ECOSOC Resolution 2007/32

Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS)

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling its resolution 2005/47 of 27 July 2005,

Welcoming the report of the Executive Director of the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS),¹ and appreciating the concerted efforts of the secretariat of the Joint Programme and its co-sponsoring agencies in fighting HIV/AIDS,

Recalling the goals and targets set forth in the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS, adopted by the General Assembly at its twenty-sixth special session in 2001,² the 2005 World Summit Outcome³ and the Political Declaration on HIV/AIDS,⁴ adopted on 2 June 2006 by the high-level meeting of the General Assembly on AIDS, as well as the HIV/AIDS-related goals contained in the United Nations Millennium Declaration of 2000,⁵

Recognizing that HIV/AIDS constitutes a global emergency and poses one of the most formidable challenges to the development, progress and stability of societies and the world at large and that it requires an exceptional and comprehensive global response,

Expressing serious concern about the continued global spread of HIV/AIDS, which exacerbates poverty and poses a major public -health challenge and a threat to economic and social development and to food security in heavily affected regions,

Acknowledging the need to close the gap between available resources, both technical and financial, and the resources necessary to combat HIV/AIDS,

Remaining deeply concerned by the overall expansion and feminization of the pandemic and by the fact that women now represent 50 per cent of people living with HIV worldwide and nearly 60 per cent of people living with HIV in Africa, and in this regard recognizing that gender inequalities and all forms of violence against women and girls increase their vulnerability to HIV/AIDS,

Reaffirming the importance of global coordination efforts to scale up sustainable, intensified and comprehensive HIV/AIDS responses in a comprehensive and inclusive partnership with people living with HIV, vulnerable groups, most affected communities, civil society and the private sector, within the framework of the "Three Ones" principle, as affirmed in the Political Declaration,

1. Urges the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS) and the organizations and bodies of the United Nations system to intensify their support to Governments, with a view to achieving the goals

 $^{^{1}}$ E/2007/56.

² General Assembly resolution S-26/2, annex.

³ See General Assembly resolution 60/1.

⁴ General Assembly resolution 60/262, annex.

⁵ See General Assembly resolution 55/2.

contained in the United Nations Millennium Declaration⁶ and the goals and targets contained in the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS,⁷ the 2005 World Summit Outcome⁸ and the Political Declaration on HIV/AIDS;⁹

2. Encourages Governments to provide full support to the reporting process set out in the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS and in the Political Declaration on HIV/AIDS, in particular in the preparation of the report of the Secretary-General to the General Assembly at its sixty-third session on the implementation of commitments made in the above-mentioned instruments, and to participate in its high-level plenary meetings;

3. Commends the Joint Programme for the steps it has taken to support countries in moving towards the goal of universal access to comprehensive prevention programmes, treatment, care and support by 2010 and for the development of its 2007-2010 strategic framework for UNAIDS support to countries' efforts to move towards universal access, endorsed by the Programme Coordinating Board of UNAIDS at its nineteenth meeting, held in Lusaka from 6 to 8 December 2006, as the principal guide to global, regional and country-level planning, budgeting, implementation and monitoring of progress of Joint Programme support to countries' efforts to move towards that goal;

4. *Reaffirms* the key role of the Joint Programme in supporting national processes that include civil society, especially key populations, in a meaningful way and in validating ambitious and comprehensive targets and incorporating them into costed national plans by the end of 2007, as reflected in the recommendations of the Programme Coordinating Board at its twentieth meeting held in Geneva from 25 to 27 June 2007, and encourages all countries that have not yet done so to set national targets towards universal access;

5. *Recalls* the commitments made in the Political Declaration to reduce the global HIV/AIDS resource gaps through greater domestic and international funding in order to enable countries to have access to predictable and sustainable financial resources, and urges all Governments, bilateral and multilateral donors and private donors to fully fund the Joint Programme unified budget and workplan for 2008-2009, in accordance with the principle of burden-sharing;

