# Migration Data through Labour Force Surveys

the Philippine and Thailand experiences

**Geoffrey Ducanes** 

**Technical Officer** 

ILO Asian Programme on the Governance of Labour Migration



# **Different Perspectives**

- I. Philippines mainly sending country
  - Get picture of people who left
- II. Thailand mainly receiving country
  - Get picture of people who entered
  - But also with questions on remittances to Thai households from Thai overseas migrants



# Philippines

- Migration module first added in 1982
- Since then, either
  - separate migration module, or
  - column indicator for migrants in LFS,
  - or both (since 1991)
- Module a rider in October round of LFS
- But even in other rounds (Jan, Apr, Jul), migrant indicator column included



# Survey on Overseas Filipinos

2 Objectives

### Estimates of

- 1. # of overseas Filipinos and their socioeconomic characteristics
- 2. Remittances in cash and in-kind and mode of remittance



# Who are OFWs?

- Left within last 5 years, and
- Have temporary contract to work overseas but (including those in Philippines for vacation), or
- With valid working visa or work permit, or
- With other types of visa, but presently employed or working full time.



# Not OFWs

- Work in embassies, missions, consulates abroad
- Abroad for training
- Working as advisers/consultants in international organizations, such as UN
- Permanent immigrants



# 25 Questions in Migration Module

### On

- Personal characteristics of migrants (age, sex, education, occupation prior to departure)
- Country of destination and length of time abroad
- Kind of work abroad
- Remittance amount in cash and in kind and channel used



SOF FORM 1

Republic of the Philippines National Statistics Office Manila

### **SURVEY ON OVERSEAS FILIPINOS**

#### October 2006

Q1	What is the name of the family member who is/was abroad? (Take note that the reference period is from						
	October 2001 to September 2006)						
				Line No. in ISH Form 2			
Q2	What is's relationship to the head of this household?						
	01 Head 04 Brot	ther/Sister 06	Grandson/	08 Other Relative			
	02 Spouse 05 Son-	-in-law/	Granddaughter	09 Non-Relative			
	03 Son/Daughter Daug	ghter-in-law 07	Father/Mother				
Q3	Is male or female?						
	1 Male		2 Female				
Q4	How old ison his/her last birthd	lay?					
Q5	How many times did leave for abroad during the last five years (Oct. 2001 to Sept. 2006)?						
Q6	Now, I would like to ask some information about the time of his/her (last) departure.						
	When did last leave?			Month			
	Month		Year Year Year		in the second sec		
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Q7	What is's marital status as of his/her (last) departure?					
	1 Single 3 Widowed 5 Unknown					
	2 Married 4 Separated/Divorced					
Q8	What is the highest grade completed by at the time of his/her (last) departure?					
	00 No Grade Completed 03 High School Undergraduate For College Graduate					
	01 Elementary Undergraduate 04 High School Graduate or Higher, specify					
	02 Elementary Graduate 05 College Undergraduate					
Q9	What was's usual occupation in the Philippines before he/she (last) left?					
Q10	What was's reason for leaving the country (last time)?					
	1 Contract Worker 5 Student					
	2 Work with Phil. Embassy/Consulate Abroad 6 Immigrant					
	3 Worker other than Contractual 7 Official Mission					
	4 Tourist 8 Others (specify)					
Q11	In what country did stay / intend to stay when he/she (last) left?					
012						
Q12	For how many months did stay / intend to stay abroad (last time)?					
	No. of Months Not Expected to Return 88					



Q13	Did work or had a job/business at anytime during his last stay abroad?					
	1 YES 2 NO, (SKIP TO Q16)					
Q14	What kind of work did do abroad?					
Q15	How many months has worked/been working abroad during the last 5 years (Oct. 2001 to Sept. 2006)?					
	No. of Months					
Q16	Hasreturned home since his/her (last) departure?					
	1 YES 2 NO, (SKIP TO Q18)					
Q17	When did return home?					
	Month Year Month					
	(SKIP TO Q19) Year					
Q18	When is expected to return home?					
	Month Month					
	Year Year Year Year Year Year Year Year					
Q19	Not Expected to Return					
215	money/checks sent either thru local or foreign source or both. Did the family receive any cash remittance from					
	during the period April to September 2006?					



