Government Views and Policies

Population policy variable	1986	1996	2005	2013
Population size and growth				
View on growth	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactory ^a
Policy on growth	No intervention	No intervention	No intervention	No intervention
Population age structure				
Level of concern about working-age population			Minor concern	Minor concerna
Level of concern about ageing of the population			Major concern	Major concern
Measures to address population ageing*			, 	Neither
Fertility				
View on fertility level	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactorya
Policy on fertility level	No intervention	No intervention	No intervention	No intervention
Level of concern about adolescent fertility		Major concern	Major concern	Maior concern
Policies to reduce adolescent fertility		Yes	Yes	Yes
·		103	103	103
Reproductive health and family planning	5' '	5:	D i	5:
Government support for family planning	Direct support	Direct support	Direct support	Direct support
Grounds on which abortion is permitted**		1,4	1,4	1,4
Level of concern about violence against women				Major concerna
Policies to prevent domestic violence***				1,2
Health and mortality				
View on life expectancy at birth	Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Unacceptable ^a
View on under-five mortality		Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Unacceptable
View on undernutrition in children				Unacceptable ^a
View on maternal mortality			Unacceptable	Unacceptable
Level of concern about overweight and obesity				Major concerna
Level of concern about non-communicable diseases				Major concern ^a
Level of concern about tuberculosis				Major concerna
Level of concern about malaria				Major concerna
Level of concern about HIV/AIDS		Major concern	Major concern	Major concern
Measures to address HIV/AIDS****			2,3,4,5	1,2,3,4,5,6
Spatial distribution and internal migration				
View on spatial distribution	Minor change desired	Minor change desired	Major change desired	Major change desired
Policy on migration from rural to urban areas	••	Raise	Lower	Lower
Policy on migration into urban agglomerations		Lower	Lower	Lowera
International migration				
View on immigration	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactory ^a
Policy on immigration	Maintain	Maintain	Maintain	Maintain
Policy on permanent settlement		Maintain	Maintain	Maintain ^a
Policy on temporary workers		Maintain	Maintain	Raisea
Policy on highly-skilled workers			Maintain	Raise
Policy on family reunification		Maintain	Maintain	Maintain ^a
Policy on integration of non-nationals		No	Yes	Yes
Policy on naturalization				Restricted
Level of concern about irregular migration				Major concerna
Prgms. to facilitate migrants' return to home countries				"a
View on emigration	Satisfactory	Too high	Satisfactory	Satisfactory ^a
Policy on emigration	Maintain	No intervention	No intervention	No intervention
Policy to encourage the return of citizens		No	No	No ^a
Acceptance of dual citizenship				Yes
Special governmental unit dealing with diaspora				Yesa
Measures to attract investment by diaspora*****				None of these

⁻⁻ Data not collected; .. Data not available or not separately reported.

^{*} Measures to address population ageing: (1) change in statutory retirement age in the last 5 years; (2) pension system reform in the last 5 years.

^{**} Grounds on which abortion is permitted: (1) to save a woman's life; (2) to preserve a woman's physical health; (3) to preserve a woman's mental health; (4) in case of rape or incest; (5) because of foetal impairment; (6) for economic or social reasons; (7) on request.

^{***} Policies to prevent domestic violence: (1) legal provision; (2) policy.

^{****} Measures to address HIV/AIDS: (1) blood screening; (2) information/education campaigns; (3) antiretroviral treatment; (4) non-discrimination policies (legal measures); (5) distribution of condoms; (6) prevention of mother-to-child transmission (PMTCT).

^{*****} Measures to attract investment by diaspora: (1) tax exceptions or breaks; (2) reduction of tariffs on goods or import duties for diaspora companies; (3) preferential treatment in providing credit; (4) preferential treatment in allotment of licenses; (5) streamlined bureaucratic procedures for investment; (6) diaspora bond/mutual fund.

^a Not collected for the 2013 revision. Code refers to 2011.