6. Welcomes the decision taken by the Programme Coordinating Board at its twentieth meeting, building on extensive consultations, to review and strengthen its own procedures and to improve coordination of the global HIV/AIDS response by the Joint Programme;

7. Encourages the fulfilment of the commitment to strengthen the United Nations response to AIDS at the country level, the UNAIDS technical support division of labour and the concept of a joint United Nations team and programme on AIDS, with the aim of harmonizing technical support, strengthening programmatic coherence and improving collective accountability of the United Nations system at the country level, and encourages the Joint Programme to fully participate in the process of the reform of the United Nations in respect of operational activities within the framework of its role as the coordinator for responses to HIV/AIDS;

⁶ Ibid.

⁷ General Assembly resolution S-26/2, annex.

⁸ See General Assembly resolution 60/1.

⁹ General Assembly resolution 60/262, annex.

8. Welcomes the improved collaboration between the Joint Programme and the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria and the decision taken by the Programme Coordinating Board at its twentieth meeting to review the existing memorandum of understanding between the Joint Programme and the Global Fund;

9. *Encourages* intensified advocacy and concrete implementation by the Joint Programme in order to ensure that the underlying obstacles to the goal of universal access are addressed at all levels and that an awareness is developed of the multisectoral, including the socio-economic, dimensions of HIV/AIDS;

10. Acknowledges the need to address the underlying obstacles to achieving the goal of universal access to prevention, treatment, care and support, including the gap in technical and financial resources available, as well as inadequate health infrastructure, so as to ensure an effective and successful response to the HIV/AIDS pandemic;

11. Urges Governments, donors and the Joint Programme to significantly expand efforts to address inequality and inequity between men and women, gender-based violence, including sexual and physical abuse of women, girls and boys, harmful gender-based practices and social and cultural norms, stigma, discrimination, deficiencies in sexual and reproductive health and lack of respect for human rights as major factors that heighten vulnerability to the HIV/AIDS pandemic, including through in creased and better coordinated funding to national programmes and civil society partners;

12. *Requests* the Joint Programme to further develop and finalize its draft guidelines on gender in consultation with Governments, donors, the United Nations system, global HIV initiatives, civil society and all relevant stakeholders, focusing on concrete actions to achieve gender equality and equity in national HIV/AIDS responses;

13. Emphasizes that the prevention of HIV infection must be the mainstay of national, regional and international responses to the pandemic and the importance of prevention for vulnerable groups, such as injecting drug users, in the response to HIV/AIDS, commends the Joint Programme for its role in "uniting for HIV prevention" and supports the drive for more operational and specific targets for prevention at the national level in the move towards universal access, as highlighted by the Executive Director of UNAIDS at the nineteenth meeting of the Programme Coordinating Board;

14. Encourages the efforts towards harmonization, alignment, national leadership and ownership and "making the money work"¹⁰ between and among development partners, as led by the Global Task Team on Improving AIDS Coordination among Multilateral Institutions and International Donors, and supports the continued building on the "Three Ones" principle as the framework for the response to HIV/AIDS at the country level;

15. Urges Governments, donors and other stakeholders, including the Joint Programme, to promote coherence in support to and alignment with national HIV/AIDS response strategies in a transparent, accountable and effective manner within the framework of the "Three Ones" principle;

¹⁰ "Making the money work" means working actively to implement the "Three Ones" principle in all countries.

16. Takes note with appreciation of the decision of the Programme Coordinating Board to carry out an external evaluation of the Joint Programme, and calls for a critical, constructive, inclusive and transparent evaluation;

17. Requests the Secretary-General to transmit to the Economic and Social Council, at its substantive session of 2009, a report prepared by the Executive Director of the Joint Programme, in collaboration with other relevant organizations and bodies of the United Nations system, which should include information on progress made in implementing the coordinated response of the United Nations system to the HIV/AIDS pandemic, the outcome of the aforementioned external evaluation of the Joint Programme and the independent assessment and review of the sustainability of HIV/AIDS financing.

47th plenary meeting 27 July 2007