Q20	How much cash remittance was received by the family during the month of (ENTER AMOUNT AND CURRENCY)					
	APRIL MAY JUNE					
	JULY AUG. SEPT. Image: Constraint of the second of the					
Q21	How do you usually receive the remittance during the period April to September 2006?					
	1 Bank 3 Friends/Co-worker 5 Others (specify)					
	2 Agency/Local Office 4 Door-to-door					
Q22	CHECK Q17 AND Q18:					
	Did the person return during the period April to September 2006?					
	1 YES 2 NO, (SKIP TO Q24)					
Q23	How much cash did he/she bring home during the period April to September 2006? (ENTER AMOUNT AND CURRENCY)					
Q24	Did the family receive goods/products (e.g. Appliances, jewelry, etc. ) from during the period April to					
	September 2006?					
	1 YES 2 NO, (END INTERVIEW)					
Q25	What is the total imputed value of these goods/products? (ENTER AMOUNT IN PESOS)					
	A. Appliances E. Cigarettes					
	B. Jewelry F. Personal Care					
	C. Chocolates and & Effects					
	Canned Goods G. Clothing and					
	D. Alcoholic Beverages Other Wear					
	H. Others					
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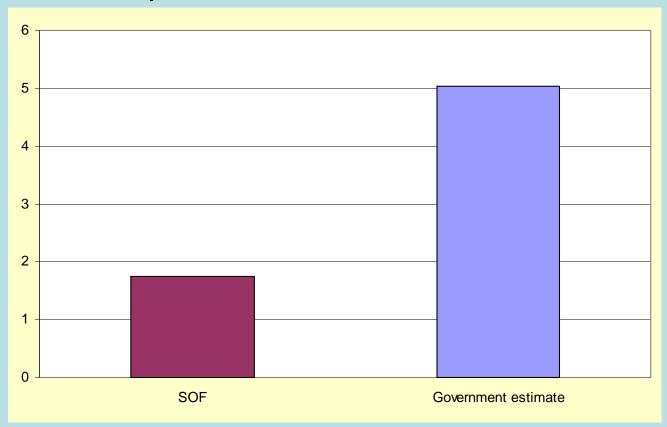
# Use of SOF Results

 Results on remittances in kind and remittances through informal channels used by Central Bank to adjust official estimates of remittances for Balance of Payments report



### Reliability Issues: Underestimates # of Overseas Filipinos

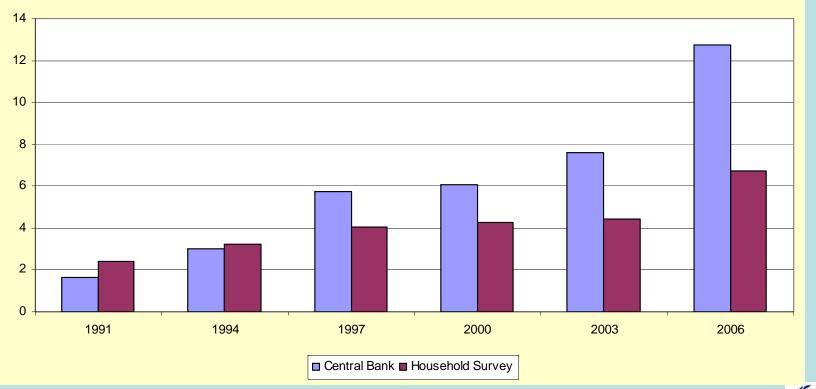
Estimate of Temporary Workers Overseas (Mn) in 2007 : HH Survey vs. Government Estimate





