Government Views and Policies

Population policy variable	1986	1996	2005	2013
Population size and growth				
View on growth	Too high	Too high	Too high	Too high ^a
Policy on growth	Lower	Lower	Lower	Lower
Population age structure				
Level of concern about working-age population			Major concern	Major concerna
Level of concern about ageing of the population			Major concern	Major concern
Measures to address population ageing*			·	Neither
Fertility				
View on fertility level	Too high	Too high	Too high	Too high ^a
Policy on fertility level	Lower	Lower	Lower	Lower
Level of concern about adolescent fertility		Minor concern	Major concern	Major concern
Policies to reduce adolescent fertility		Yes	Yes	Yes
,				
Reproductive health and family planning	Direct cumpert	Direct cumpert	Direct cumpert	Direct cumpert
Government support for family planning Grounds on which abortion is permitted**	Direct support	Direct support 1	Direct support 1	Direct support 1
Level of concern about violence against women	 			Major concern ^a
Policies to prevent domestic violence***		 		1,2
·			-	1,2
Health and mortality	Hannantahla	Hannantabla	Hannatakla	11
View on life expectancy at birth	Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Unacceptablea
View on under-five mortality		Unacceptable	Unacceptable	Unacceptable
View on undernutrition in children				Unacceptablea
View on maternal mortality			Unacceptable	Unacceptable
Level of concern about overweight and obesity				Minor concerna
Level of concern about non-communicable diseases				Major concerna
Level of concern about tuberculosis				Major concerna
Level of concern about malaria				Major concerna
Level of concern about HIV/AIDS		Minor concern	Major concern	Major concern
Measures to address HIV/AIDS****			1,2,5	1,2,3,5,6
Spatial distribution and internal migration				
View on spatial distribution	Minor change desired	Major change desired	Satisfactory	Major change desired
Policy on migration from rural to urban areas	No intervention	No intervention	Lower	Lower
Policy on migration into urban agglomerations	No intervention	No intervention	Lower	Lower ^a
International migration				
View on immigration	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Satisfactory ^a
Policy on immigration	Maintain	Lower	Lower	Maintain
Policy on permanent settlement		No intervention	No intervention	No intervention ^a
Policy on temporary workers		No intervention	Maintain	Maintain ^a
Policy on highly-skilled workers				
Policy on family reunification		No intervention	Maintain	Maintain ^a
Policy on integration of non-nationals		No	No	No
Policy on naturalization				Yes
Level of concern about irregular migration				a
Prgms. to facilitate migrants' return to home countries				a
View on emigration	Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Too low	Too low ^a
Policy on emigration	Maintain	No intervention	Raise	Raise
Policy to encourage the return of citizens		No	No	No ^a
Acceptance of dual citizenship				Yes
Special governmental unit dealing with diaspora				Yesa
Measures to attract investment by diaspora*****				None of these

⁻⁻ Data not collected; .. Data not available or not separately reported.

^{*} Measures to address population ageing: (1) change in statutory retirement age in the last 5 years; (2) pension system reform in the last 5 years.

^{**} Grounds on which abortion is permitted: (1) to save a woman's life; (2) to preserve a woman's physical health; (3) to preserve a woman's mental health; (4) in case of rape or incest; (5) because of foetal impairment; (6) for economic or social reasons; (7) on request.

 $^{^{\}star\star\star}$ Policies to prevent domestic violence: (1) legal provision; (2) policy.

^{****} Measures to address HIV/AIDS: (1) blood screening; (2) information/education campaigns; (3) antiretroviral treatment; (4) non-discrimination policies (legal measures); (5) distribution of condoms; (6) prevention of mother-to-child transmission (PMTCT).

^{*****} Measures to attract investment by diaspora: (1) tax exceptions or breaks; (2) reduction of tariffs on goods or import duties for diaspora companies; (3) preferential treatment in providing credit; (4) preferential treatment in allotment of licenses; (5) streamlined bureaucratic procedures for investment; (6) diaspora bond/mutual fund.

^a Not collected for the 2013 revision. Code refers to 2011.