## **Report of the Committee for Development Policy**

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling its resolution 1998/46 of 31 July 1998, in which it decided that the Economic and Social Council should decide on an appropriate programme of work for the Committee for Development Policy,

Recalling also its resolutions 2000/34 of 28 July 2000 on the report of the Committee on its second session and 2001/43 of 24 October 2001 on the report of the Committee on its third session,

Recalling further General Assembly resolution 46/206 of 20 December 1991 on the report of the Committee and criteria for identifying the least developed countries,

Taking note with appreciation of the presentation by the Chairman and other members of the Bureau of the Committee and of the report of the Committee on its fourth session, <sup>1</sup>

Having considered the memorandum submitted by the Government of Maldives,<sup>2</sup>

- 1. Takes note of the report of the Committee for Development Policy on its fourth session,<sup>3</sup> the views contained therein regarding the criteria for the identification of the least developed countries and the recognition of the importance of ensuring smooth transition for graduating countries;
- 2. Requests the Committee to continue its work on the reexamination of its recommendation to graduate Maldives from the list of least developed countries at its fifth session and to submit its recommendations to the Economic and Social Council at its substantive session of 2003 in the context of the triennial review of the list of least developed countries, taking into account the information referred to above and further information to be provided by relevant development partners and multilateral organizations;
- 3. Urges the international organizations, bilateral donors and graduating or near graduating countries to continue the debate concerning the treatment of graduating countries with a view to ensuring that the graduation of a country from the list of the least developed countries should not result in disruption to its development plans, programmes and projects and the importance of ensuring a smooth transition from least developed country status for countries that become eligible for graduation;
- 4. *Takes note* of the recommendation of the Committee that country vulnerability profiles be prepared for each country close to the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 2002, Supplement No. 13 (E/2002/33).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See E/2000/104.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 2002, Supplement No. 13 (E/2002/33).

graduation thresholds, including Maldives, and that such profiles be completed before the end of 2002, so that they will be available for the preparation of the next triennial review in 2003;

- 5. Reiterates the importance of consulting with relevant Member States in the preparation and use of country vulnerability profiles as well as the continuing need for transparency, objectivity and accuracy in those processes;
- 6. Requests the Committee to continue its work on the methodology to be used for the identification of the least developed countries, where appropriate in association with other international organizations working on environmental and economic vulnerability issues:
- 7. Also requests the Committee, at its fifth session, to examine and make recommendations regarding the theme chosen for the high-level segment of the substantive session of 2003 of the Council;
- 8. *Welcomes* the proposals made by the Committee regarding its future programme of work;
- 9. *Invites* the Chairman and, as necessary, other members of the Committee to continue the practice of reporting orally to the Council on the work of the Committee.

41st plenary meeting 26 July 2002