### Reliability Issues: Underestimates volume of remittances

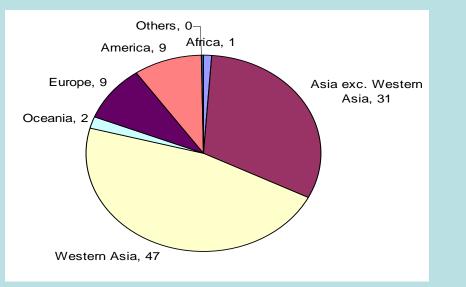
Remittances to Philippines (\$Bn): Central Bank vs HH Survey



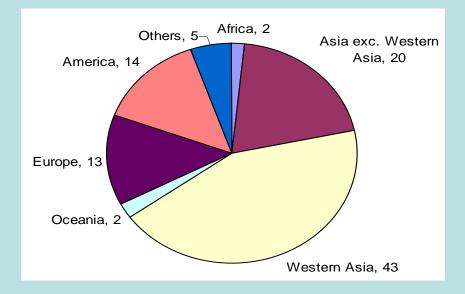


# Reliability Issues: Estimates of share by destination is off but relative order is ok

#### Survey of Overseas Filipinos



#### **Government Estimates**





 Another issue is comparability across years – changing sampling frames because sampling frames based on Census



# Advantage of LFS-based Migration Statistics

- Link migration with other LFS-based data
  - Income and expenditures of family
  - Enrolment of children
  - Employment decisions of other HH members



# Impact of Overseas Workers: Inequality

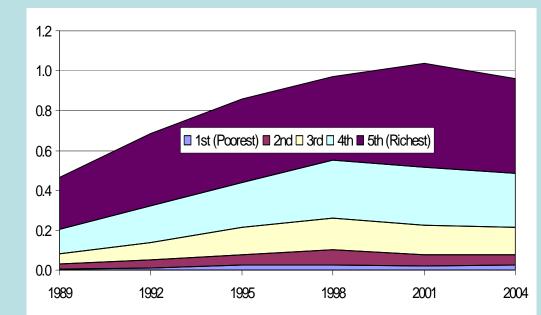
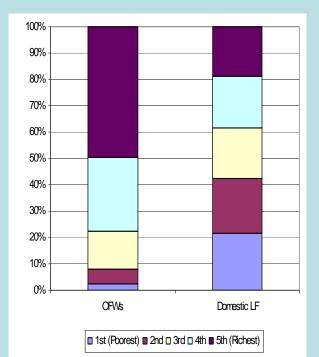


Figure 3.4. OFWs by per capita income of family, 1988-2004

Source: LFS and FIES various years.

#### OFWs vs. Domestic Labour Force, 2004





# Impact of Overseas Workers: Poverty

Table 4.2. Household Poverty Incidence by Presence of OFW								
	Income-based		Expenditure-based					
OFW Presence	1997	1998	1997	1998	# of HHs			
No OFW								
No OFW in 1997 and 1998	32.1	32.1	32.0	32.2	12,983,801			
Long-term OFW								
With OFW in 1997 and 1998	5.2	5.3	6.0	5.0	610,546			
Short-term OFW	10.2	9.3	10.1	8.1	598,115			
W/ OFW in 1997, W/out in 1998	10.1	11.9	9.7	11.7	255,480			
W/out OFW in 1997, W/ OFW in 1998	10.4	7.3	10.4	5.4	342,635			
Total	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	14,192,463			

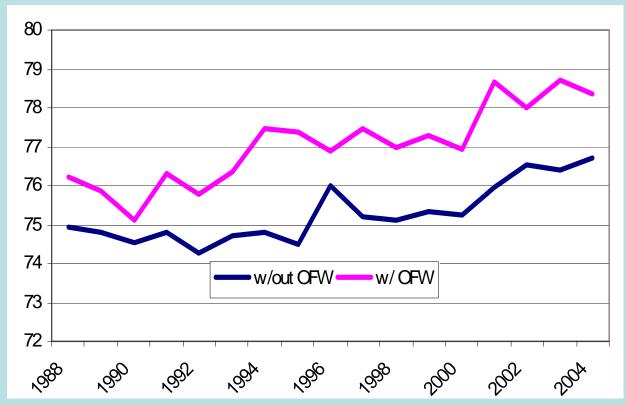
\*Based on FIES 1997 and APIS 1998, which contain a panel of 27,321 Philippine households from July 1997 to October 1998.

