable households, Kitwe, Zambia
- SUSTAINABLE NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT
- Promotion of organic agriculture, Bungoma District, Kenya
- Mixed farming system, Kisii, Kenya

More information at:

Httpp://www.fao.org/sard/en/init/

Thank you very much for your attention!