Government Views and Policies

Population policy variable	1986	1996	2005	2013
Population size and growth				
View on growth	Too high	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactory ^a
Policy on growth	Lower	Lower	Lower	Lower
Population age structure				
Level of concern about working-age population			Major concern	Major concerna
Level of concern about ageing of the population			Minor concern	Major concern
Measures to address population ageing*				Neither
Fertility				
View on fertility level	Too high	Too high	Satisfactory	Satisfactorya
Policy on fertility level	Lower	Lower	Lower	Lower
Level of concern about adolescent fertility		Not a concern	Not a concern	Not a concern
Policies to reduce adolescent fertility		No	No	No
Reproductive health and family planning				
	Direct cupport	Direct cupport	Direct cupport	Direct cupport
Government support for family planning Grounds on which abortion is permitted**	Direct support	Direct support	Direct support	Direct support
Level of concern about violence against women	 	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	1,2,3,4,5,6,7 Major concern ^a
Policies to prevent domestic violence***				wajor concern-
•				2
Health and mortality	Hannantahla	A 4 - b l -	A 4 - b l -	A 4 - 1 - 2
View on life expectancy at birth	Unacceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable	Acceptable ^a
View on under-five mortality			Acceptable	Unacceptable
View on undernutrition in children				Acceptable ^a
View on maternal mortality			Unacceptable	Unacceptable
Level of concern about overweight and obesity				Major concerna
Level of concern about non-communicable diseases				Major concerna
Level of concern about tuberculosis				Major concerna
Level of concern about malaria				Minor concerna
Level of concern about HIV/AIDS		**	Minor concern	Major concern
Measures to address HIV/AIDS****			1,2,3,4,5	1,2,3,5,6
Spatial distribution and internal migration				
View on spatial distribution	Major change desired	Major change desired	Minor change desired	Minor change desired
Policy on migration from rural to urban areas	Lower	Lower	Lower	Lower
Policy on migration into urban agglomerations	Lower	Lower	Lower	Lower ^a
International migration				
View on immigration	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactory ^a
Policy on immigration	Maintain	Maintain	No intervention	No intervention
Policy on permanent settlement			No intervention	No intervention ^a
Policy on temporary workers			No intervention	No intervention ^a
Policy on highly-skilled workers			No intervention	No intervention
Policy on family reunification			No intervention	No intervention ^a
Policy on integration of non-nationals			No	No
Policy on naturalization				Yes
Level of concern about irregular migration				Major concerna
Prgms. to facilitate migrants' return to home countries				Yesa
View on emigration	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactory ^a
Policy on emigration	Maintain	Raise	Raise	Raise
Policy to encourage the return of citizens		No	No	No ^a
Acceptance of dual citizenship				Yes
Special governmental unit dealing with diaspora				Yesa
Measures to attract investment by diaspora*****				1,2,5

⁻⁻ Data not collected; .. Data not available or not separately reported.

^{*} Measures to address population ageing: (1) change in statutory retirement age in the last 5 years; (2) pension system reform in the last 5 years.

^{**} Grounds on which abortion is permitted: (1) to save a woman's life; (2) to preserve a woman's physical health; (3) to preserve a woman's mental health; (4) in case of rape or incest; (5) because of foetal impairment; (6) for economic or social reasons; (7) on request.

 $^{^{\}star\star\star}$ Policies to prevent domestic violence: (1) legal provision; (2) policy.

^{****} Measures to address HIV/AIDS: (1) blood screening; (2) information/education campaigns; (3) antiretroviral treatment; (4) non-discrimination policies (legal measures); (5) distribution of condoms; (6) prevention of mother-to-child transmission (PMTCT).

^{*****} Measures to attract investment by diaspora: (1) tax exceptions or breaks; (2) reduction of tariffs on goods or import duties for diaspora companies; (3) preferential treatment in providing credit; (4) preferential treatment in allotment of licenses; (5) streamlined bureaucratic procedures for investment; (6) diaspora bond/mutual fund.

^a Not collected for the 2013 revision. Code refers to 2011.