\*\*Poverty incidence is defined in the relative sense of belonging to the poorest 30% in per capita terms.



# Impact of Overseas Workers: Household Employment Decisions

Figure 4.2. LFPR by presence of OFW in Household, inc. OFW and exc. Students



Source: LFS 1988-2004; Annex Table 2



# Thailand

 ILO (led by Jason Schachter) and NSO of Thailand piloted Migration Module in LFS in 4<sup>th</sup> quarter of 2006



# 22 Questions

For migrants to Thailand,

- Previous residence and citizenship, and date of arrival to Thailand
- Education and employment prior to arrival
- Reason for going to Thailand

### For Thais working overseas,

• Amount of remittances received by HHs, channel, and what they are used for

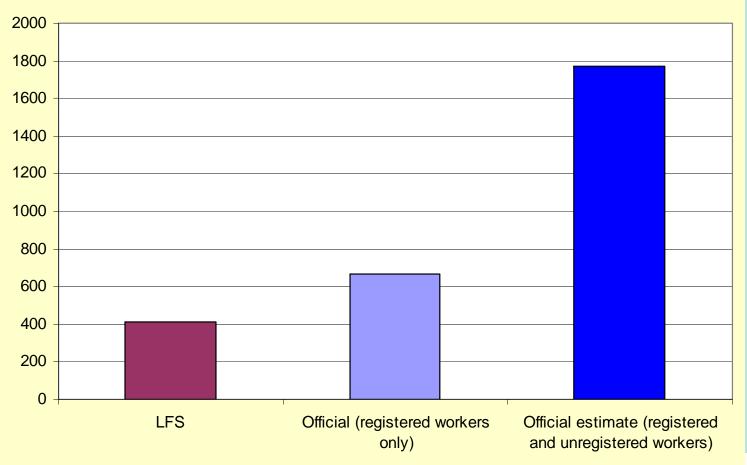


## Problems encountered

- Difficult to get data for irregular migrants. They, their employers, or those who give them shelter hide them. And when found, give vague answers.
- Communication problems. Most migrants were from Myanmar, Laos, and Cambodia but no questionnaires in those languages.

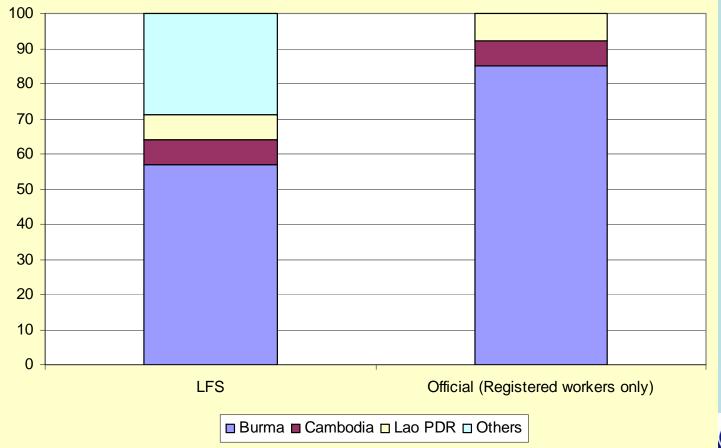


# Estimate of Migrants in Thailand, 2006





# Distribution of Migrants in Thailand by Source Country, 2006





# Suggestions by NSO for improvement

- Increase translated versions of questionnaire to include languages that migrants speak
- Hire local translators in areas where communication is really difficult
- Find way to have establishments or households with migrants (especially irregular) cooperate on survey



# In sum,

- Origin and Destination countries face very different operational issues in incorporating migration module in LFS
- LFS-based based migration data very useful as they can be linked with other LFS-based statistics
- In receiving country with diverse migrants and large number of irregular migrants, the additional costs of adding module maybe very high

